



# USER'S MANUAL



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## SINGLE-PHASE HYBRID STORAGE INVERTERS

1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP

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**ZUCCHETTI**  
Centro Sistemi



# Hybrid Inverter

## 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP

# User Manual



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### **General instructions**

This manual contains important safety precautions that must be followed and observed during the installation and maintenance of the equipment.

### **Keep these instructions!**

This manual must be considered an integral part of the equipment, and must be available at all times to everyone who interacts with the equipment. The manual must always accompany the equipment, even when it is transferred to another user or plant.

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### **Technical support**

ZCS offers a technical support and advice service that can be accessed by making a request directly from the website [www.zcsazzurro.com](http://www.zcsazzurro.com)

The following toll-free number is available for Italy: 800 72 74 64.

## **Preface**

### **General information**

Please read this manual carefully before proceeding with installation, operation or maintenance. This manual contains important safety precautions that must be followed and observed during the installation and maintenance of the equipment.

### **Scope**

This manual describes the assembly, installation, electrical connections, commissioning, maintenance and troubleshooting of the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP hybrid inverter.

Keep this manual so that it is accessible at all times.

### **Recipients**

This manual is intended for qualified technical personnel (installers, technicians, electricians, technical support personnel or anyone who is qualified and certified to operate a photovoltaic system), who are responsible for installing and starting up the inverter in the photovoltaic system and storage system, and also for operators of this system and storage systems.

## 1. Introduction

The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP hybrid inverter is used in photovoltaic systems with battery storage. The system can be combined with AZZURRO, WECO and PYLONTECH batteries supplied in kit form by ZCS Azzurro. The energy produced by the photovoltaic system will be optimised for maximum self-consumption.

The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter can operate in automatic mode and in charge mode for the time of use and charge/discharge. In automatic mode, when the energy produced by the PV field is greater than that required by the utilities, the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter charges the battery using the excess PV energy, and when it is lower than required, the inverter uses the energy stored in the battery to supply power to the local load.

In the event of no power supply (or with the inverter in OFF-Grid mode), the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter can operate in Emergency Power Supply (EPS) mode. The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter will use both the energy produced by the photovoltaic panels and the energy stored in the battery to supply energy to the critical load.

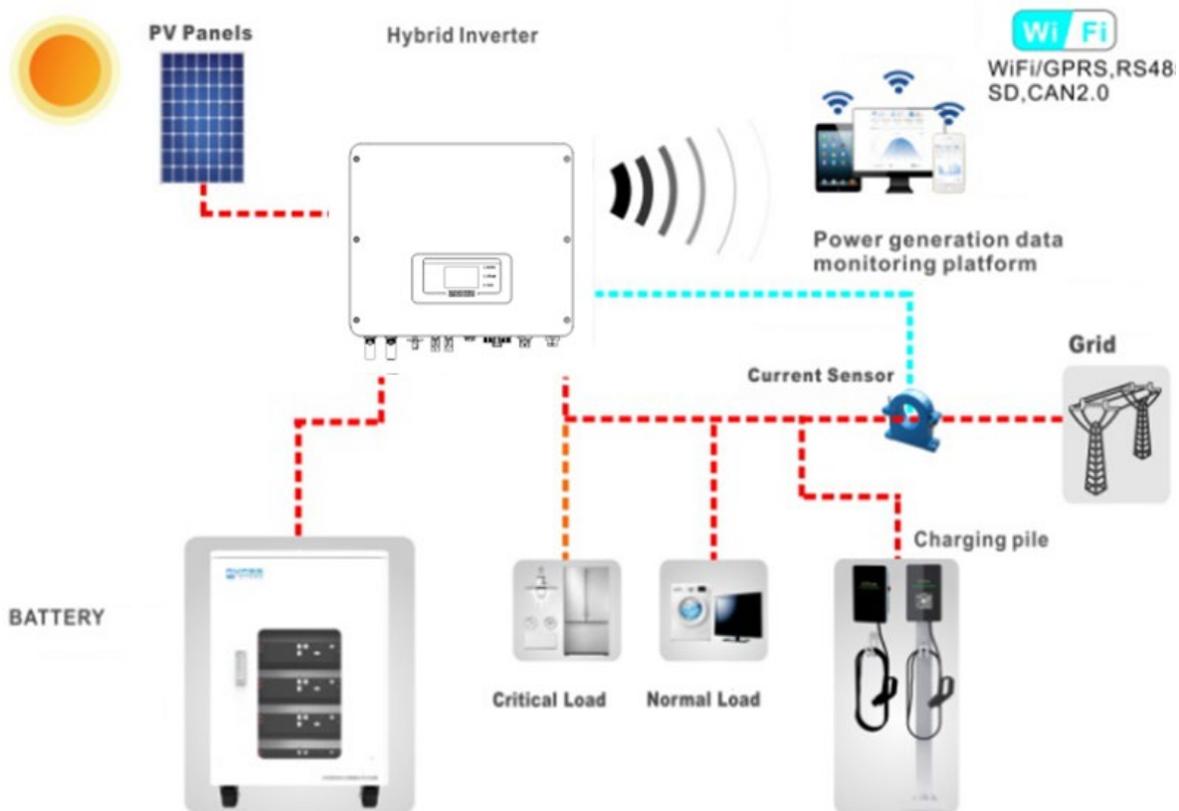


Figure 1 - Diagram of a system on which a 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP hybrid inverter is installed

## 2. Preliminary safety instructions

Before installation, please read this manual carefully and make sure you fully understand its contents. The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter fully complies with the safety, design and testing regulations provided for by the national regulations.

During installation, operation and maintenance, operators must strictly comply with the local safety regulations.

Improper use may result in electric shock and injury, as well as damage to the equipment and its parts.

Contact Zucchetti Centro Sistemi S.p.A. for any doubts or problems. **DO NOT** carry out repairs yourself, as this could cause injury or damage.

Make sure that the operator has the necessary skills and training to use the equipment. Personnel in charge of the operation and maintenance of the equipment must be qualified and capable of performing the tasks described, and must have adequate knowledge of how to correctly interpret the contents of this manual. For safety reasons, the inverter may only be installed by a qualified electrician who has the necessary training and/or skills and knowledge. Zucchetti Centro Sistemi S.p.A. accepts no liability for material damage or injury caused by improper use of the device.

Install and start the inverter according to the following instructions. Place the inverter on suitable load-bearing supports with sufficient load capacity (such as walls or racks) and ensure that the inverter is positioned vertically. Choose a suitable location for installation of the electrical equipment. Make sure that there is enough space for heat dissipation and future maintenance. Maintain adequate ventilation and ensure that there is enough air circulation for cooling.

In case of problems with the packaging that could damage the inverter or if visible defects are found, please notify the transport company immediately. If necessary, request the assistance of a PV installer or Zucchetti Centro Spas SpA. The equipment must be transported by means of vehicles suitable to protect the components (especially the electronic components) against violent knocks, humidity, vibrations, etc.

### 2.1. Safety Notes

- The electrical installation and maintenance of the system must be carried out by qualified and certified electricians in accordance with the national regulations.
- The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter may only be installed by qualified personnel and anyone holding the appropriate certification, as required by local authorities.
- **DO NOT** place explosive or flammable materials (e.g. gasoline, kerosene, oil, wood, cotton or similar) near the batteries or the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter.
- Before maintenance, disconnect the AC connection, then the batteries and the photovoltaic system (PV1 and PV2), wait at least 5 minutes (capacitor discharge time) to avoid electric shock.
- The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter must be completely disconnected (BAT, PV and AC) during maintenance.

- The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter can reach high temperatures and contains moving parts during operation. Switch off the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter and wait for it to cool down before performing any maintenance.
- Keep children away from the batteries and from the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter.
- Do not open the front cover of the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter. Opening the front cover invalidates the product warranty.
- Damage caused by improper installation/operation is NOT covered by the product warranty.

## 2.2. Assembly and maintenance diagram

- The batteries must be protected against short circuits during transport and installation.
- The inverter 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter and batteries must be placed in well-ventilated areas. Do not position the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter or batteries in a cabinet or in an airtight or poorly ventilated location. This could be extremely hazardous to the performance and life of the system.
- Keep the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter and batteries away from direct sunlight. Do not bring the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter and batteries near ovens, flames or other heat sources as the battery may catch fire and cause an explosion.
- Use a multimeter to check the battery polarity and voltage before switching on the unit. Make sure that the connections are made according to the instructions in this manual.
- Use the multimeter to check the PV voltage and polarity before closing the PV switch. Make sure that the connections are made according to the instructions in this manual.
- If you would like to preserve the batteries without using them, disconnect them from the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter and store them in a cool, dry and well-ventilated area.
- Battery maintenance personnel must have the necessary training and knowledge to perform this task.
- The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter does not have an isolation transformer, therefore, the positive and negative polarities of the PV string do NOT have to be grounded, otherwise the inverter may be damaged. All metal parts not under load (e.g. the PV module frame, PV rack, connection box housing and inverter housing) in the PV power supply system must be grounded.
- Attention: Do not dismantle or break the battery. Electrolytes in the battery can be toxic and cause skin or eye injuries.
- Attention: follow these rules when installing and maintaining the battery.
  - a) Remove watches, rings and other metal objects.
  - b) Only use tools with insulated handles.
  - c) Wear rubber gloves and shoes.
  - d) Do not place tools or metal objects on top of the battery.
  - e) Switch off the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter and batteries before connecting/disconnecting the battery terminals
  - f) Both positive and negative polarities must be isolated from the ground.

### 2.3. Symbols on the inverter

Some safety symbols are present on the inverter. Before installing the inverter, it is important to read and understand the contents of the symbols.

	<p>This symbol indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in injury.</p>
	<p>Risk of electric shock; wait at least 5 minutes before switching off the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter.</p>
	<p>Beware of high voltage and electric shock.</p>
	<p>Beware of hot surfaces.</p>
	<p>Compliance with European Conformity Certification (CE).</p>
	<p>Ground terminal.</p>
	<p>Read this manual before installing the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter.</p>
	<p>Indicates the degree of protection of the equipment according to IEC 70-1 (EN 60529 June 1997).</p>



	Positive polarity and negative polarity of the DC voltage (Photovoltaic and Battery).
	This side up. The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter must always be transported, handled and stored in such a way that the arrows are always pointing upwards.



### 3. Installation

#### 3.1. Product overview

The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter is subjected to strict controls and inspection before packaging and delivery. Do not turn the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter upside down during delivery.

	Carefully check the packaging and accessories before installation.
<b>Caution</b>	

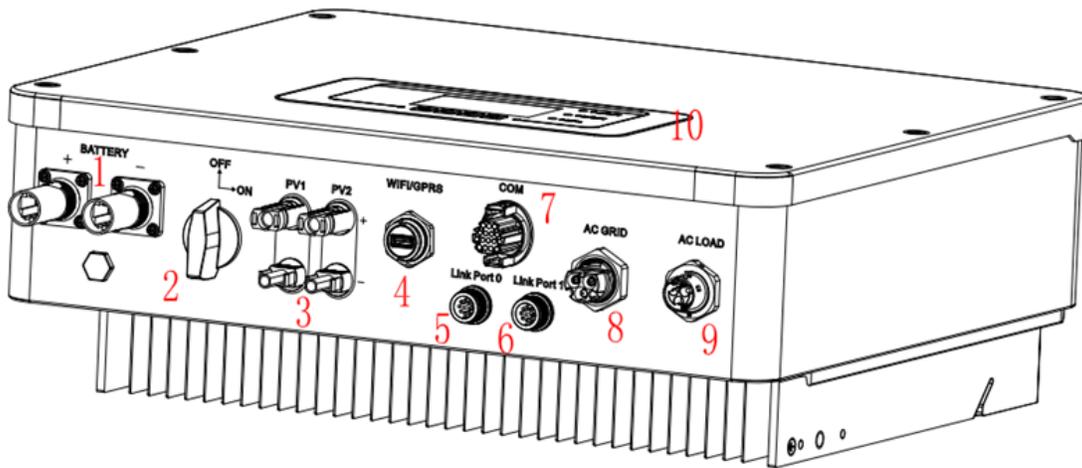


Figure 2 - Diagram of a system on which an 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP hybrid inverter is installed

1	Battery input terminals	6	Connection port 1
2	DC switch	7	COM
3	PV input terminals	8	Grid connection port
4	Wi-Fi/GPRS/Ethernet USB adapter	9	Critical load connection port
5	Connection port 0	10	LCD

### 3.2. Package contents

Carefully inspect the packaging and accessories before installation. The package must contain the following accessories:

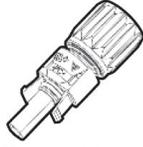
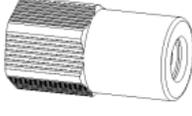
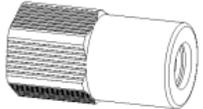
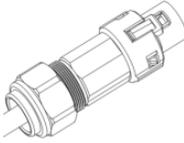
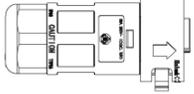
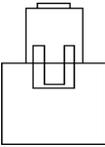
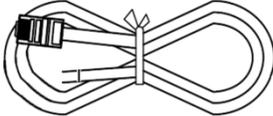
 1 x Inverter	 1 x rear panel	 2 x PV+ input terminals	 2 x PV- input terminals
 2 x metal terminals fixed to PV+ input power cables	 2 x metal terminals fixed to PV- input power cables	 1 x BAT+ input terminal	 1 x BAT- input terminal
 3 x M6 hexagonal screws	 4 x M8x80 expansion bolts use to fix the mounting bracket to the wall	 1 x AC grid connector (grid)	 1 x critical load output connector (load)
 1 x connector for the connection port (parallel system)	 1 x 8-pin terminal Corresponding terminating resistor (parallel system)	 1 x current transformer	 1 x 16-pin connector
 2 x communication cables	 1 x user manual	 1 x warranty	 1 x quality certificate

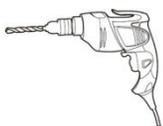
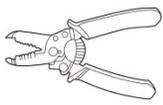
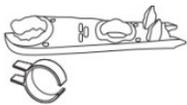
Table 1 – Components and accessories inside the package

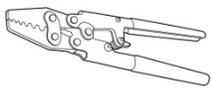
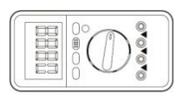
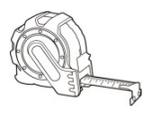
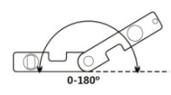
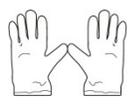
### 3.3. Installation area

- Choose a dry, clean and tidy place suitable for installation.
- Ambient temperature range: -25 ~ 60 °C.
- Relative humidity: 0 ~ 100% (without condensation).
- Install the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter in a well-ventilated area.
- Do not place flammable or explosive materials near the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter.
- The AC overvoltage of the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter belongs to Category III.
- Maximum altitude: 4000 m.

### 3.4. Installation tools

Prepare the following tools before installation:

Number	Tool	Model	Function
1		Percussion drill Recommended diameter: 10 mm	For drilling holes in the wall
2		Screwdriver	For wiring
3		Cross screwdriver	For removing and installing the AC terminal screws
4		Cable stripper	For stripping wires
5		Removal tool	For removing the PV terminal

6		4 mm Allen key	For tightening the screws to connect the rear panel to the inverter
7		Crimping tools	For crimping the power cables
8		Multi-meter	For checking the ground connection
9		Marker	For marking
10		Tape measure	For measuring distances
11		Spirit level	For making sure that the rear panel is installed correctly
12		ESD gloves	Must be worn by operators
13		Safety goggles	Must be worn by operators
14		Dust mask	Must be worn by operators

### 3.5. Wall installation position

The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter must be mounted vertically (to ensure rapid heat dissipation). Install the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter in a location protected from direct sunlight and possible snow accumulation. Ensure that the installation position is well ventilated.

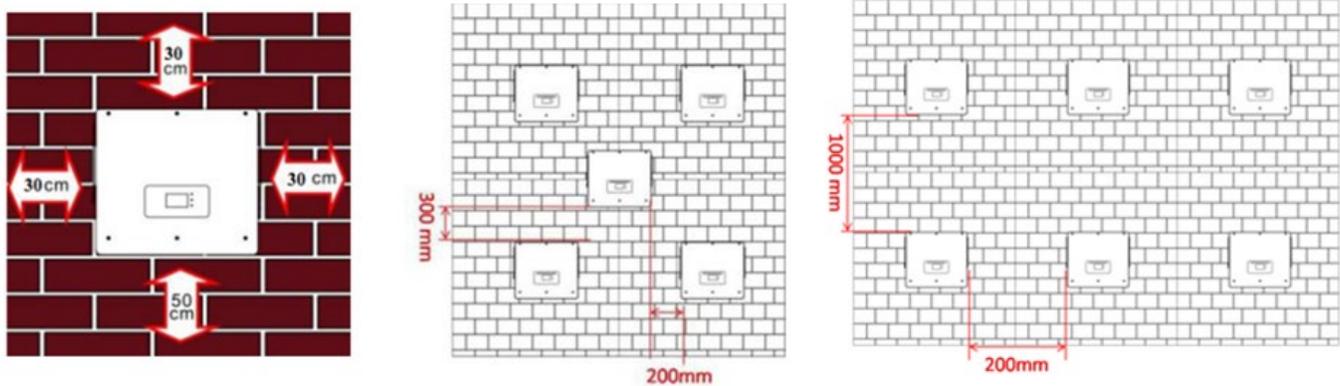
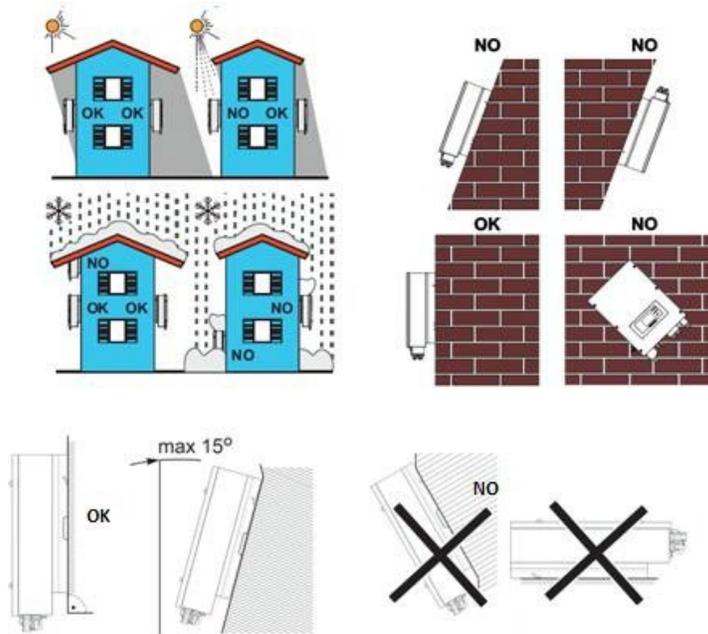


Figure 3 – Installation position of the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter

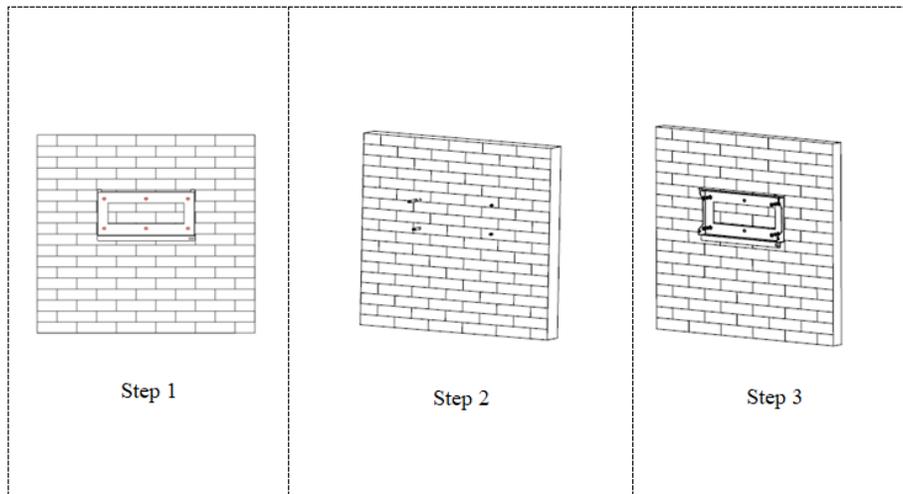


### 3.6. Installation instructions

**Step 1:** Position the mounting bracket on the wall, mark the fixing points using the marker. Drill holes (10 mm drill bit) in the wall.

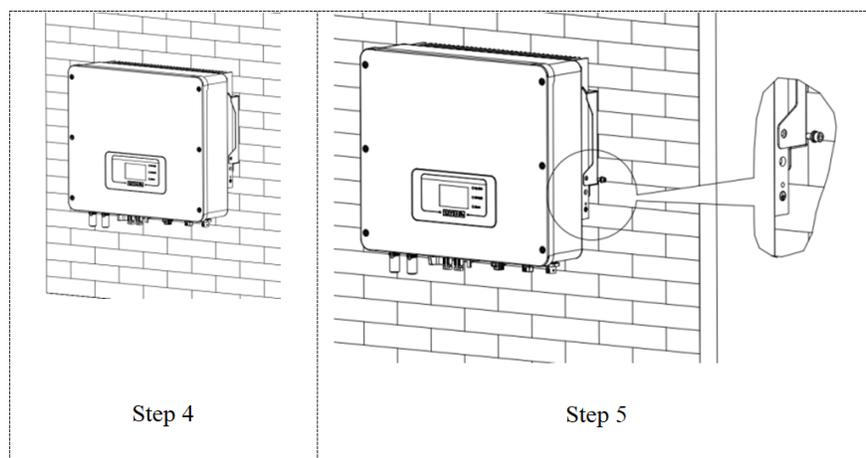
**Step 2:** Insert the expansion bolts vertically into the hole, ensure that the insertion depth is neither too shallow nor too deep.

**Step 3:** Fix the mounting bracket to the wall using dowels and flat washers.



**Step 4:** Position the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter on the mounting bracket.

**Step 5:** Use the grounding hole of the heat sink to ground the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter.



**Note:** For safety reasons, Zucchetti Centro Sistemi Spa and/or its partners may not perform any technical repairs or maintenance or move the inverter or battery pack if they are installed at a height of more than 180 cm above

the ground.

Inverters and/or battery packs installed at greater heights must be moved to the ground before they can be repaired or serviced.

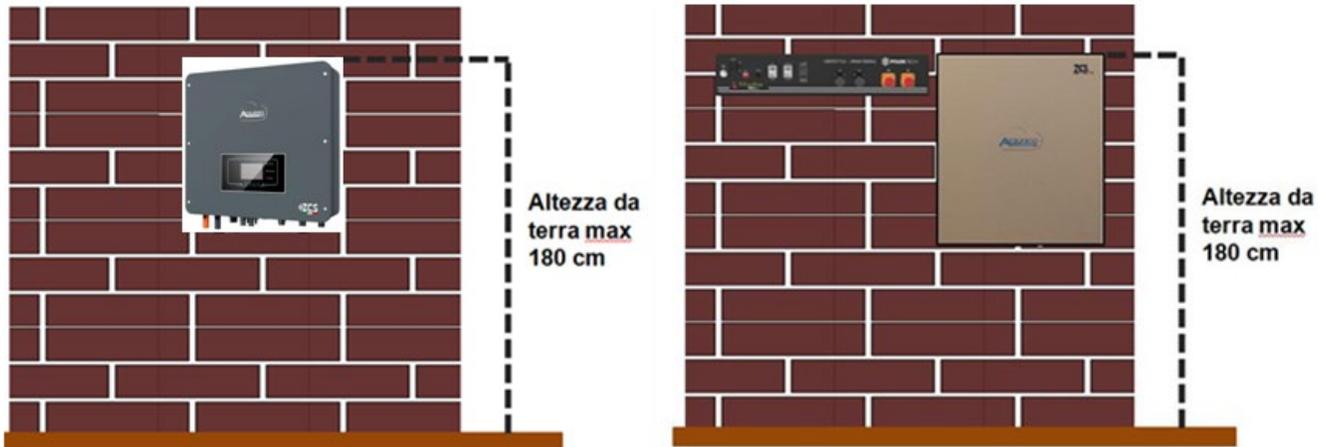


Figure 4 – Instructions for installing the storage inverter and battery pack

## 4. Electric connections

- Carefully assess the risks of electric shock and chemical hazards!
- Use a multi-metre to check the DC polarity of the battery and cables before connecting the power between the batteries and inverter.

NOTE: an inverted polarity connection may cause irreparable damage to the inverter and batteries.

Note: all batteries supplied by ZCS do not require a disconnect device for connection to the storage inverter. The cable kit, which contains crimped power cables for connecting Pylontech and AZZURRO batteries to the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP storage inverter, is supplied separately. Make sure that the storage kit includes this accessory. In the case of WeCo batteries, the connection kit is already inside the battery package.

- A 25A AC isolating device (circuit breaker) must be installed between the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter and the power grid. It is also recommended to use a differential with a trip threshold of 300 mA between the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter and power grid.
- For safety and correct operation of the system, it is important to use a cable of the appropriate type and size for the electrical connections.
  - Battery connection: DC cable with AWG8 or AWG6 cross-section (supplied).
  - Grid or load connection: AC cable with AWG12 cross-section.

The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter is intended for use in photovoltaic systems with battery storage. If not used as intended, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

	The inverter must be installed and serviced by a professional electrician. Wear rubber gloves and protective clothing (safety goggles and boots) when working on high voltage/high current systems, such as inverters and battery systems.
<b>Attention</b>	
	Photovoltaic modules generate electricity when exposed to sunlight and may pose a risk of electric shock. Therefore, cover the PV modules with a dark covering before connecting the DC input power cable.
<b>Danger</b>	
	For the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter, the open-circuit voltage (Voc) of the module arrays connected in series must be $\leq 580V$
<b>Note</b>	

The PV modules must have an IEC 61730 Class A rating.

Model	IscPV (absolute max)	Max output overcurrent protection
1PH HYD 3000 ZSS HP	18A/18A	15A
1PH HYD 3600 ZSS HP		16A
1PH HYD 4000 ZSS HP		20A
1PH HYD 4600 ZSS HP		20.9A
1PH HYD 5000 ZSS HP		21.7A
1PH HYD 6000 ZSS HP		27.3A

**NOTE:** DVC represents the voltage of a circuit constantly present between the two live parts under worst-case operating conditions during intended use.

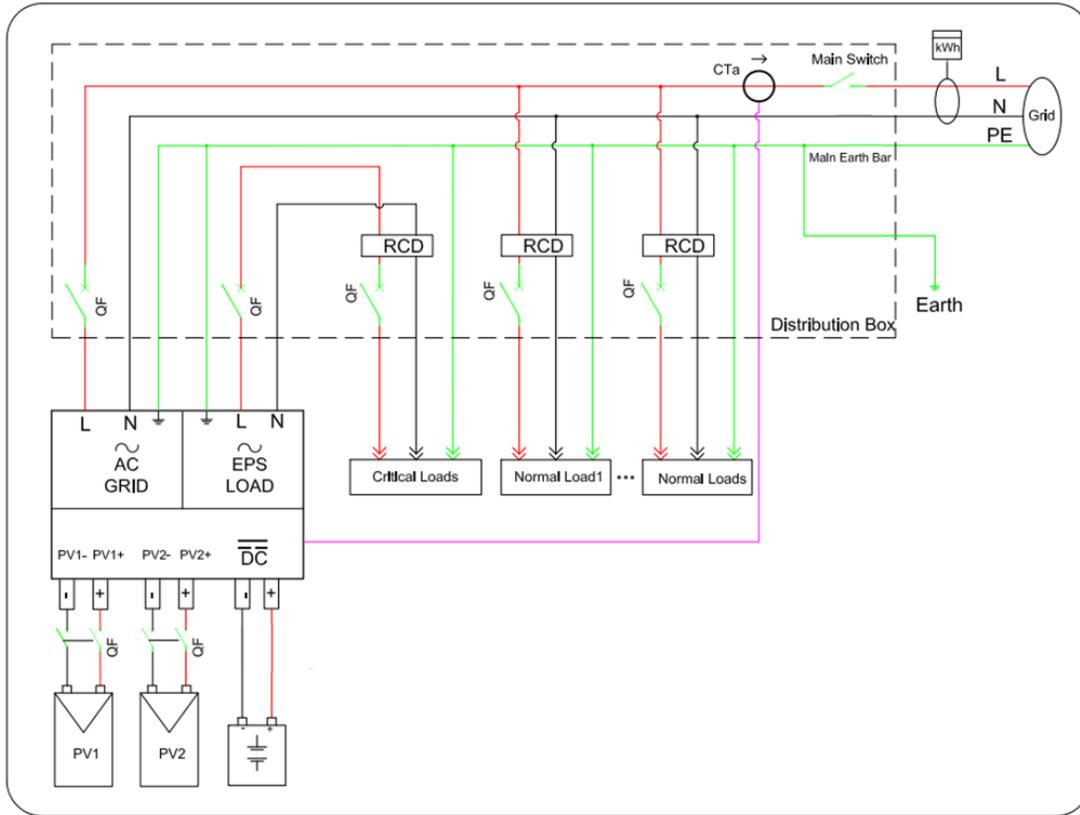
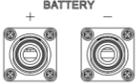
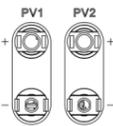


Figure 5 - Electrical connections

## 4.1. Wiring instructions

Component	Description		Recommended cable type	Recommended cable specification
	+ : Connect the positive electrode of the lithium battery		Multi-core copper cable for outdoor use	Cross-section area of the conductor: 16~20 mm <sup>2</sup>
	- : Connect the negative electrode of the lithium battery			
	+ : Connect the positive electrode of the PV cell		Common photovoltaic sector cable for outdoor use	Cross-section area of the conductor: 4~6 mm <sup>2</sup>
	- : Connect the negative electrode of the PV cell			
	Load	L	Multi-core copper cable for outdoor use	Cross-section area of the conductor: 4~6 mm <sup>2</sup>
		N		
		PE		
	AC	L	Multi-core copper cable for outdoor use	Cross-section area of the conductor: 5~8 mm <sup>2</sup>
		N		
		PE		

## 4.2. Connecting PGND cables

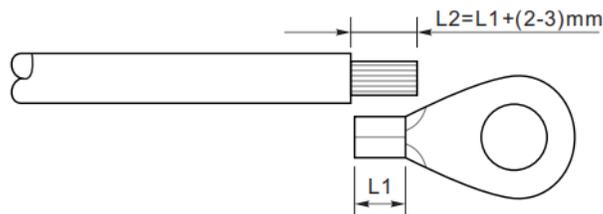
Connect the inverter to the grounding electrode using protective ground cables (PGND).

	<p>The inverter does not include a transformer, the positive and negative polarities of the PV array DO NOT need to be grounded. Otherwise, it will cause the inverter to fail. All non-current-carrying metal parts (such as the PV module frame, PV rack, combiner box housing, inverter housing) in the PV power system must be grounded.</p>
Attention	

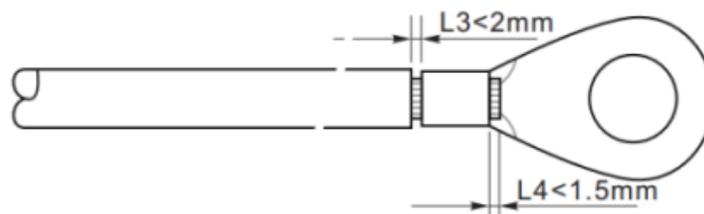
The PGND cables are prepared (external power supply cables  $\geq 4\text{mm}^2$  are recommended for grounding purposes), the cable must be a yellow-green colour.

### Procedure:

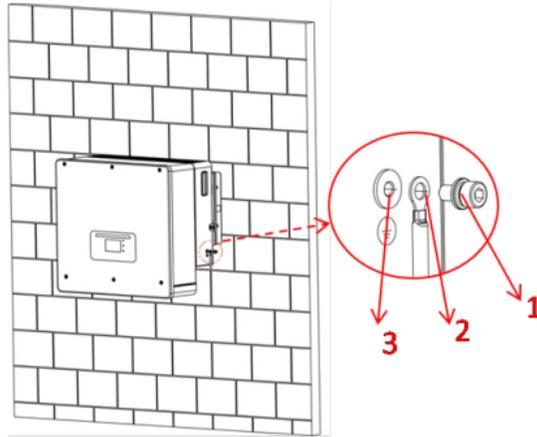
**Step 1:** Remove a suitable length of the insulating layer using a wire stripper.



**Step 2:** Insert the bare wires into the OT terminal and crimp them using a suitable tool.



**Step 3:** Install the crimped OT terminal, flat washer using the M5 screw and tighten the screw at a torque of 3 Nm using an Allen key. 1. Screw; 2. OT terminal; 3. Threaded hole



**Note 1:** L3 is the length between the insulation layer of the ground cable and the crimped part. L4 is the distance between the crimped part and the conductor wires protruding from the crimped part.

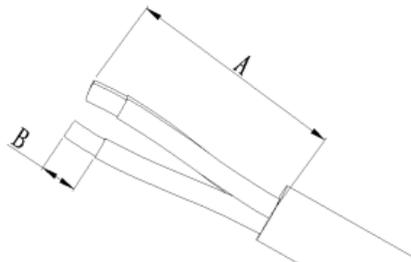
**Note 2:** The cavity formed after crimping the conductor crimp strip will completely envelop the wires. The wires must be in close contact with the terminal.

### 4.3. Connecting to grid

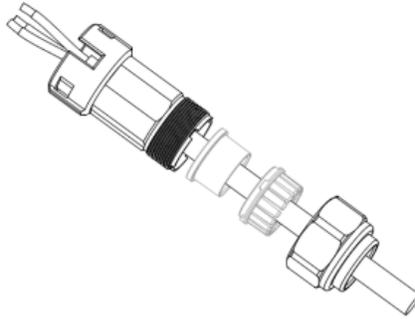
The inverter is equipped with an integrated residual current monitoring unit. When the inverter detects a residual current of more than 300 mA, the grid connection will quickly disconnect.

If the external AC circuit breaker includes a leakage protection function, its rated leakage action current must be  $\geq 300\text{mA}$ .

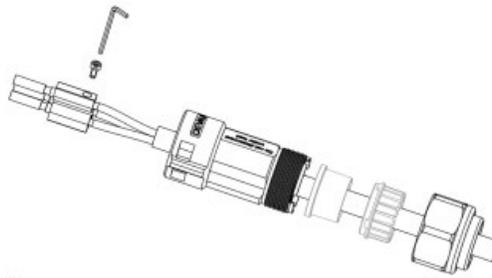
**Step 1:** Select the appropriate cable type and specifications. A: 30~50 mm; B: 3~5 mm.



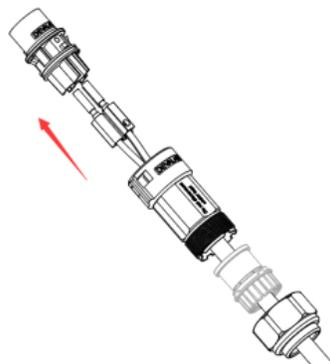
**Step 2:** Pass the cable through the terminal.



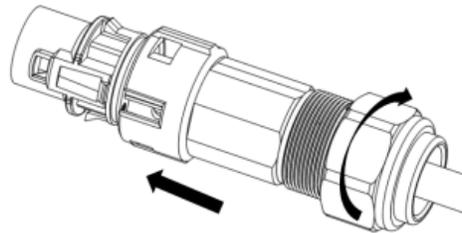
**Step 3:** According to the mark, lock the cable in the hole on the terminal and tighten it with the Allen key.



**Step 4:** Push the terminal forward until a 'click' sound is heard.

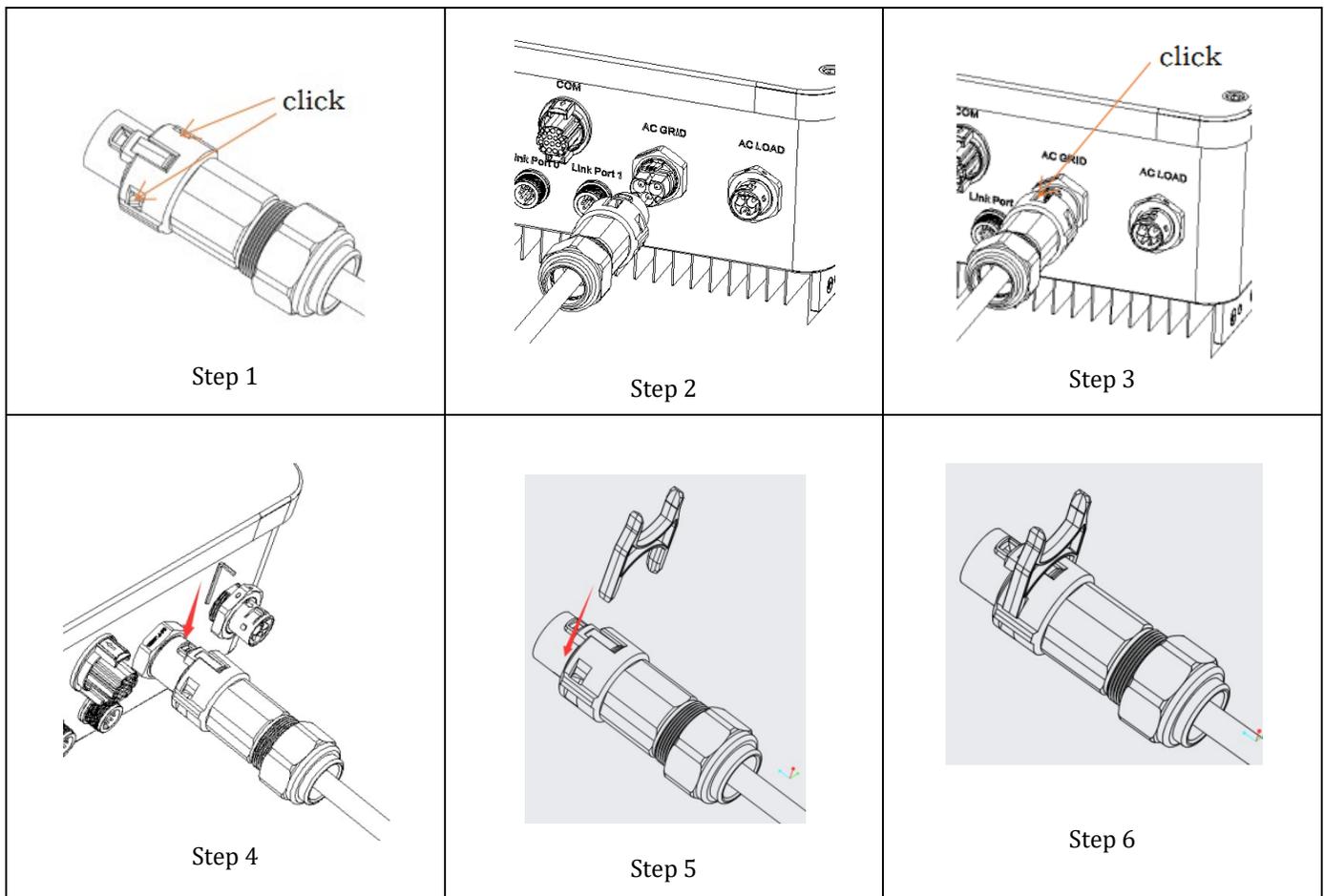


**Step 5:** Connect the terminal to the inverter port and push the terminal forward until a ‘click’ is heard to indicate that the terminal is connected.



Steps 1, 2 and 3 indicate the steps for connecting the connector to the AC terminal block.

Steps 4, 5 and 6 indicate the steps for disconnecting the connector from the AC terminal block.



#### 4.4. Connecting a Critical Load (EPS function)

Critical Load (LOAD): in the event of a power failure (or OFF-GRID operation), if the EPS function is enabled, the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter will operate in Emergency Power Supply (EPS) mode using the energy stored in the battery to supply power to the critical load via the LOAD connection port.

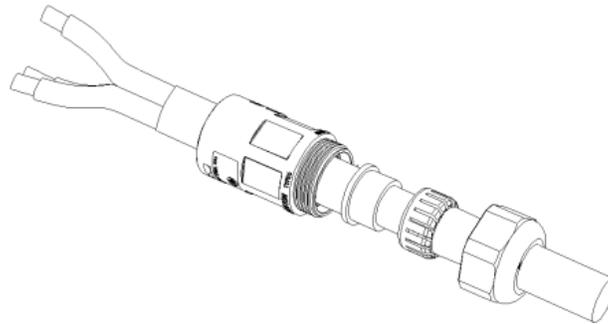
The LOAD connection port is only for connecting critical loads.

Do not connect loads with high inrush current (motors, pumps, etc.) under the load port, as they could damage the inverter.

The procedure for connecting the LOAD port is identical to that for the grid connection.

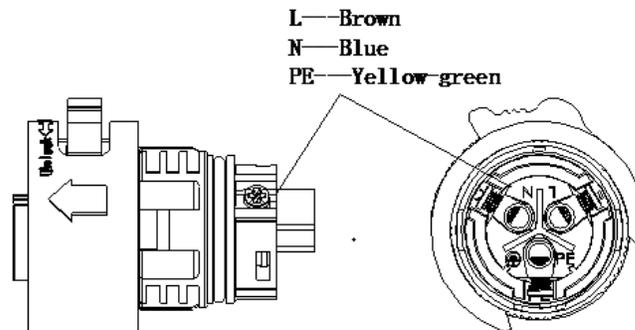
**Step 1:** Select the appropriate cables according to the table above, remove the insulation layer of the load output cable using a wire stripper as per the figure below: A: 15~25 mm B: 6~8 mm.

**Step 2:** Disassemble the load connector according to the figure shown below. Thread the load output cable (with the insulation layer stripped according to step 1) through the waterproof locking cable gland.

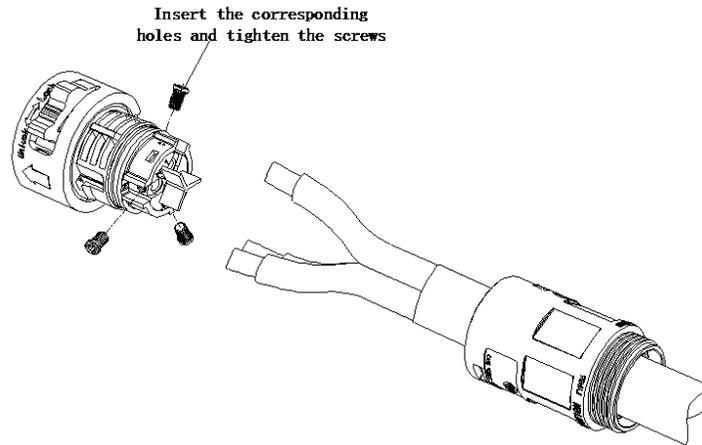


**Step 3:** Connect the load output cable according to the following requirements:

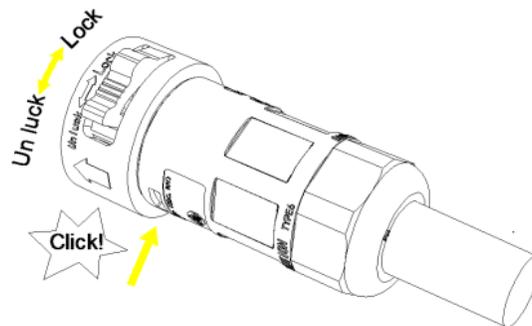
- Connect the yellow-green wire to the hole labelled “PE,” and fix the wire using a cross screwdriver
- Connect the brown wire to the hole labelled “L,” and fix the wire using a cross screwdriver
- Connect the blue wire to the hole labelled “N,” and fix the wire using a cross screwdriver

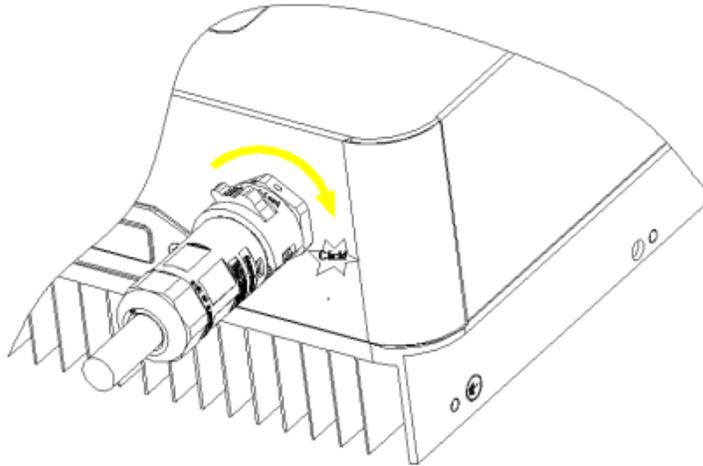


**Step 4:** Insert the load connector until a “click” sound is heard, then tighten the retaining nut to the instant value, as shown in the figure below, to ensure the wire is securely connected.

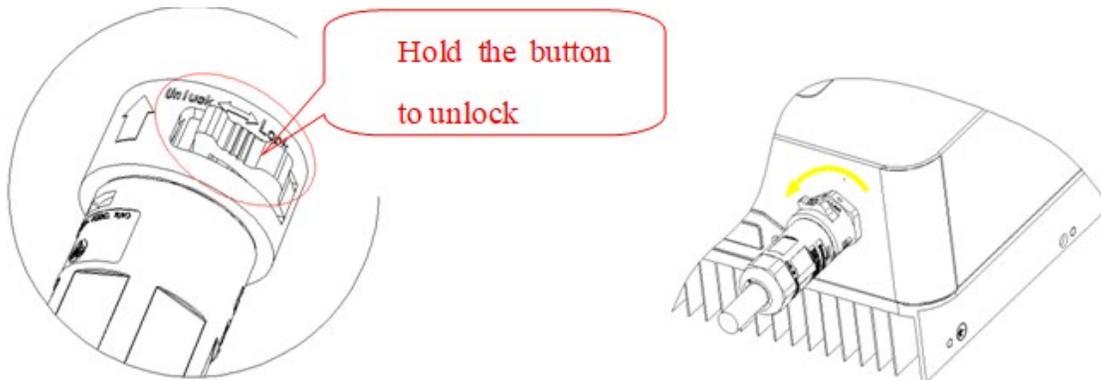


**Step 5:** Connect the connected load connector to the inverter's load connector. Turn the knob of the AC connector to lock it until a “click” sound is heard and until the closure is in place.





**Removing the load connector:** Press and hold the button to unlock and turn the knob counter-clockwise to the unlocked position, then pull out the load connector. Make sure the grid is correctly disconnected before removing the load connector.



A change-over switch must be inserted between the EPS output of the inverter and the critical loads.

### Change-over positions



**Caution**

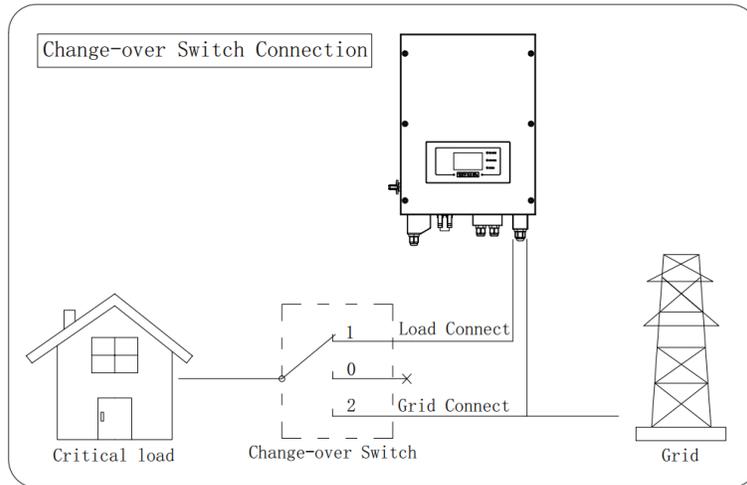
The change-over switch is necessary.

When checking/repairing critical loads, make sure that the change-over switch is in the 0 position.

When checking/repairing the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter, make sure that the change-over switch is in the 0 position, and that the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter is disconnected from the grid.

- Under normal conditions: the change-over switch is in position 1. The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter can supply power to critical loads in the event of a power failure.
- If the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter is faulty, manually move the switch to position 2. The grid will supply energy to the critical load.

**Note:** If the system is equipped with a production metre, take into account that the energy for the critical load is drawn upstream of the meter, so this energy, even if produced by photovoltaic panels, is not counted as energy produced. If necessary, the system designer can use suitable external change-over contactors to ensure that the energy for the critical load is drawn downstream of the production meter during normal grid operation and only flows to the EPS output of the inverter in the event of a power failure.



**Figure 6 - Connecting the change-over switch**

## 4.5. Photovoltaic connection

Recommended specifications for DC input cables

Cross section (mm <sup>2</sup> /AWG)		Cable outer diameter (mm <sup>2</sup> )
Range	Recommended value	
4.0-6.0 / 11-9	4.0 / 11	4.5~7.8

### Procedure:

**Step 1:** Prepare the positive and negative photovoltaic cables.



Figure 7 - Preparing the positive and negative PV cables

**Step 2:** Insert the crimped positive and negative cables into the corresponding photovoltaic connectors.

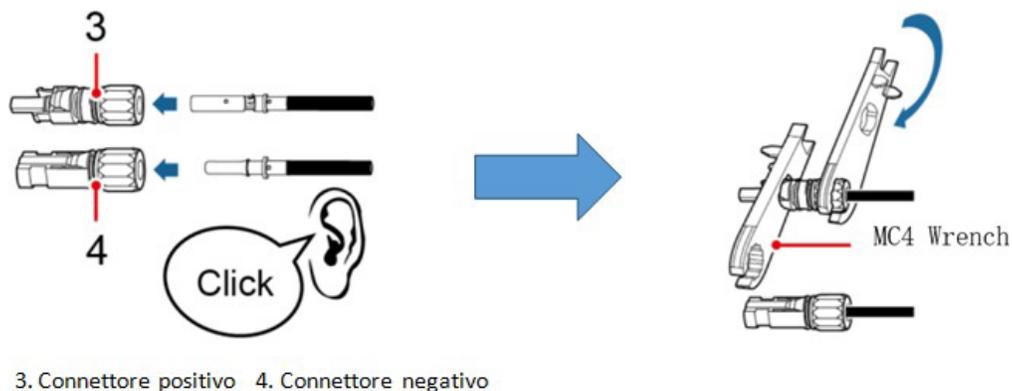


Figure 8 - Preparing the positive and negative photovoltaic connectors

**Step 3:** Make sure that the DC voltage of each photovoltaic string is less than 600 V DC and that the polarities of the photovoltaic cables are correct. Insert the positive and negative connectors into the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter until a "click" sound is heard.

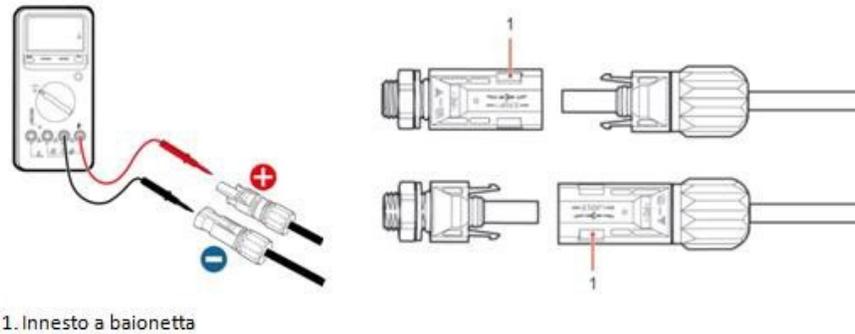


Figure 9 – Connecting the photovoltaic connectors



**Caution**

Before removing the positive and negative connectors, make sure that the automatic DC circuit breaker is OPEN.

**Removal procedure**

Use a MC4 wrench to disconnect the photovoltaic connectors.

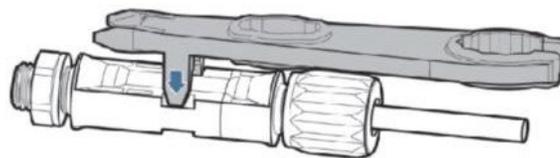


Figure 55 – Disconnecting the photovoltaic connectors

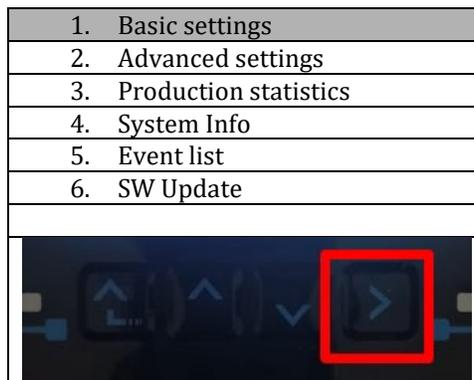
Connect the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter to the photovoltaic strings using DC input power cables. Select input mode: the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter has two MPPTs, which can operate independently or in parallel. The user can choose the appropriate MPPT operating mode depending on how the system is designed.

To configure the inverter channels correctly:

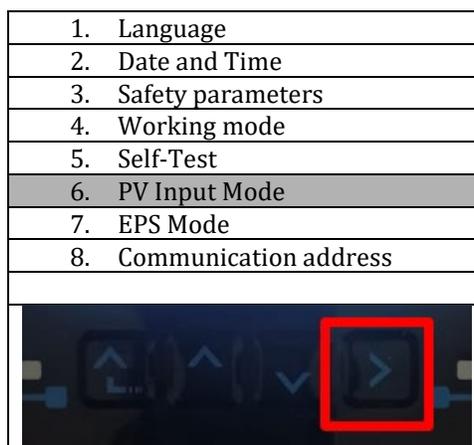
1. Press the first button on the left of the display:



2. Press the last arrow on the right (enter) to access the basic settings:



3. Basic settings, press the down arrow until the PV input mode item is highlighted. Now press the last arrow to the right to access the settings:



### **Independent mode (default):**

If the strings are different (e.g. installed on two separate pitches or consisting of a different number of panels), the input model must be set to “independent mode.”

### **Parallel mode:**

If the strings are connected in parallel, the input mode must be set to “parallel mode.”

### **Note:**

Depending on the type of inverter, select the appropriate inverter accessories (cables, fuse holders, fuses, switches, etc.). The open-circuit voltage of the photovoltaic system must be lower than the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter. The output voltage of the strings must be compatible with the MPPT voltage range.

The positive and negative polarities of the panel on the inverter must be connected separately. The power supply cable must be suitable for photovoltaic applications.

### **Note:**

Both MPPT inputs of the inverter must be populated, even if the system only has one string. If the strings are arranged in parallel, it is recommended to use a Y or T connection cable to double the input currents from the PV array and to populate both MPPT inputs of the inverter, as shown in the figure. If the string arrangement is independent, simply connect the two strings to the two MPPTs of the inverter.



Figure 10 – Y connection cable for solar panels



## 4.6. Battery connection

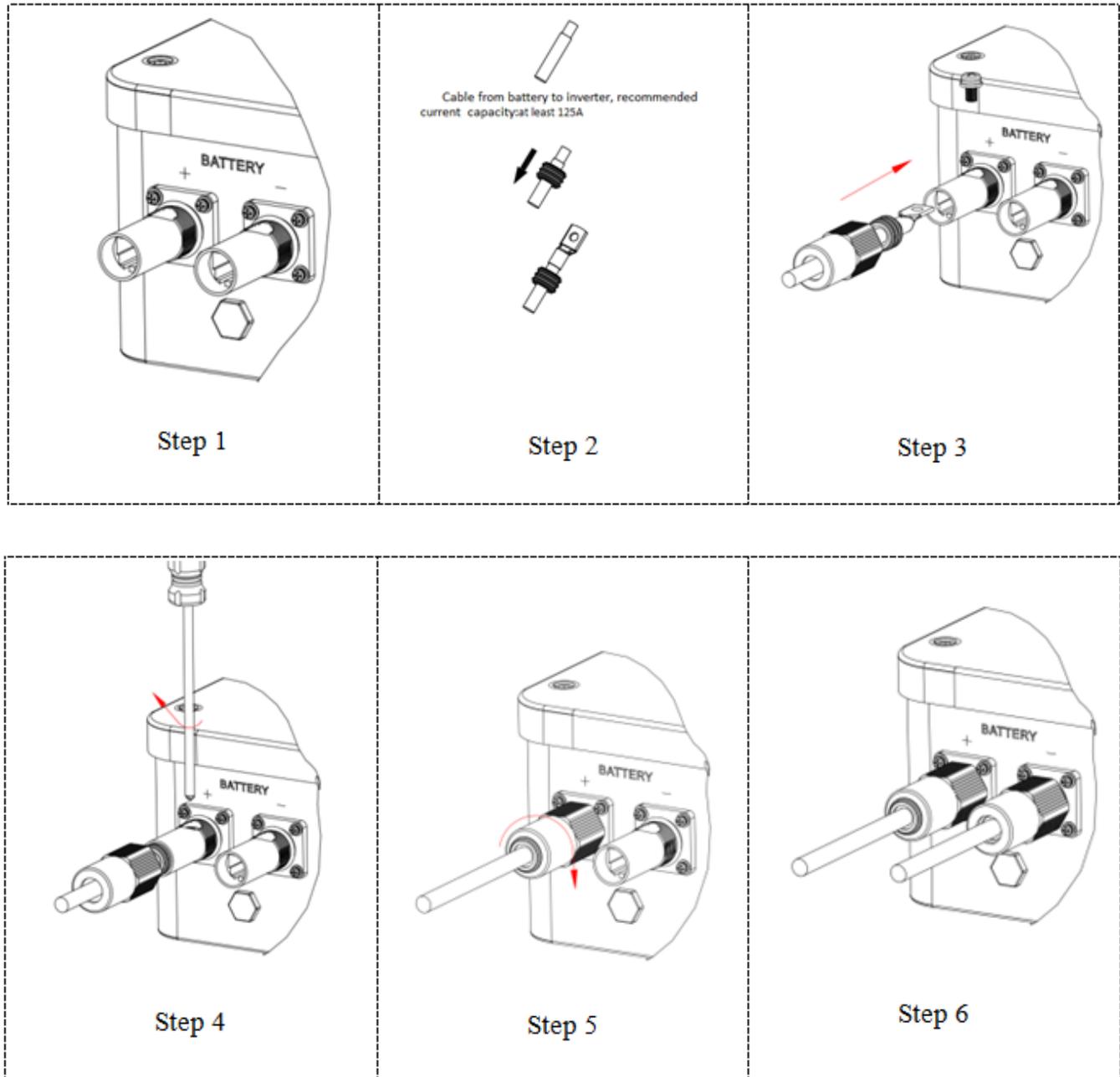


Figure 7 - Installing the battery connection

**NOTE**

If the storage capacity needs to be increased by adding one or more batteries to an existing system, ensure that all the batteries (present and to be installed) are fully charged.

To check the charge status of each battery, connect them one at a time to the inverter and view the charge level on the display (all instant information can be accessed by pressing the “down” key from the main menu).

Batteries can be recharged from the excess photovoltaic production or using the forced charge mode indicated in the “% charge mode” section of this manual.

## 4.7. Connecting the Pylontech US2000 battery

### 4.7.1. Connecting a single Pylontech US2000 battery

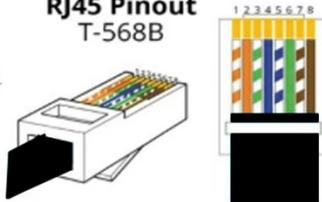
Inside the inverter box there is the cable for communication between the battery and inverter. This cable must be connected to the battery by inserting the RJ45 (8 pin) plug into the appropriate connection:

1. In the case of Pylontech batteries, insert the connector into the CAN port of the single battery.

Inverter PIN	Battery communication	Note
1	CAN H (blue wire)	Communication with the BMS of the battery, the CAN of the inverter adapts to the BMS of the lithium battery.
2	CAN L (white-blue wire)	



Figure 11 - Pylontech communication cable to be inserted into the battery communication input

Communication cable pinout between Pylontech battery and inverter, from left to right	
<p><u>Inverter</u></p> 	<p>PIN 1: blue PIN 2: white-blue</p>
<p><u>Pylontech</u></p> <p><b>RJ45 Pinout T-568B</b></p> 	<p>PIN 1: white orange PIN 2: orange PIN 3: white green PIN 4: blue PIN 5: white blue PIN 6: green PIN 7: white brown PIN 8: brown</p>

2. Make sure that the order of the DIP switches remains at factory settings (all in the OFF position).
3. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole.

**NOTE:** when connecting the Pylontech batteries, use the communication cable contained in the inverter kit, as shown in the figure.

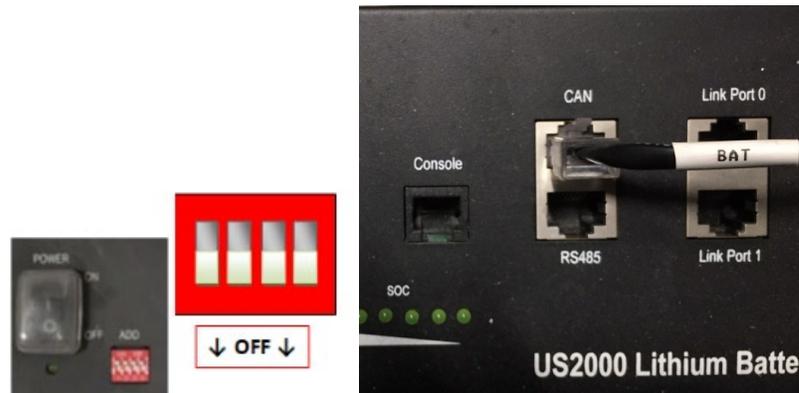


Figure 12- Connecting the communication cable to the Pylontech battery

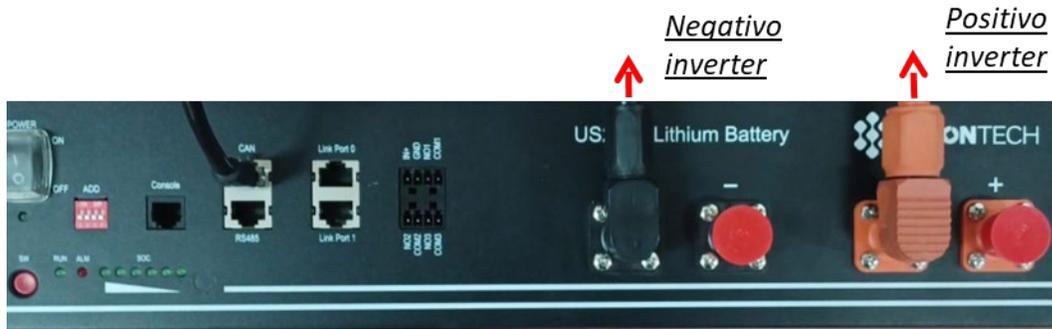


Figure 13- Connecting the power cable from the Pylontech battery to the inverter

In the case of a single battery, two power cables (positive and negative) will then be connected to the positive and negative outputs of the inverter respectively, as shown in the figure.

#### 4.7.2. Connecting multiple batteries in parallel Pylontech US2000

The communication cables must be connected by starting from the master battery and inserting either the short jumper (supplied with the battery) or a 0.6 or 1.5 m long jumper (available on request, codes ZST-CABLE-0.6M and ZST-CABLE -1.5M) into the LINK connection port; insert this cable into LINK connection port 0 of the second battery, which will be called slave 1. If there are additional batteries, a new jumper must be inserted into LINK connection port 1 of slave 1 battery; insert the free end of this cable into the third battery, which will be called slave 2. This procedure will be repeated for all the elements of the battery pack.

At the end, all the link ports will be occupied by the communication cable, except for the master battery (LINK PORT 0 free) and the last slave battery (LINK PORT 1 free).



Figure 14- Connecting the communication cable between three Pylontech batteries

NOTE: the position of the DIP switches (white on a red background, as shown in the figure below) must all be in the down position (OFF) and must not be changed. If it is changed by accident, please contact the ZCS Service Centre at the toll-free number 800 72 74 64 (available only in Italy) or open a ticket by going to the “support” section of our website <https://www.zcsazzurro.com/it/support>.

As for the power connections, in the case of Pylontech batteries, connect one of the two power cables (e.g. the orange positive one) to the master battery, inserting the quick contact in the appropriate terminal. Then connect the other cable (e.g. the black negative one) to the last battery in the group, as shown in the figure below. Finally, run the batteries in parallel using the short jumpers (supplied with the battery) or the 0.6 or 1.5 m long jumpers (available on request, codes ZST-CABLE-0.6M and ZST-CABLE-1.5M), connecting respectively the positive and negative polarities of one battery with those of the next battery.

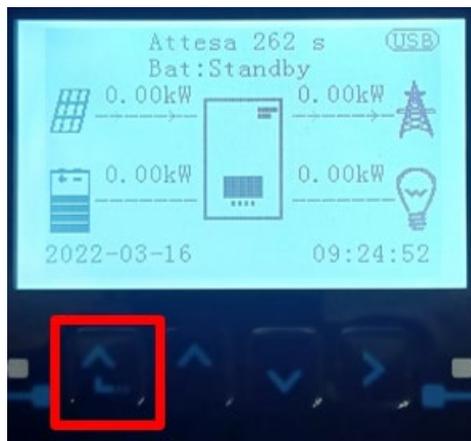


Figure 15 - Connecting three Pylontech batteries in parallel

### 4.7.3. Pylontech US2000 configuration

To correctly configure the battery parameters:

4. Press the first button on the left of the display:



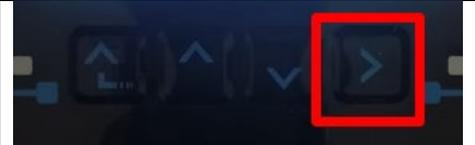
5. Press the last arrow on the right (enter) to access the advanced settings (enter password 0715):

1. Basic settings
2. <b>Advanced settings</b>
3. Production statistics
4. System Info
5. Event list
6. SW Update



6. Now press the last arrow on the right to access the battery parameters

1. <b>Battery parameters</b>
2. Zero feed-in mode
3. IV Curve Scan
4. Logic interface
5. Factory reset
6. Parallel settings
7. Reset Bluetooth
8. CT Calibration
9. Active battery



7. Check that the parameters are set correctly:

1. Battery type	Pylon-AH US2000
4. Depth of Discharge	80%
6. Save	

## 4.8. Pylontech US5000 battery connection

### 4.8.1. Connecting a single Pylontech US5000 battery

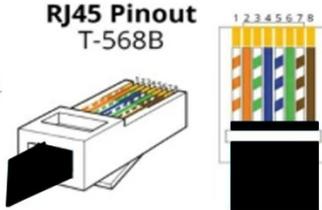
Inside the inverter box there is the cable for communication between the battery and inverter. This cable must be connected to the battery by inserting the RJ45 (8 pin) plug into the appropriate connection:

1. In the case of Pylontech batteries, insert the connector into the CAN port of the single battery.

Inverter PIN	Battery communication	Note
1	CAN H (blue wire)	Communication with the BMS of the battery, the CAN of the inverter adapts to the BMS of the lithium battery.
2	CAN L (white-blue wire)	



Figure 16 - Pylontech communication cable to be inserted into the battery communication input

Communication cable pinout between Pylontech battery and inverter, from left to right	
<p><u>Inverter</u></p> 	<p>PIN 1: blue PIN 2: white-blue</p>
<p><u>Pylontech</u></p> <p><b>RJ45 Pinout T-568B</b></p> 	<p>PIN 1: white orange PIN 2: orange PIN 3: white green PIN 4: blue PIN 5: white blue PIN 6: green PIN 7: white brown PIN 8: brown</p>

2. Make sure that the order of the DIP switches remains at factory settings (all in the OFF position).
3. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole.

**NOTE:** when connecting the Pylontech batteries, use the communication cable contained in the inverter kit, as shown in the figure.

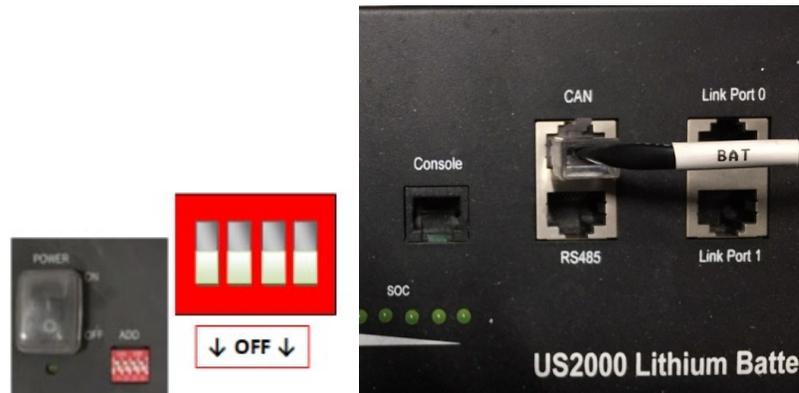


Figure 17- Connecting the communication cable to the Pylontech battery



Figure 18- Connecting the power cable from the Pylontech battery to the inverter

In the case of a single battery, two power cables (positive and negative) will then be connected to the positive and negative outputs of the inverter respectively, as shown in the figure.

#### 4.8.2. Connecting multiple batteries in parallel Pylontech US5000

The communication cables must be connected by starting from the master battery and inserting either the short jumper (supplied with the battery) or a 0.6 or 1.5 m long jumper (available on request, codes ZST-CABLE-0.6M and ZST-CABLE -1.5M) into the LINK connection port; insert this cable into LINK connection port 0 of the second battery, which will be called slave 1. If there are additional batteries, a new jumper must be inserted into LINK connection port 1 of slave 1 battery; insert the free end of this cable into the third battery, which will be called slave 2. This procedure will be repeated for all the elements of the battery pack.

At the end, all the link ports will be occupied by the communication cable, except for the master battery (LINK PORT 0 free) and the last slave battery (LINK PORT 1 free).



Figure 19- Connecting the communication cable between three Pylontech batteries

NOTE: the position of the DIP switches (white on a red background, as shown in the figure below) must all be in the down position (OFF) and must not be changed. If it is changed by accident, please contact the ZCS Service Centre at the toll-free number 800 72 74 64 (available only in Italy) or open a ticket by going to the “support” section of our website <https://www.zcsazzurro.com/it/support>.

As for the power connections, in the case of Pylontech batteries, connect one of the two power cables (e.g. the orange positive one) to the master battery, inserting the quick contact in the appropriate terminal. Then connect the other cable (e.g. the black negative one) to the last battery in the group, as shown in the figure below. Finally, run the batteries in parallel using the short jumpers (supplied with the battery) or the 0.6 or 1.5 m long jumpers (available on request, codes ZST-CABLE-0.6M and ZST-CABLE-1.5M), connecting respectively the positive and negative polarities of one battery with those of the next battery.

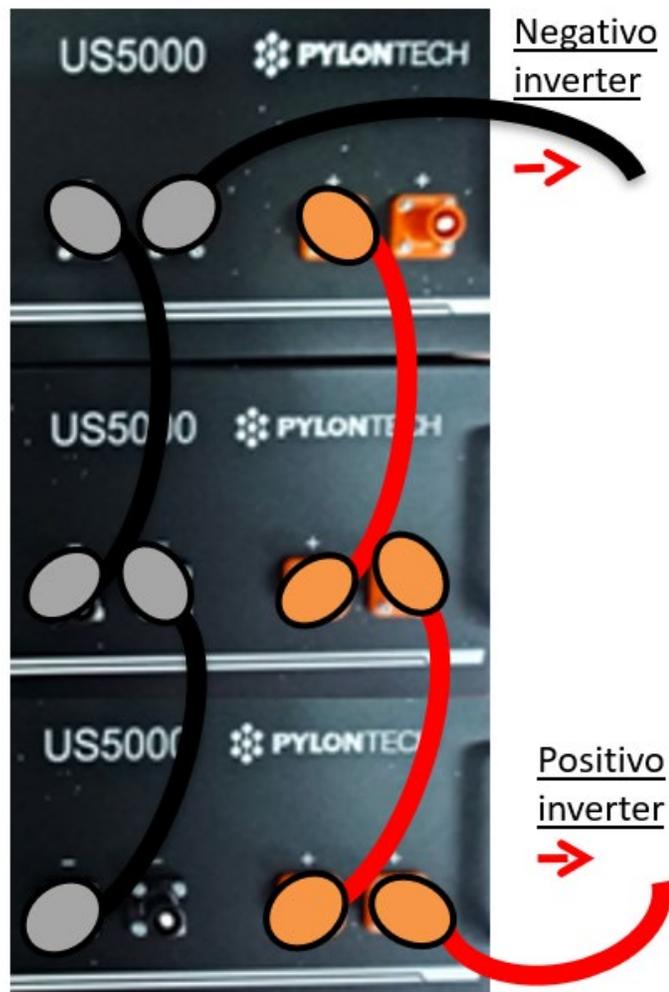


Figure 20 - Connecting three Pylontech batteries in parallel

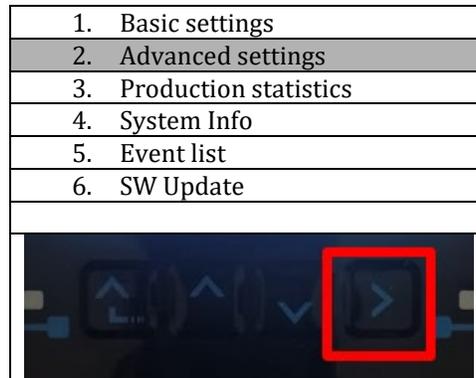
### 4.8.3. Pylontech US5000 configuration

To correctly configure the battery parameters:

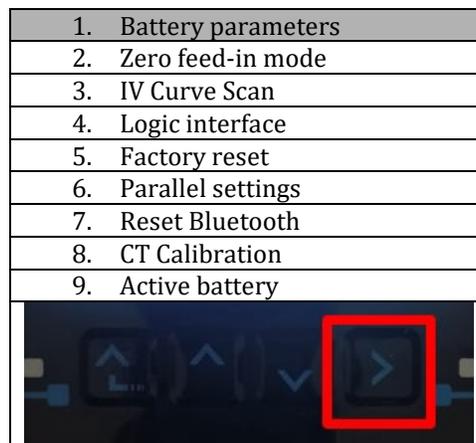
1. Press the first button on the left of the display:



2. Press the last arrow on the right (enter) to access the advanced settings (enter password 0715):



3. Now press the last arrow on the right to access the battery parameters



4. Check that the parameters are set correctly:

1.Battery type	Pylon-AH US5000
4.Depth of Discharge	80%
6.Save	

## 4.9. Connecting a WeCo 4k4 battery

### 4.9.1. Connecting a single 4k4 battery

Inside the battery box is the cable for communication between the battery and inverter.

This cable must be connected to the battery by inserting the RJ45 (8 pin) plug into the appropriate Input:

1. Insert the connector into the BMS-CAN port of the single battery.

Inverter PIN	Battery communication	Note
1	CAN (white-orange wire)	Communication with the BMS, the CAN of the inverter adapts to the BMS of the lithium battery.
2	CAN (orange wire)	

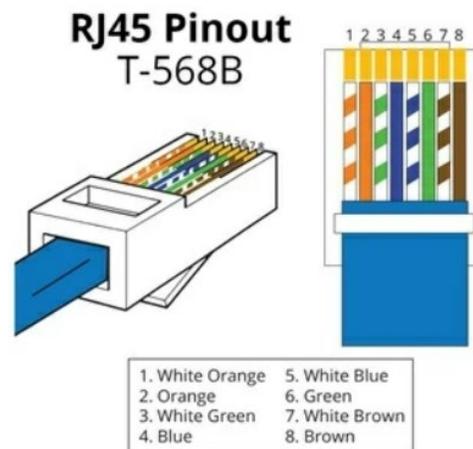
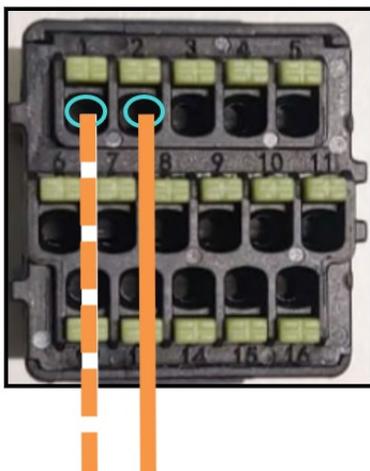




Figure 21 - Communication cable between the inverter and WeCo 4k4 battery

- a. Make sure that the DIP switches are set as shown in the figure.
- b. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole.

**NOTE:** to connect the WeCo batteries, use the communication cable labelled WECO contained in the inverter kit (or otherwise use the one inside the battery kit, leaving the RJ45 side intact and cutting the other side to use orange and white-orange, connecting them to the COM port of the inverter).

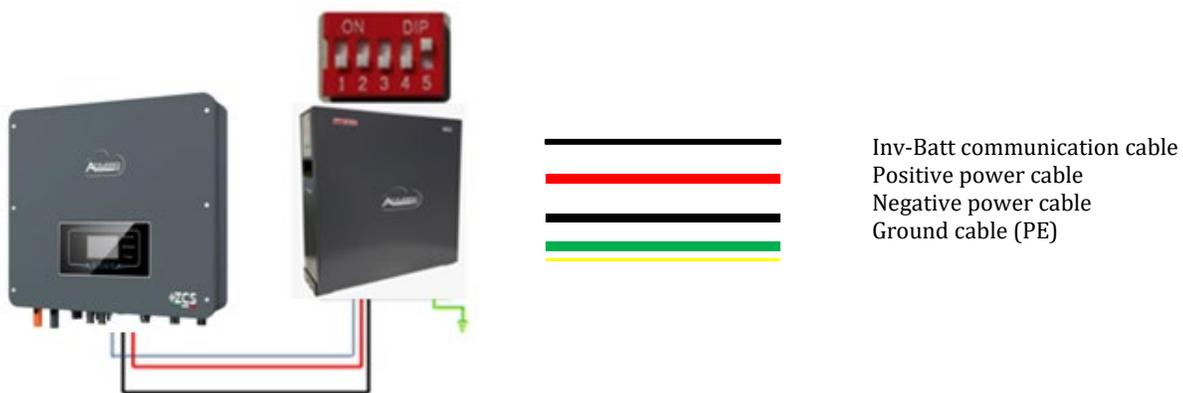
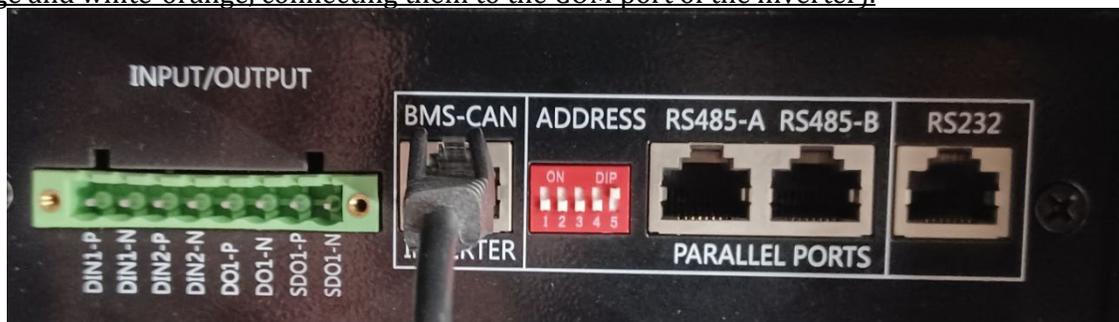


Figure 22 - Connecting the WeCo 4k4 battery

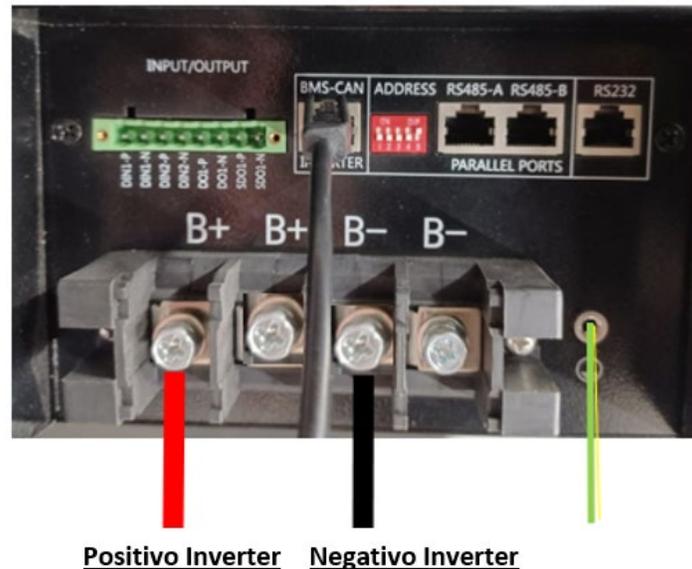


Figure 23- Connecting the power cable from the WeCo battery to the inverter

In the case of a single battery, two power cables (positive and negative) will then be connected to the positive and negative outputs of the inverter respectively, as shown in the figure.

#### 4.9.2. Connecting multiple batteries in parallel 4k4

If there are multiple batteries:

- Check that the batteries have the same voltage level by switching them off, disconnecting them and switching them on one at a time, measuring the + and - terminals with a tester. Make sure that the difference between the voltages of all the batteries is less than 2 Volt.
- Set the DIP switches correctly according to the number of batteries connected, as shown in the figure below. (Attention: only make changes when the battery is switched off)
- Connect the communication cable inserted in the COM port of the inverter to the CAN-BUS port of one of the batteries, making it the master battery.
- Connect the master battery to the communication cable inside the battery pack starting from the **RS485-B** port and arriving at the **RS485-A** communication port of slave 1 battery. (**Attention: do not connect the RS485-A port to the master battery**).



Figure 24 - Communication cable between WeCo 4k4 batteries

- e. In the case of additional batteries, the communication cable should be connected as shown above for connecting the master battery to slave 1 battery.
- f. The last battery will only have the **RS485-A** port connected.
- g. As for the power connections, connect one of the two power cables (e.g. the red positive one) to the master battery, inserting the metal ring in the appropriate terminal. Then connect the other cable (e.g. the black negative one) to the last battery in the group, as shown in the figure below. Finally, run the batteries in parallel using the parallel cables (supplied with the battery), connecting respectively the positive and negative polarities of one battery to those of the next battery.

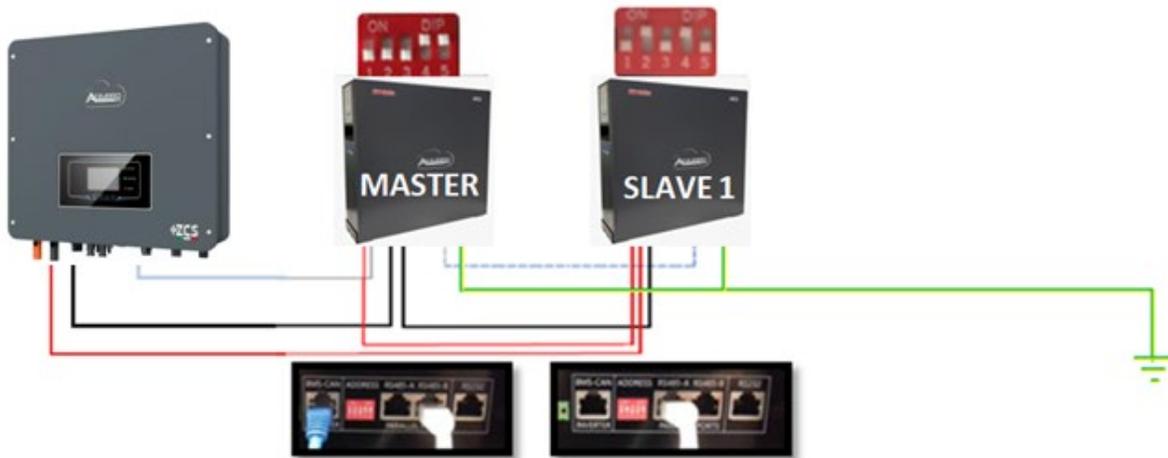


Figure 25 - Connecting two WeCo 4k4 batteries in parallel

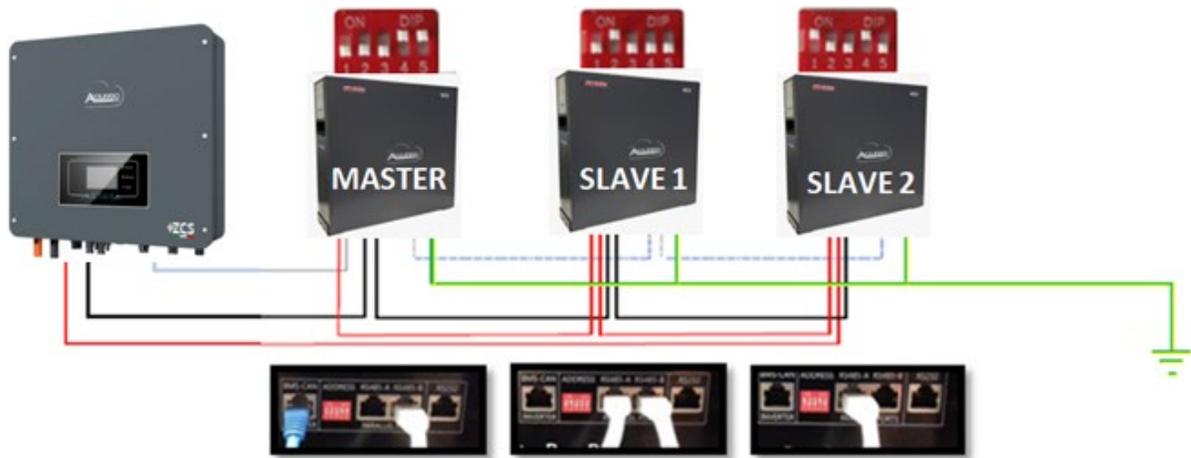


Figure 26 - Connecting three WeCo 4k4 batteries in parallel

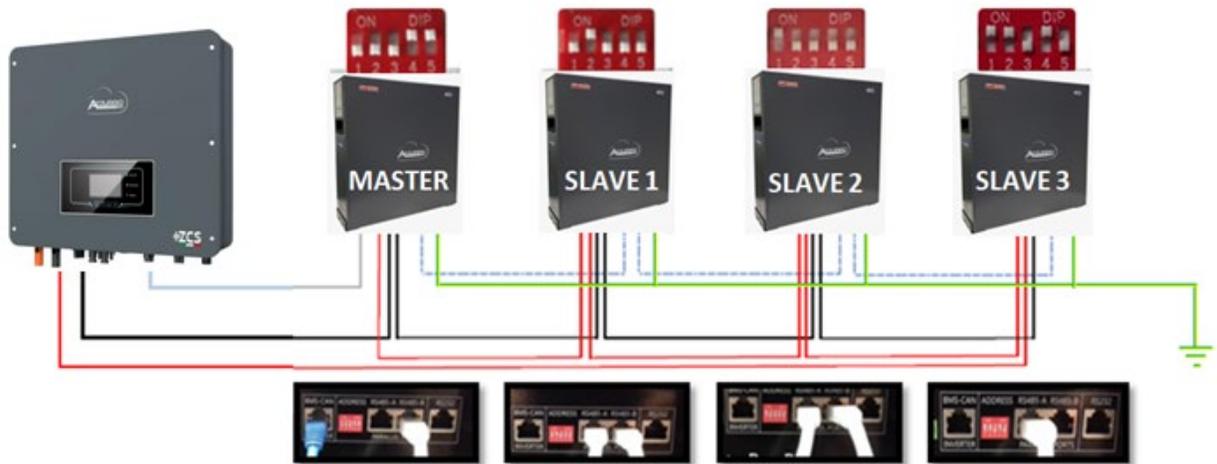


Figure 27 - Connecting four WeCo 4k4 batteries in parallel

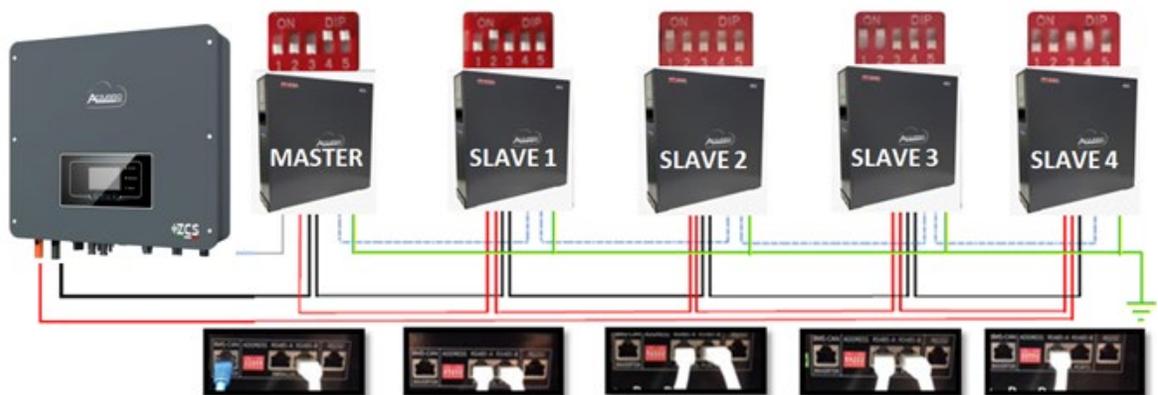


Figure 28 - Connecting five WeCo 4k4 batteries in parallel

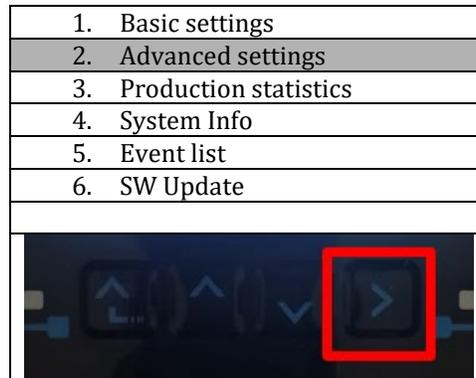
### 4.9.3. WeCo 4k4 configuration

To correctly configure the battery parameters:

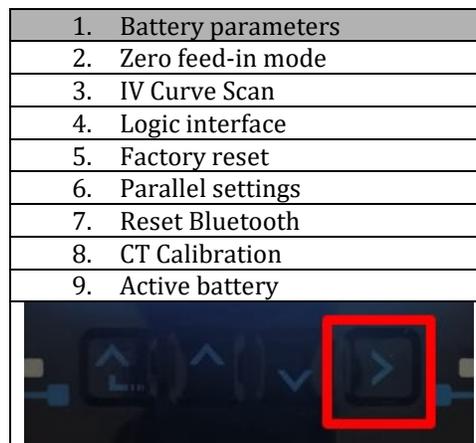
1. Press the first button on the left of the display:



2. Press the last arrow on the right (enter) to access the advanced settings (enter password 0715):



3. Now press the last arrow on the right to access the battery parameters



4. Check that the parameters are set correctly:

1.Battery type	WeCo
4.Depth of Discharge	80%
6.Save	

## 4.10. Connecting a WeCo 4k4 PRO battery

### 4.10.1. Connecting a single 4k4 PRO battery

Inside the battery box is the cable for communication between the battery and inverter.

This cable must be connected to the battery by inserting the RJ45 (8 pin) plug into the appropriate Input:

a. Insert the connector into the CAN-A port of the single battery.

Inverter PIN	Battery communication	Note
1	CAN (white-orange wire)	Communication with the BMS, the CAN of the inverter adapts to the BMS of the lithium battery.
2	CAN (orange wire)	

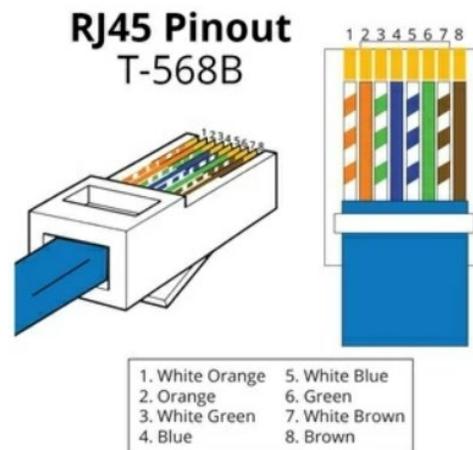
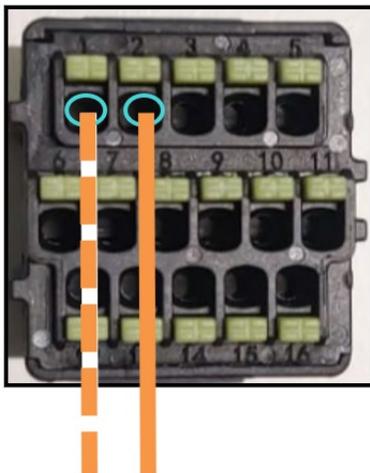




Figure 29 - Communication cable between the inverter and WeCo 4k4 PRO battery

- b. Make sure that the DIP switches are set as shown in the figure.
- c. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole.

**NOTE:** to connect the WeCo batteries, use the communication cable labelled WECO contained in the inverter kit (or otherwise use the one inside the battery kit, leaving the RJ45 side intact and cutting the other side to use orange and white-orange, connecting them to the COM port of the inverter).

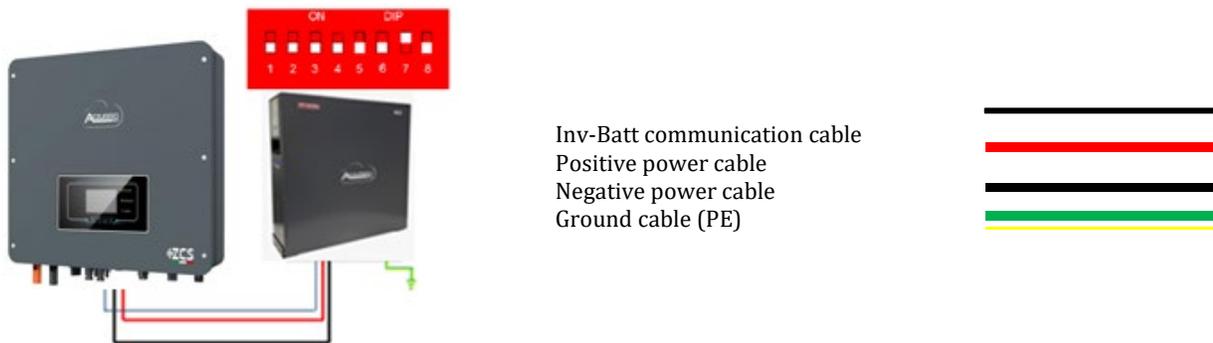
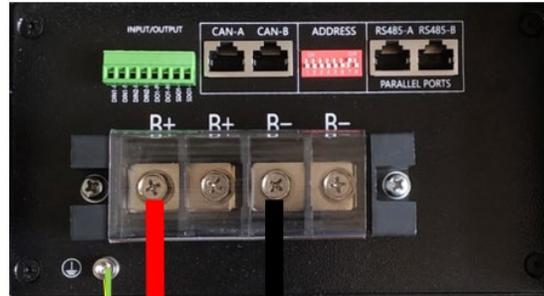


Figure 30 - Connecting the WeCo 4k4 PRO battery



**Positivo Inverter**      **Negativo Inverter**

Figure 31- Connecting the power cable from the WeCo 4k4 PRO battery to the inverter

In the case of a single battery, two power cables (positive and negative) will then be connected to the positive and negative outputs of the inverter respectively, as shown in the figure.

#### 4.10.2. Connecting multiple batteries in parallel 4k4 PRO

If there are multiple batteries:

- a. Check that the batteries have the same voltage level by switching them off, disconnecting them and switching them on one at a time, measuring the + and - terminals with a tester. Make sure that the difference between the voltages of all the batteries is less than 2 Volt.
- a. Set the DIP switches correctly according to the number of batteries connected, as shown in the figure below. (Attention: only make changes when the battery is switched off)
- b. Connect the communication cable inserted in the COM port of the inverter to the CAN-A port of one of the batteries, making it the master battery.
- c. Connect the master battery to the communication cable inside the battery pack starting from the **RS485-B** port and arriving at the **RS485-A** communication port of slave 1 battery. (**Attention: do not connect the RS485-A port to the master battery**).



Figure 32 – Communication cable between WeCo 4k4 PRO batteries

- d. In the case of additional batteries, the communication cable should be connected as shown above for connecting the master battery to slave 1 battery.
- e. The last battery will only have the **RS485-A** port connected.
- f. As for the power connections, connect one of the two power cables (e.g. the red positive one) to the master battery, inserting the metal ring in the appropriate terminal. Then connect the other cable (e.g. the black negative one) to the last battery in the group, as shown in the figure below. Finally, run the batteries in parallel using the parallel cables (supplied with the battery), connecting respectively the positive and negative polarities of one battery to those of the next battery.

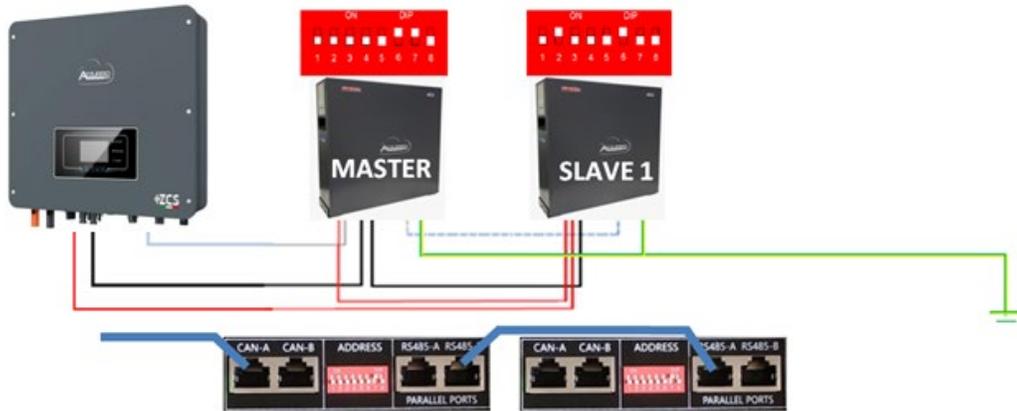


Figure 33 – Connecting two WeCo 4k4 PRO batteries in parallel

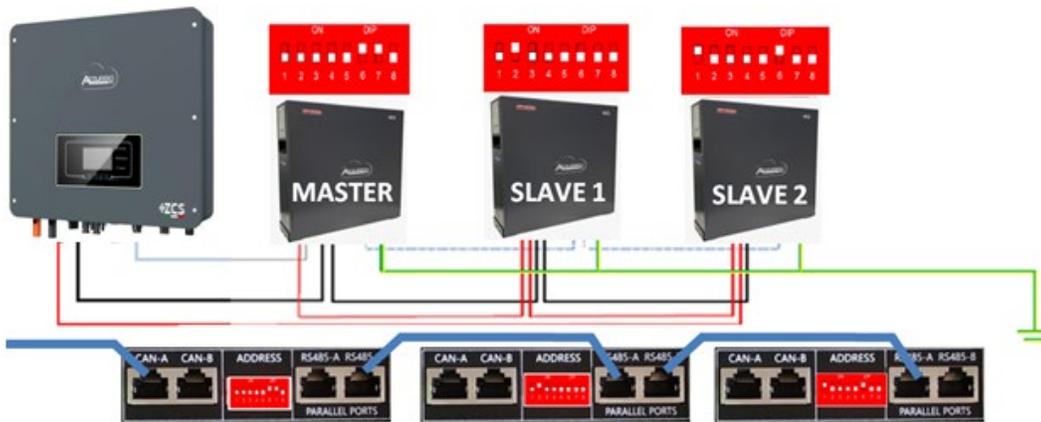


Figure 34 – Connecting three WeCo 4k4 PRO batteries in parallel

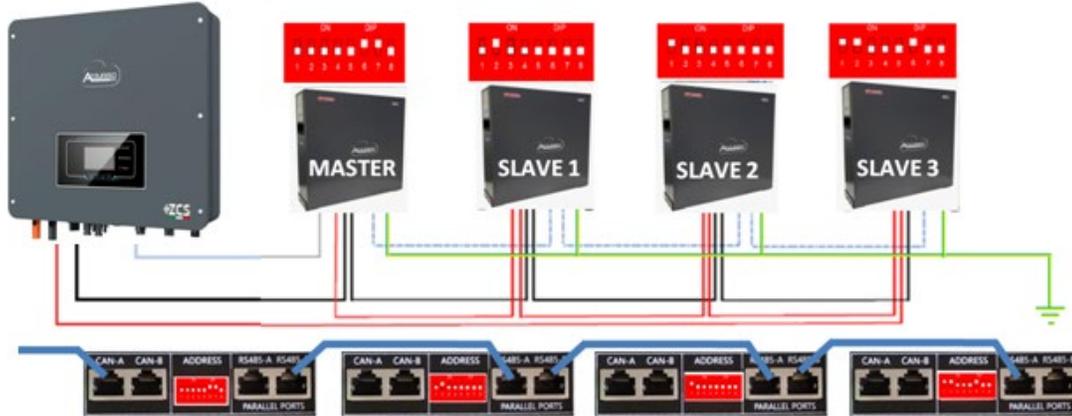


Figure 35 – Connecting four WeCo 4k4 PRO batteries in parallel

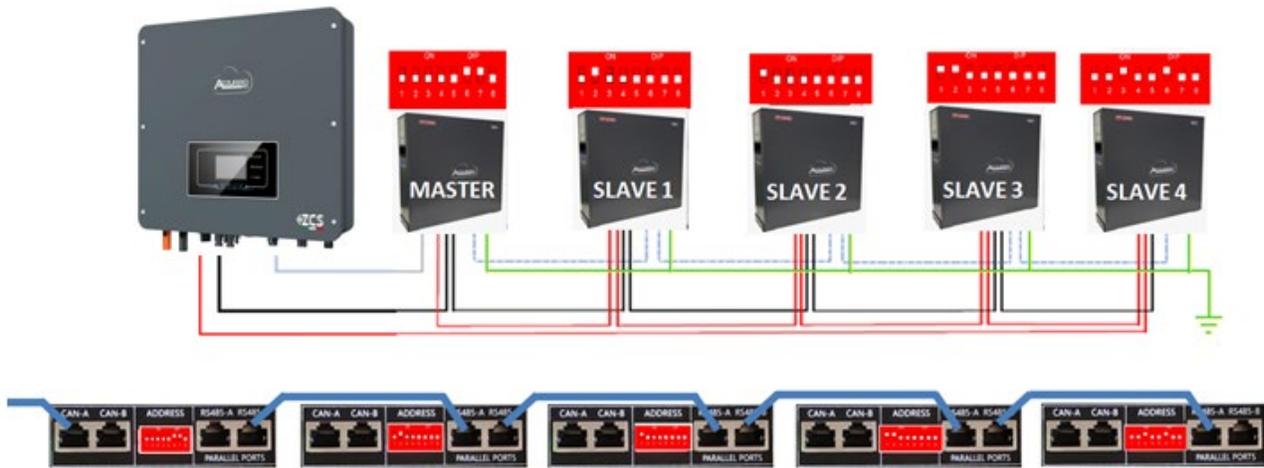
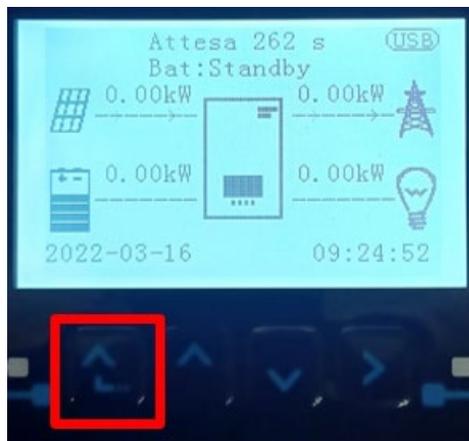


Figure 36 – Connecting five WeCo 4k4 PRO batteries in parallel

### 4.10.3. WeCo 4k4 PRO configuration

To correctly configure the battery parameters:

1. Press the first button on the left of the display:



2. Press the last arrow on the right (enter) to access the advanced settings (enter password 0715):

1. Basic settings
2. Advanced settings
3. Production statistics
4. System Info
5. Event list
6. SW Update



3. Now press the last arrow on the right to access the battery parameters

1. Battery parameters
2. Zero feed-in mode
3. IV Curve Scan
4. Logic interface
5. Factory reset
6. Parallel settings
7. Reset Bluetooth
8. CT Calibration
9. Active battery



4. Check that the parameters are set correctly:

1. Battery type	WeCo
4. Depth of Discharge	80%
6. Save	

**NOTE:** When switched on for the first time, the WeCo batteries receive a command from the inverter to start regular operation only when all of them have collectively reached a state of full charge (i.e. a SOC level of 100%).



## 4.11. Connecting a WeCo 4k4-LT battery

### 4.11.1. Connecting a single 4k4-LT battery

Inside the battery box is the cable for communication between the battery and inverter. This cable must be connected to the battery by inserting the RJ45 (8 pin) plug into the appropriate Input:

- a. Insert the connector into the CAN-A port of the single battery.

Inverter PIN	Battery communication	Note
1	CAN (white-orange wire)	Communication with the BMS, the CAN of the inverter adapts to the BMS of the lithium battery.
2	CAN (orange wire)	

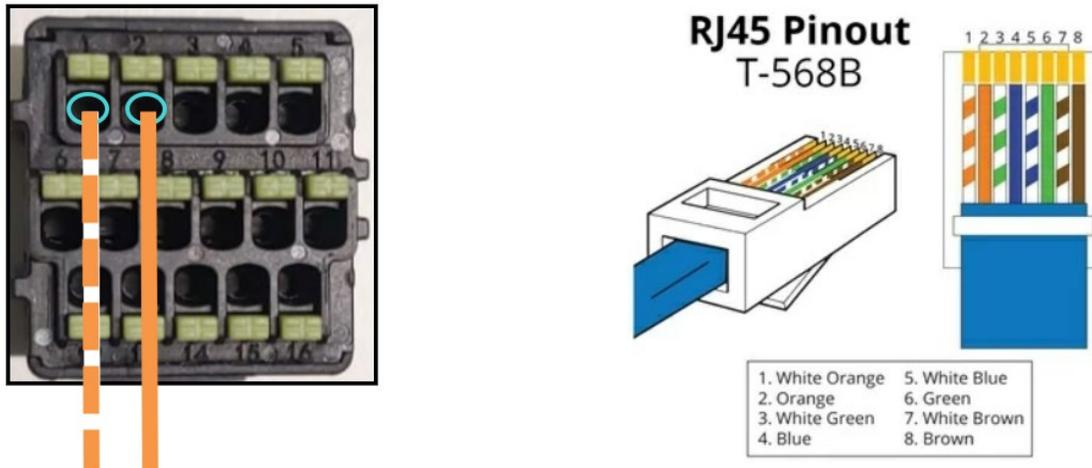
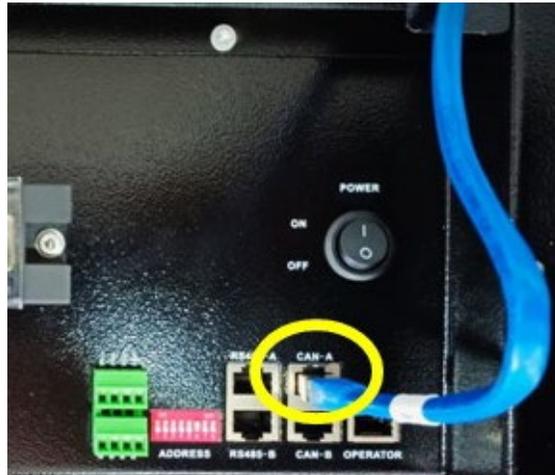


Figure 37 - Communication cable between the inverter and WeCo 4k4-LT battery

- b. Make sure that the DIP switches are set as shown in the figure.
- c. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole.

**NOTE:** to connect the WeCo batteries, use the communication cable labelled WECO contained in the inverter kit (or otherwise use the one inside the battery kit, leaving the RJ45 side intact and cutting the other side to use orange and white-orange, connecting them to the COM port of the inverter).



Inv-Batt communication cable  
Positive power cable  
Negative power cable  
Ground cable (PE)



Figure 38 – Connecting the WeCo 4k4-LT battery



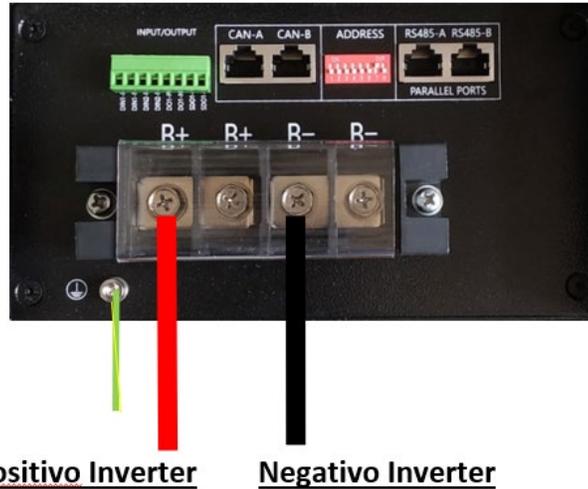


Figure 39- Connecting the power cable from the WeCo 4k4-LT battery to the inverter

#### 4.11.2. Connecting multiple batteries in parallel 4k4-LT

If there are multiple batteries:

- Check that the batteries have the same voltage level by switching them off, disconnecting them and switching them on one at a time, measuring the + and - terminals with a tester. Make sure that the difference between the voltages of all the batteries is less than 2 Volt.
- Set the DIP switches correctly according to the number of batteries connected, as shown in the figure below. (Attention: only make changes when the battery is switched off)
- Connect the communication cable inserted in the COM port of the inverter to the CAN-A port of one of the batteries, making it the master battery.
- Connect the master battery to the communication cable inside the battery pack starting from the **RS485-B** port and arriving at the **RS485-A** communication port of slave 1 battery. (**Attention: do not connect the RS485-A port to the master battery**).



Figure 40 – Communication cable between WeCo 4k4-LT batteries

- e. In the case of additional batteries, the communication cable should be connected as shown above for connecting the master battery to slave 1 battery.
- f. The last battery will only have the RS485-A port connected.
- g. As for the power connections, connect one of the two power cables (e.g. the red positive one) to the master battery, inserting the metal ring in the appropriate terminal. Then connect the other cable (e.g. the black negative one) to the last battery in the group, as shown in the figure below. Finally, run the batteries in parallel using the parallel cables (supplied with the battery), connecting respectively the positive and negative polarities of one battery to those of the next battery.

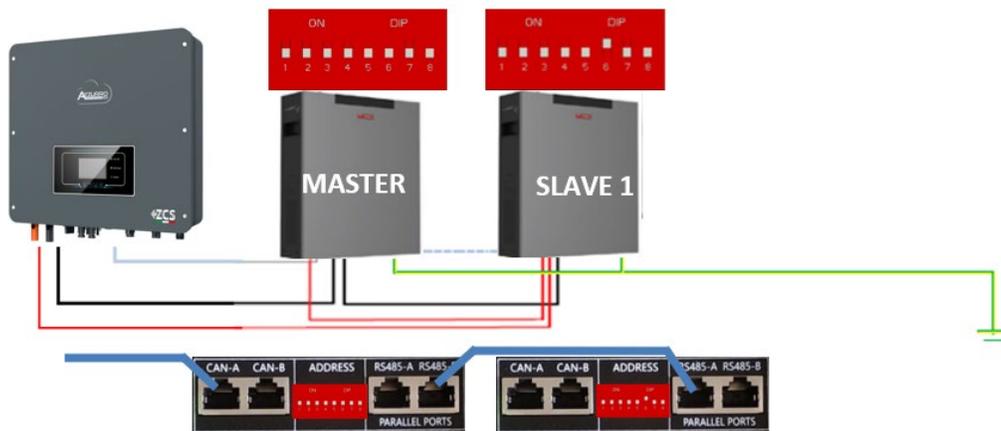


Figure 41 – Connecting two WeCo 4k4-LT batteries in parallel

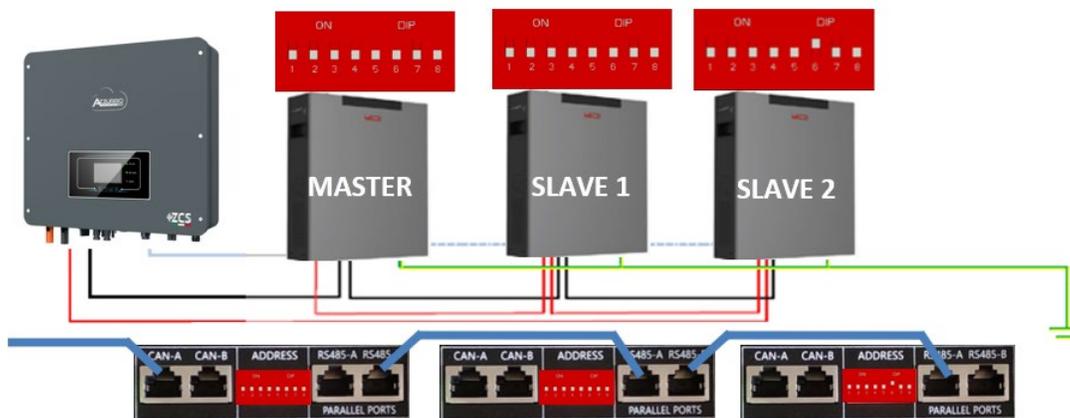


Figure 42 – Connecting three WeCo 4k4-LT batteries in parallel

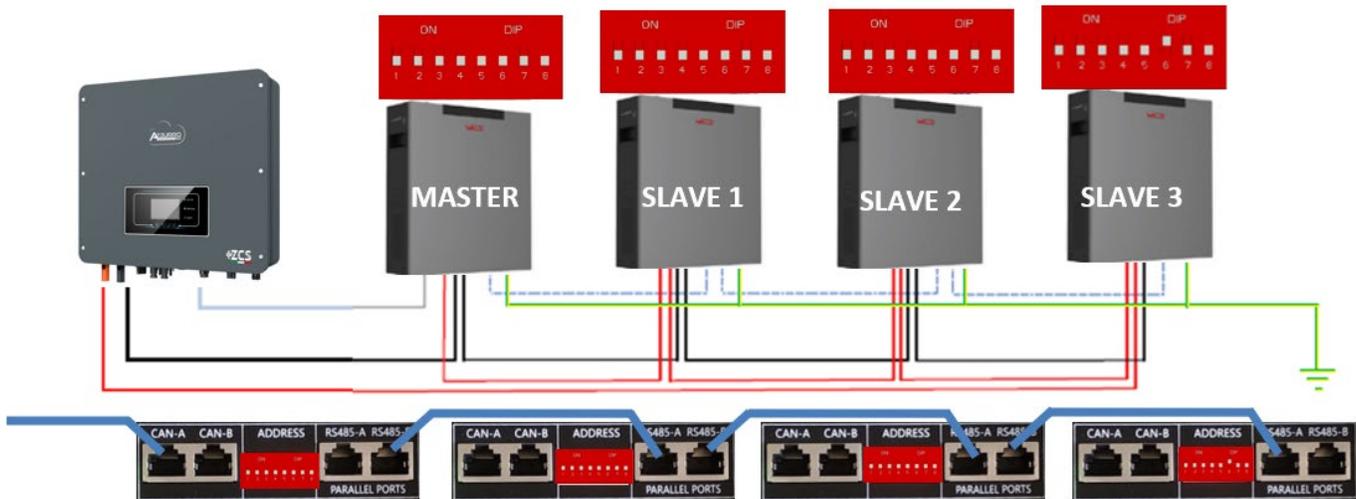


Figure 43 – Connecting four WeCo 4k4-LT batteries in parallel

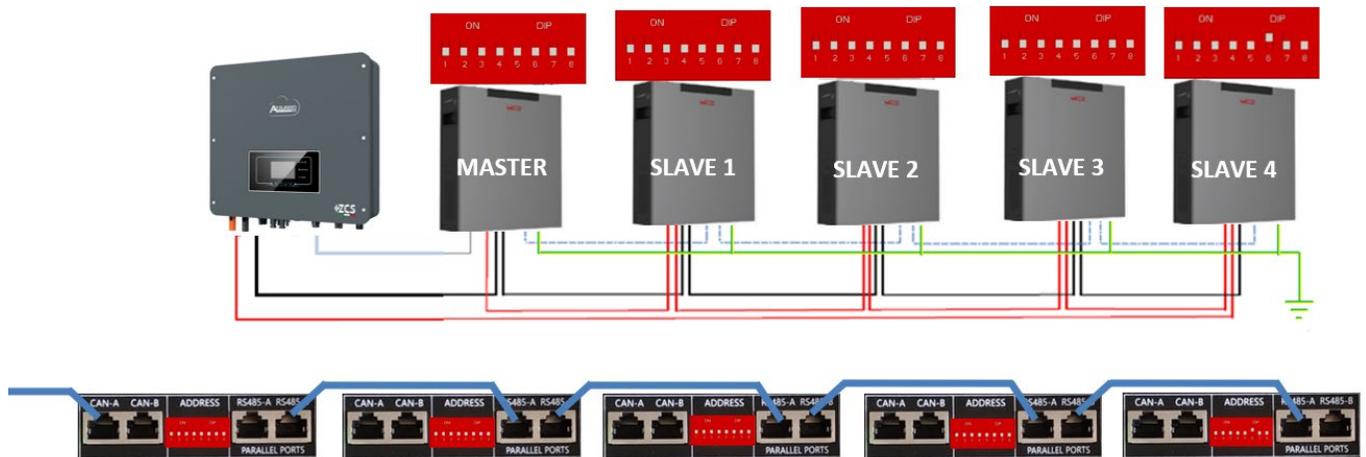


Figure 44 – Connecting five WeCo 4k4-LT batteries in parallel

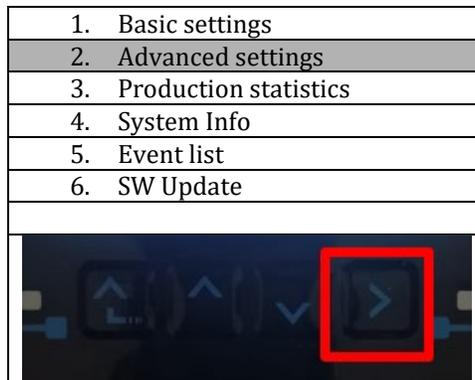
### 4.11.3. WeCo 4k4-LT configuration

To correctly configure the battery parameters:

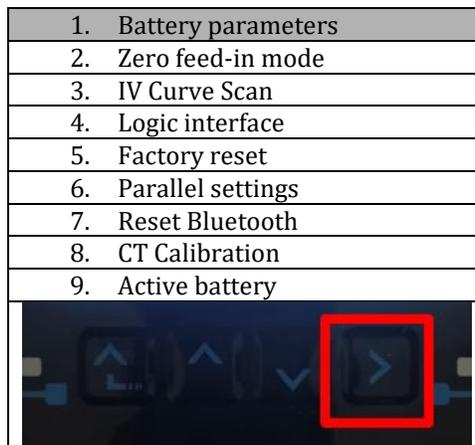
1. Press the first button on the left of the display:



2. Press the last arrow on the right (enter) to access the advanced settings (enter password 0715):



3. Now press the last arrow on the right to access the battery parameters



4. Check that the parameters are set correctly:



1.Battery type	WeCo
4.Depth of Discharge	80%
6.Save	

#### 4.11.4. Switching on WeCo 4k4-LT batteries

In order to carry out the correct switch-on procedure:

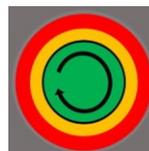
1. The batteries must all be switched off (side switch to 0);



2. Inverter DC rotary switch set to OFF;



3. Set all batteries, via the side switch, to 1 without switching them on (do not press the round metal button);
4. Switch on the master battery ONLY by pressing the button until the LED lights up;



5. The batteries will automatically switch on in succession (each module will turn on independently and the side switch will flash for 3 seconds; then a steady GREEN light will confirm that each module is powered on);

**NOTE:** During the commissioning phase, the installer must ensure that the communication between the master battery and the inverter is connected properly. Do not leave the system powered when there is no communication between the master battery and inverter, as prolonged standby of the system could cause an imbalance due to natural self-discharge.

**NOTE:** When switched on for the first time, the WeCo batteries receive a command from the inverter to start regular operation only when all of them have collectively reached a state of full charge (i.e. a SOC level of 100%).

## 4.12. WeCo 4k4-LT battery and WeCo 4k4 PRO batteries in parallel

For a new system, we do not recommend installing a mixed solution with WeCo 4k4PRO and WeCo 4k4-LT batteries.

When using WeCo 4k4PRO and WeCo 4k4-LT batteries, the **WeCo 4k4-LT batteries must be installed first and then the 4k4PRO batteries** as shown in the figure.

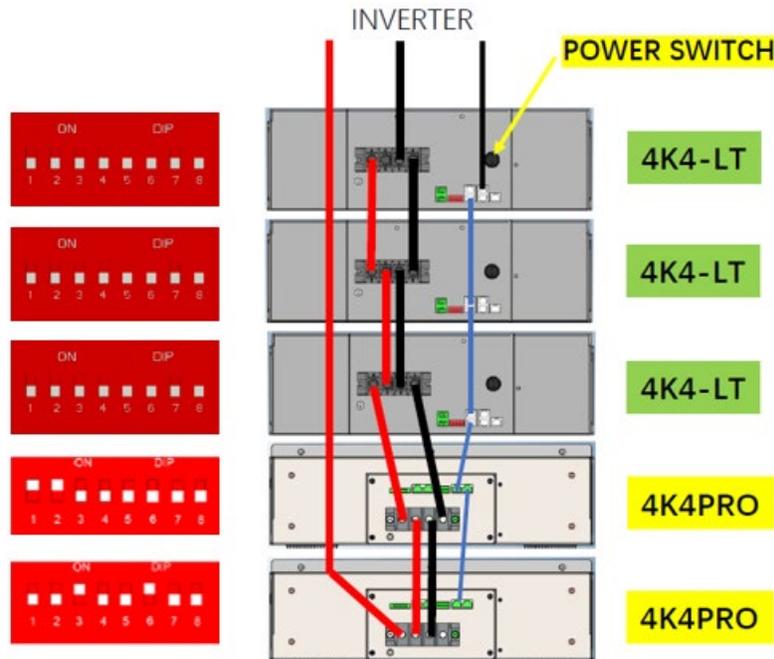


Figure 45 – Connecting the WeCo 4k4-LT and 4k4 PRO batteries

Communication connections between batteries and inverter:

Batteries are connected IN PARALLEL to each other:

- CAN-A of master battery → COM Port of inverter
- RS485-B of master battery → RS485-A of slave 1 battery
- RS485-B of slave 1 battery → RS485-A of slave 2 battery
- ...
- RS485-B of slave N-1 battery (second last) → RS485-A of slave N battery (last)

### **Power connections between batteries and inverter:**

Batteries must be connected in a “loop.”

- Positive input (+) of master battery connected to positive input (+) of inverter.
- Positive input (+) of master battery connected to positive input (+) of slave 1 battery.
- Negative input (-) of master battery connected to negative input (-) of slave 1 battery.

- d. ....
- e. Positive input (+) of slave N-1 battery (second-last) connected to positive input (+) of slave N battery (last).
- f. Negative input (-) of slave N-1 battery (second-last) connected to negative input (-) of slave N battery (last).
- g. Negative input (-) of slave N battery (second-last) connected to negative input (-) of inverter.

**NOTE:** When switched on for the first time, the WeCo batteries receive a command from the inverter to start regular operation only when all of them have collectively reached a state of full charge (i.e. a SOC level of 100%).

## 4.13. Connecting a WeCo 5K3 battery

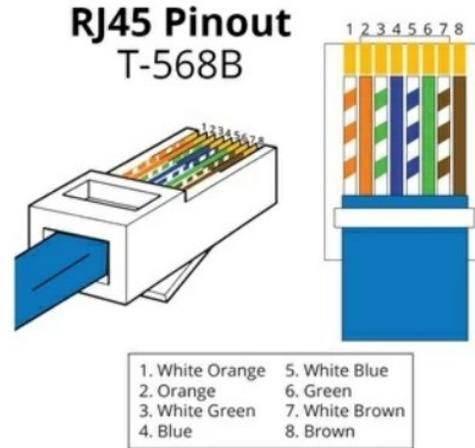
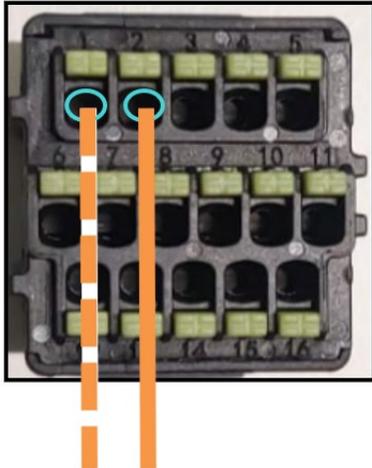
### 4.13.1. Connecting a single 5K3 battery

Inside the battery box is the cable for communication between the battery and inverter. This cable must be connected to the battery by inserting the RJ45 (8 pin) plug into the appropriate Input:

**NOTE:** to connect the WeCo batteries, use the communication cable labelled WECO contained in the inverter kit (or otherwise use the one inside the battery kit, leaving the RJ45 side intact and cutting the other side to use orange and white-orange, connecting them to the COM port of the inverter).

- h. Insert the connector into the CAN-A port of the single battery.

Inverter PIN	Battery communication	Note
1	CAN (white-orange wire)	Communication with the BMS, the CAN of the inverter adapts to the BMS of the lithium battery.
2	CAN (orange wire)	



**Figure 46 - Communication cable between the inverter and WeCo 5k3 battery**

- i. Make sure that the DIP switches are set as shown in the figure.
- j. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole.

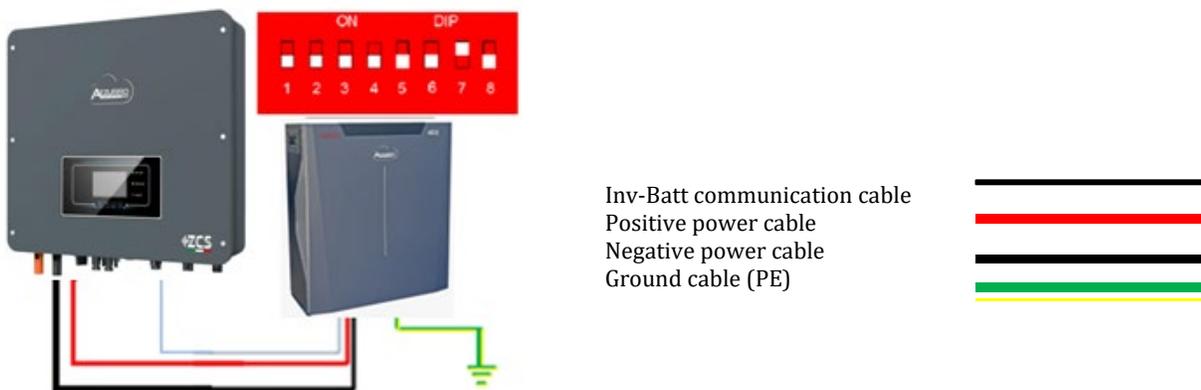
**Note:** Switch off the batteries each time the position of the DIP switches is changed.

To access the battery connection, remove the cover of the LV section located on the left side by unscrewing the screws with a cross screwdriver. Refer to the figure to identify the LV section.



**Attention:** When connecting 5k3 batteries to single-phase hybrid inverters, only use the low voltage section. To avoid damage to batteries or inverters, do not use the high voltage section.  
In case of a single battery:

1. Connect the CAN-A input
2. Set the DIP switches as shown in the figure.
3. Connect the power cables by connecting the appropriate B+ and B- connectors to the corresponding output.
4. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole.



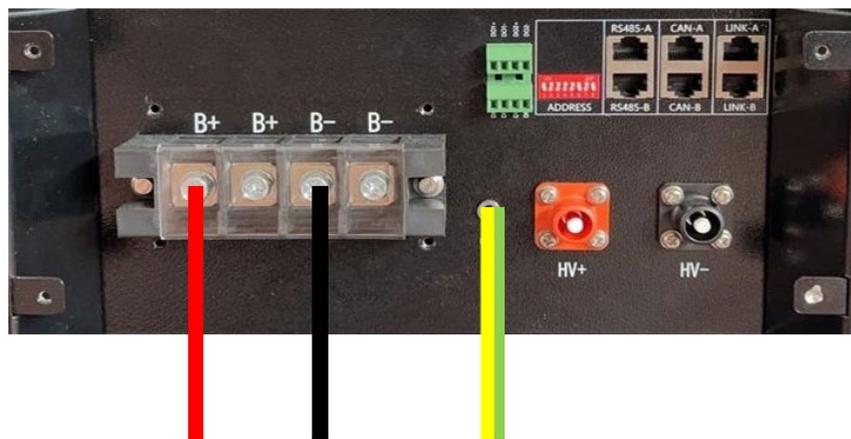
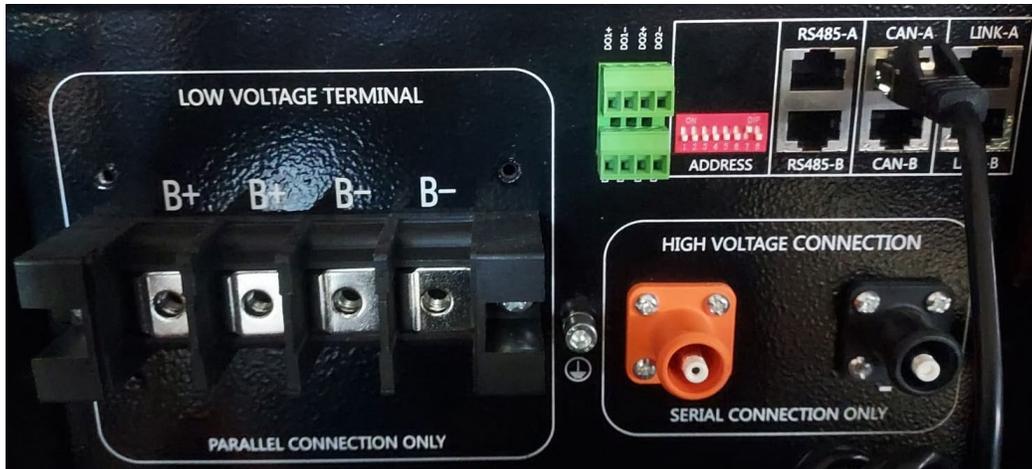


Figure 47 – Connecting the WeCo 5k3 battery

#### 4.13.2. Connecting multiple batteries in parallel 5K3

If there are multiple batteries:

- a. Check that the batteries have the same voltage level by switching them off, disconnecting them and switching them on one at a time, measuring the + and - terminals with a tester. Make sure that the difference between the voltages of all the batteries is less than 2 Volt.
- a. Set the DIP switches correctly according to the number of batteries connected, as shown in the figure. (Attention: only make changes when the battery is switched off.)
- b. Connect the communication cable inserted in the COM port of the inverter to the CAN-A port of one of the batteries, making it the master battery.

- c. From the master battery, connect the communication cable from the **RS485-B** port to the **RS485-A** communication port of the slave 1 battery. **(Attention: do not connect the RS485-A port to the master battery).**



Figure 48 – Communication cable between WeCo 5k3 batteries

- d. In the case of additional batteries, the communication cable should be connected as shown for connecting the master battery to slave 1 battery.
- e. The last battery will only have the **RS485-A** port connected.

As for the power connections, all batteries must be connected in parallel using the power cables (LV KIT), taking care that the cable does not exceed a length of 2.5 metres.

The “**NEGATIVE**” power cable coming from the inverter must be connected to the **MASTER** battery on the **NEGATIVE** terminal, while the “**POSITIVE**” power cable must be connected to the **SLAVE N** battery on the **POSITIVE** terminal.

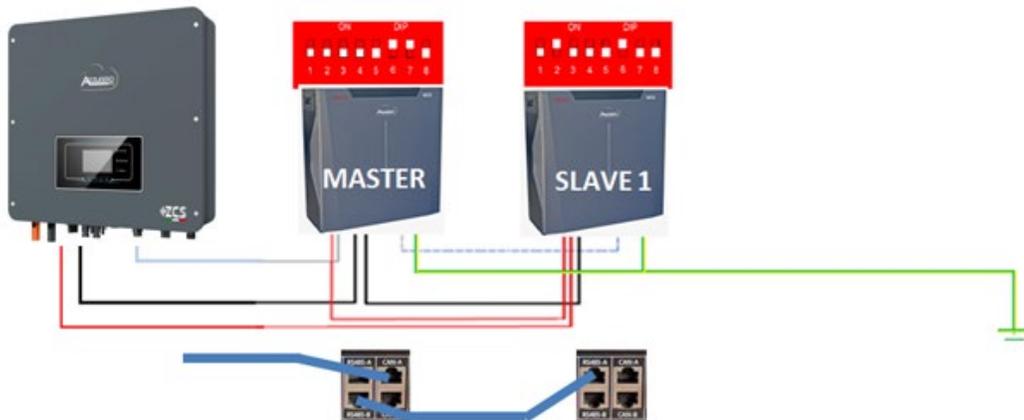


Figure 49 – Connecting two WeCo 5k3 batteries in parallel

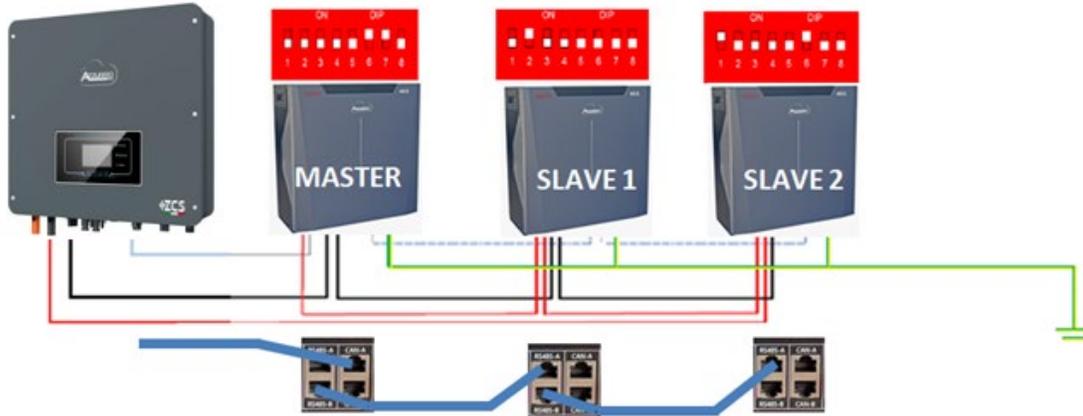


Figure 50 - Connecting three WeCo 5k3 batteries in parallel

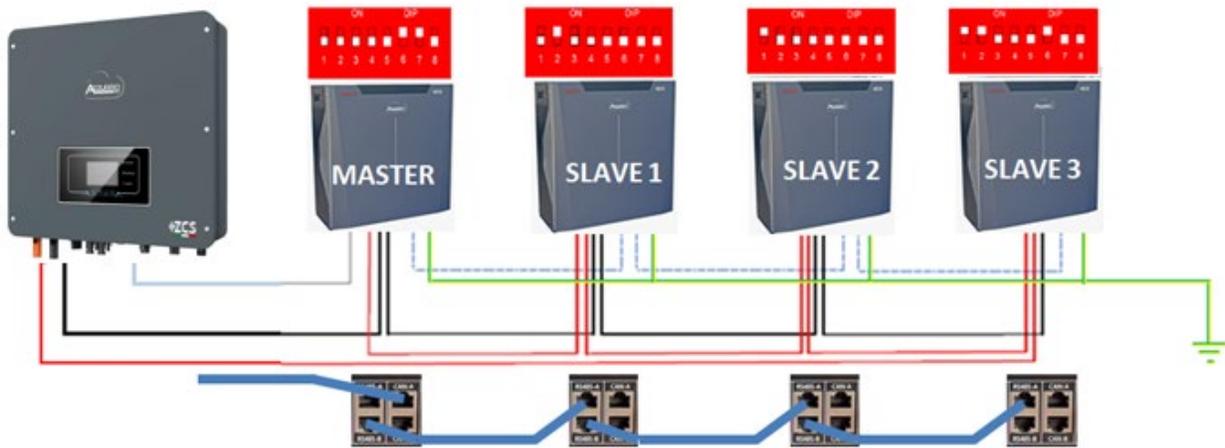


Figure 51 - Connecting four WeCo 5k3 batteries in parallel

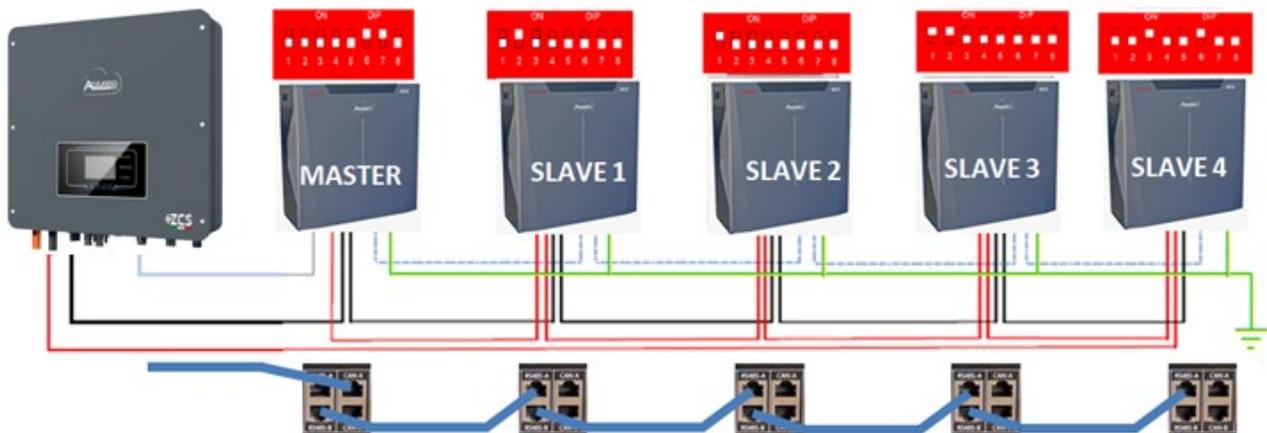


Figure 52 - Connecting five WeCo 5k3 batteries in parallel

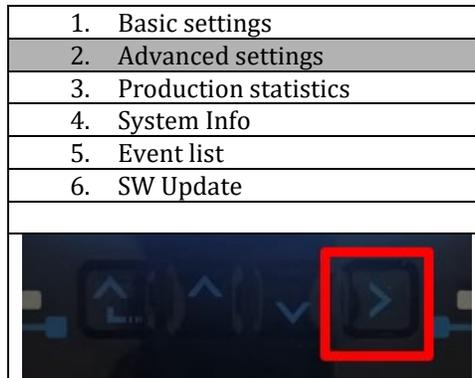
### 4.13.3. WeCo 5K3 configuration

To correctly configure the battery parameters:

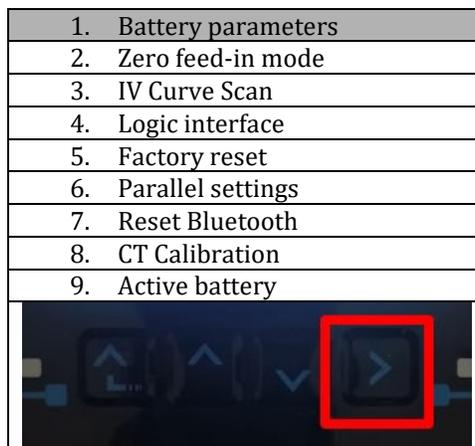
1. Press the first button on the left of the display:



2. Press the last arrow on the right (enter) to access the advanced settings (enter password 0715):



3. Now press the last arrow on the right to access the battery parameters



4. Check that the parameters are set correctly:

1.Battery type	WeCo
4.Depth of Discharge	80%
6.Save	

**NOTE:** When switched on for the first time, the WeCo batteries receive a command from the inverter to start regular operation only when all of them have collectively reached a state of full charge (i.e. a SOC level of 100%).

## 4.14. Connecting a WeCo 5K3XP battery

### 4.14.1. Connecting a single 5K3XP battery

Inside the battery box is the cable for communication between the battery and inverter.

This cable must be connected to the battery by inserting the RJ45 (8 pin) plug into the appropriate Input:

**NOTE:** to connect the WeCo batteries, use the communication cable labelled WECO contained in the inverter kit (or otherwise use the one inside the battery kit, leaving the RJ45 side intact and cutting the other side to use orange and white-orange, connecting them to the COM port of the inverter).

k. Insert the connector into the CAN-A port of the single battery.

Inverter PIN	Battery communication	Note
1	CAN (white-orange wire)	Communication with the BMS, the CAN of the inverter adapts to the BMS of the lithium battery.
2	CAN (orange wire)	

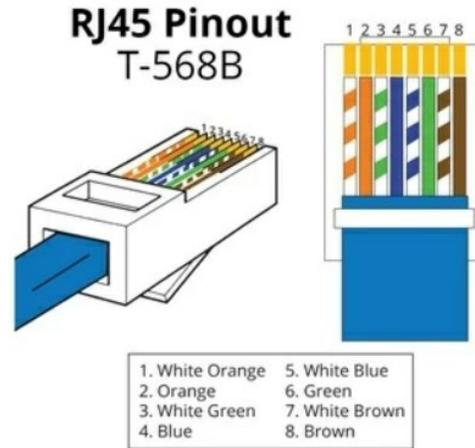
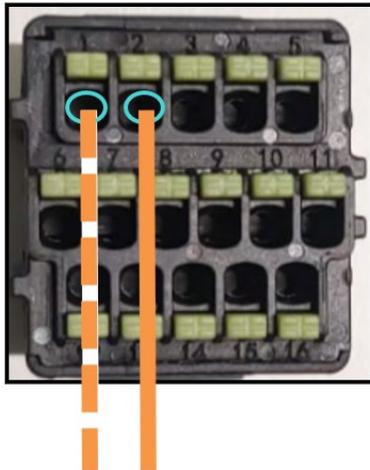


Figure 53 - Communication cable between the inverter and WeCo 5K3XP battery

- l. Make sure that the DIP switches are set as shown in the figure.
- m. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole.

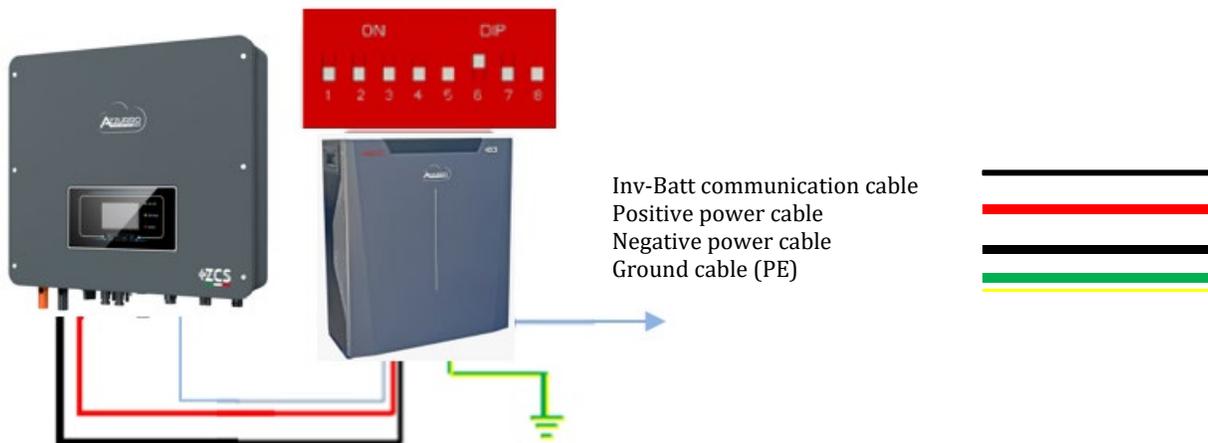
**Note:** Switch off the batteries each time the position of the DIP switches is changed.

To access the battery connection, remove the cover of the LV section located on the left side by unscrewing the screws with a cross screwdriver. Refer to the figure to identify the LV section.



**Attention:** When connecting 5K3XP batteries to single-phase hybrid inverters, only use the low voltage section. To avoid damage to batteries or inverters, do not use the high voltage section.  
In case of a single battery:

5. Connect the CAN-A input
6. Set the DIP switches as shown in the figure below.
7. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole.
8. Connect the power cables by connecting the appropriate B+ and B- connectors to the corresponding output.



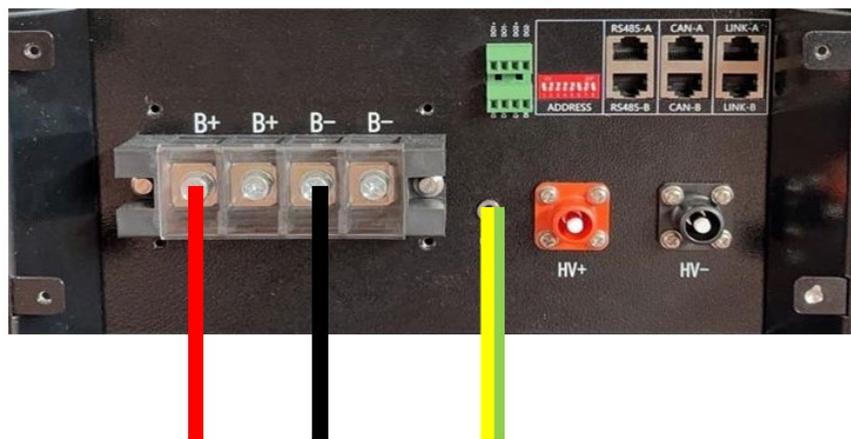
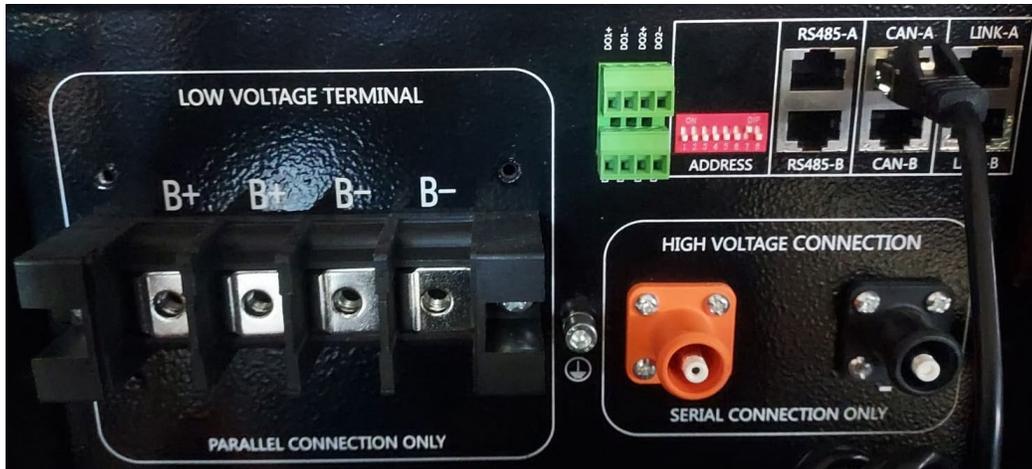


Figure 54 - Connecting the WeCo 5K3XP battery

#### 4.14.2. Connecting multiple batteries in parallel 5K3XP

If there are multiple batteries:

- a. Check that the batteries have the same voltage level by switching them off, disconnecting them and switching them on one at a time, measuring the + and - terminals with a tester. Make sure that the difference between the voltages of all the batteries is less than 2 Volt.
- f. Set the DIP switches correctly according to the number of batteries connected, as shown in the figure. (Attention: only make changes when the battery is switched off.)
- g. Connect the communication cable inserted in the COM port of the inverter to the CAN-A port of one of the batteries, making it the master battery.

- h. From the master battery, connect the communication cable from the **RS485-B** port to the **RS485-A** communication port of the slave 1 battery. (**Attention: do not connect the RS485-A port to the master battery**).



Figure 55 – Communication cable between WeCo 5K3XP batteries

- i. In the case of additional batteries, the communication cable should be connected as shown for connecting the master battery to slave 1 battery.
- j. The last battery will only have the **RS485-A** port connected.

As for the power connections, all batteries must be connected in parallel using the power cables (LV KIT), taking care that the cable does not exceed a length of 2.5 metres.

The “**NEGATIVE**” power cable coming from the inverter must be connected to the **MASTER** battery on the **NEGATIVE** terminal, while the “**POSITIVE**” power cable must be connected to the **SLAVE N** battery on the **POSITIVE** terminal.

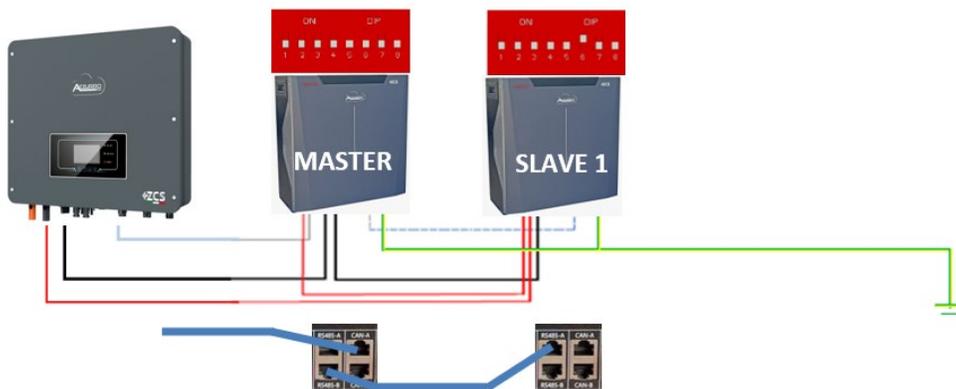


Figure 56 – Connecting two WeCo 5K3XP batteries in parallel

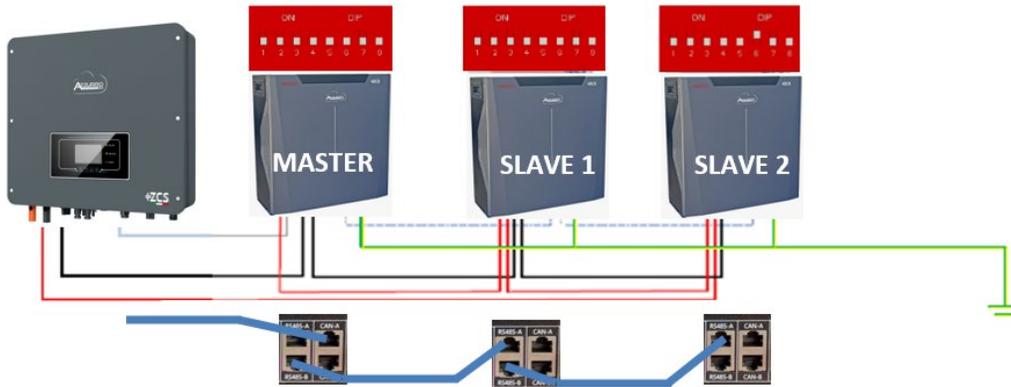


Figure 57 – Connecting three WeCo 5K3XP batteries in parallel

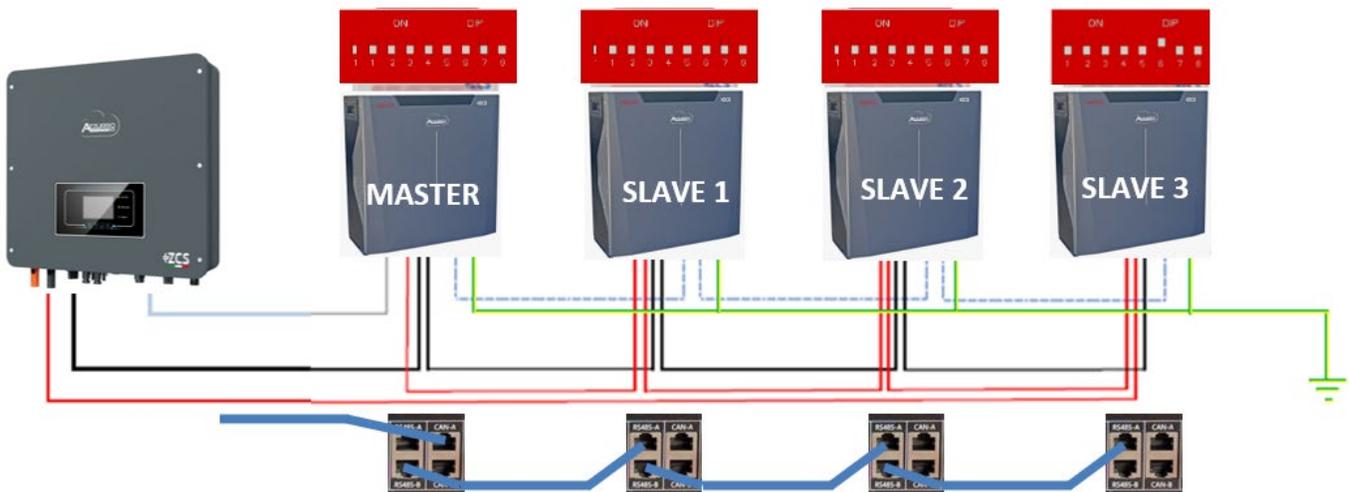


Figure 58 – Connecting four WeCo 5K3XP batteries in parallel

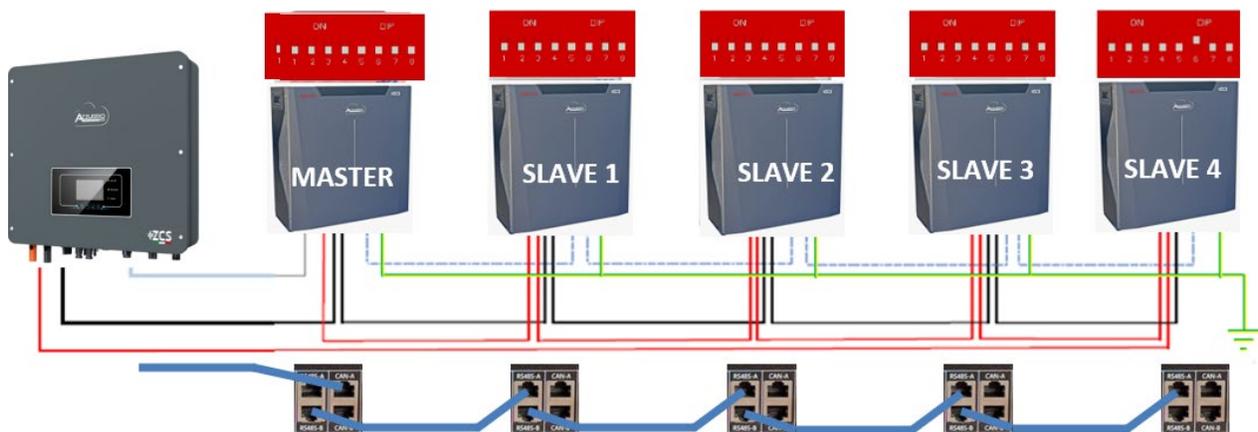


Figure 59 – Connecting five WeCo 5K3XP batteries in parallel



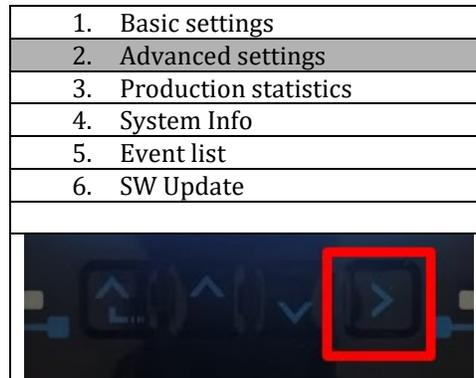
### 4.14.3. WeCo 5K3XP configuration

To correctly configure the battery parameters:

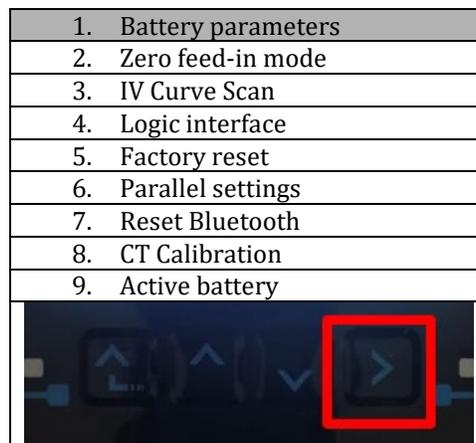
1. Press the first button on the left of the display:



2. Press the last arrow on the right (enter) to access the advanced settings (enter password 0715):



3. Now press the last arrow on the right to access the battery parameters



4. Check that the parameters are set correctly:

1.Battery type	WeCo
4.Depth of Discharge	80%
6.Save	

#### 4.14.4. Switching on WeCo 5K3XP batteries

In order to carry out the correct switch-on procedure:

6. The batteries must all be switched off (side switch to 0);



7. Inverter DC rotary switch set to OFF;



8. Set all batteries, via the side switch, to 1 without switching them on (do not press the round metal button);
9. Switch on the master battery ONLY by pressing the button until the LED lights up;
10. The batteries will automatically switch on in succession (each module will turn on independently and the side switch will flash for 3 seconds; then a steady GREEN light will confirm that each module is powered on);

**NOTE:** During the commissioning phase, the installer must ensure that the communication between the master battery and the inverter is connected properly. Do not leave the system powered when there is no communication between the master battery and inverter, as prolonged standby of the system could cause an imbalance due to natural self-discharge.

**NOTE:** When switched on for the first time, the WeCo batteries receive a command from the inverter to start regular operation only when all of them have collectively reached a state of full charge (i.e. a SOC level of 100%).

### 4.15. WeCo 5K3XP battery and 5K3 batteries in parallel

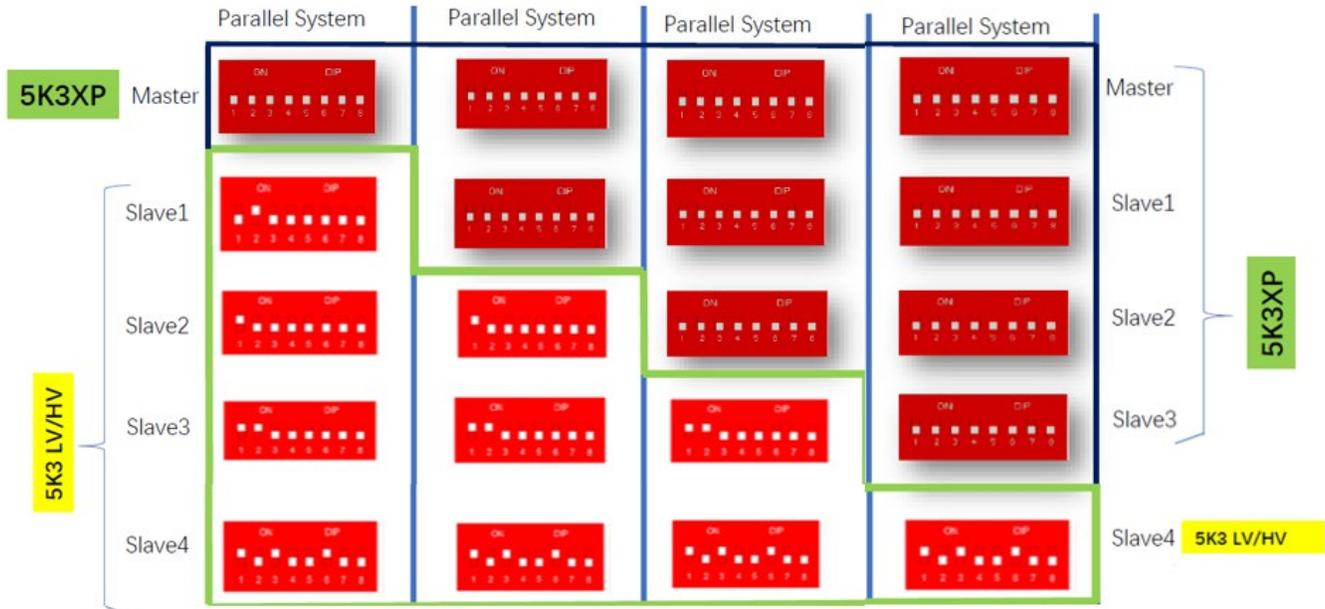


Figure 60 – Connecting WeCo 5K3XP and WeCo 5K3 batteries in parallel

In case of 5K3XP and 5K3 in parallel:

- ✓ Always set the 5K3XP battery as the master (set them as slaves first if there is more than one);
- ✓ Set the DIP switches of the last 5K3 battery as shown in the example table - Slave 4;
- ✓ Set the DIP switches of the 5K3 batteries according to their slave number, as shown in the table above (e.g. DIP switch: Master 5K3XP - 00000000, Slave 1 5K3XP - 00000000, Slave 2 5K3 - 10000000 and Slave 3 5K3 - 10100100).

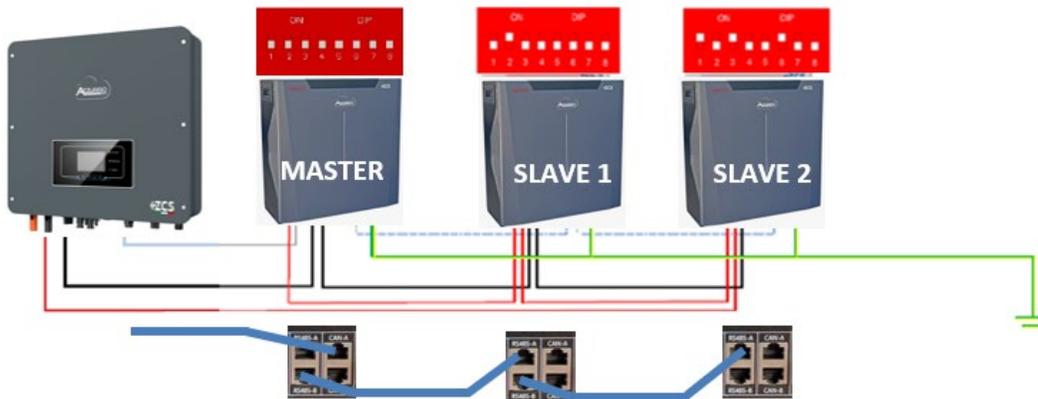


Figure 61 – Connecting 5K3XP Master and 5K3 Slave in parallel

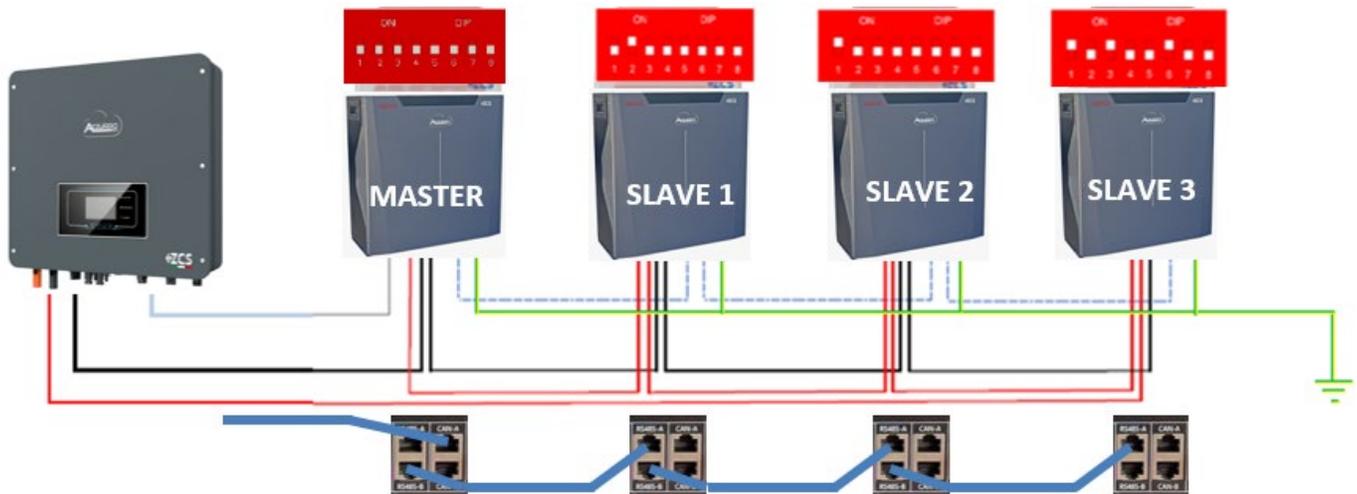


Figure 62 – Connecting 5K3XP Master and 5K3 Slave in parallel

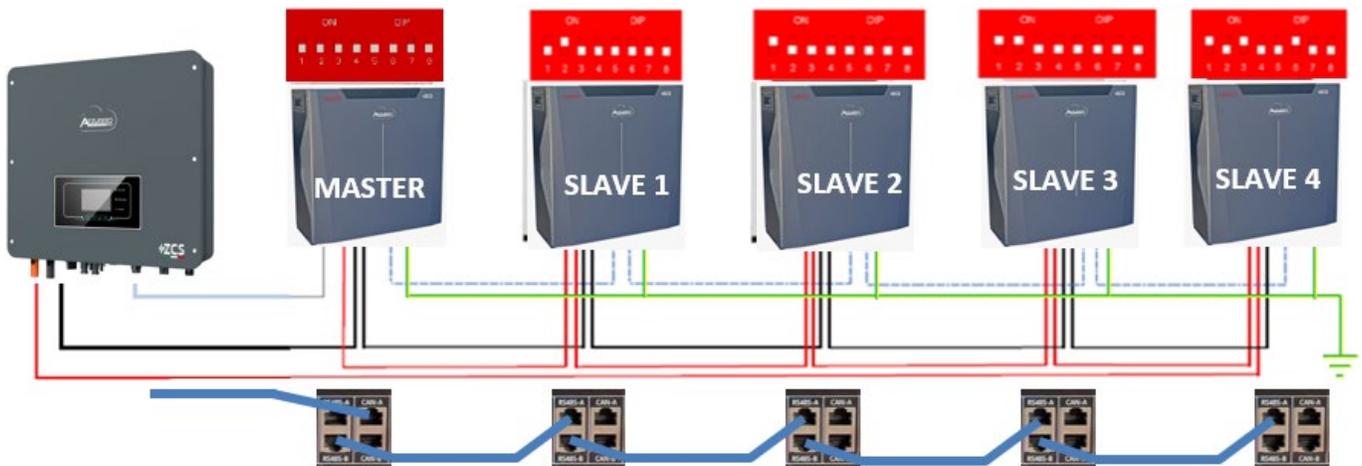


Figure 63 – Connecting 5K3XP Master and 5K3 Slave in parallel

**NOTE:** When switched on for the first time, the WeCo batteries receive a command from the inverter to start regular operation only when all of them have collectively reached a state of full charge (i.e. a SOC level of 100%).

## 4.16. Connecting an AZZURRO 5000 battery

### 4.16.1. Connecting a single AZZURRO 5000 battery

Inside the inverter box there is the cable for communication between the battery and inverter. This cable must be connected to the battery by inserting the RJ45 (8 pin) plug into the appropriate Input:

- a. Insert the connector into the CAN port of the single battery.

Inverter PIN	Battery communication	Note
1	CAN H (blue wire)	Communication with the BMS, the CAN of the inverter adapts to the BMS of the lithium battery.
2	CAN L (white-blue wire)	

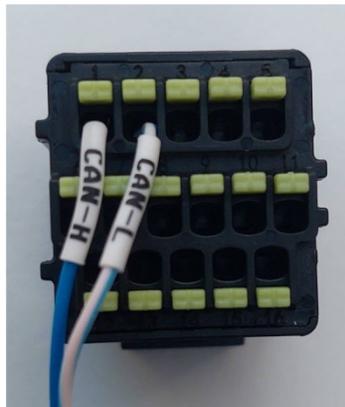


Figure 64 - Communication cable between the inverter and AZZURRO 5000 battery

- b. Connect the ground cable to the battery via the appropriate contact.

**NOTE:** The communication cable is located inside the inverter kit.

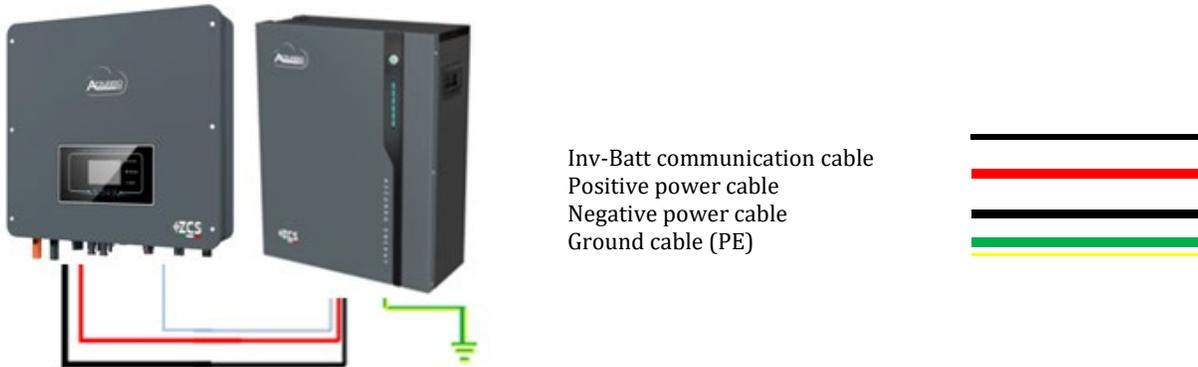


Figure 65 – Connecting the AZZURRO 5000 battery

In case of a single battery:

1. Connect the **CAN** input for communication between the inverter and battery.
2. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole indicated by the ground symbol.
3. Connect the power cables by connecting the appropriate P+ and P- connectors to the corresponding output (as shown in the figure). The power cables are located inside the appropriate KIT (not included with the battery).

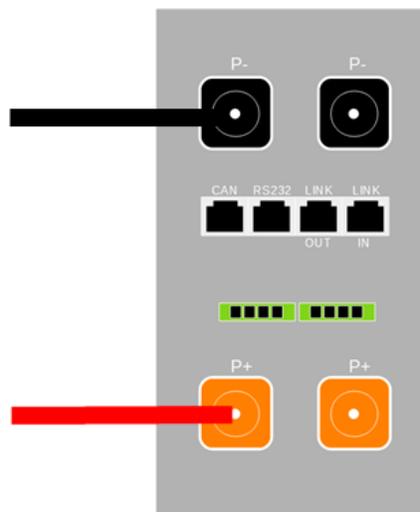


Figure 66 – Terminal block of the AZZURRO 5000 battery

4. Press the button on the front of the battery to switch it on.



Figure 67- Power button of the AZZURRO 5000 battery

#### 4.16.2. Connecting multiple batteries in parallel AZZURRO 5000

Both AZZURRO 5000 and AZZURRO 5000PRO batteries can be connected to the same inverter. AZZURRO 5000 and/or AZZURRO 5000PRO batteries **CANNOT** be connected to **AZZURRO ZSX 5120** batteries.

If there are multiple batteries:

- a. Check that the batteries have the same voltage level by switching them off, disconnecting them and switching them on one at a time, measuring the + and - terminals with a tester. Make sure that the difference between the voltages of all the batteries is less than 2 Volt. The power cables are located inside the appropriate KIT (not included with the battery).
- b. Connect the communication cable from the COM port of the inverter to the CAN port of the master battery. The master battery must be connected via the communication cable found inside the appropriate KIT (not included with the battery) starting from the LINK OUT port and arriving at the LINK IN communication port of the slave 1 battery. **(Attention: do not connect the LINK IN port to the master battery).**



Figure 68 – Communication cable between AZZURRO 5000 batteries

- c. In the case of additional batteries, the communication cable should be connected as shown above for connecting the master battery to slave 1 battery.
- d. The last battery will only have the **LINK IN** port connected.

As for the power connections, all batteries must be connected in parallel using the power cables supplied in the KIT (not included with the battery), taking care that the cable does not exceed a length of 2.0 metres. The “**NEGATIVE**” power cable exiting the inverter must be connected to the **MASTER** battery on **NEGATIVE** terminal, while the “**POSITIVE**” cable must be connected to the last **SLAVE N** battery on the **POSITIVE** terminal.

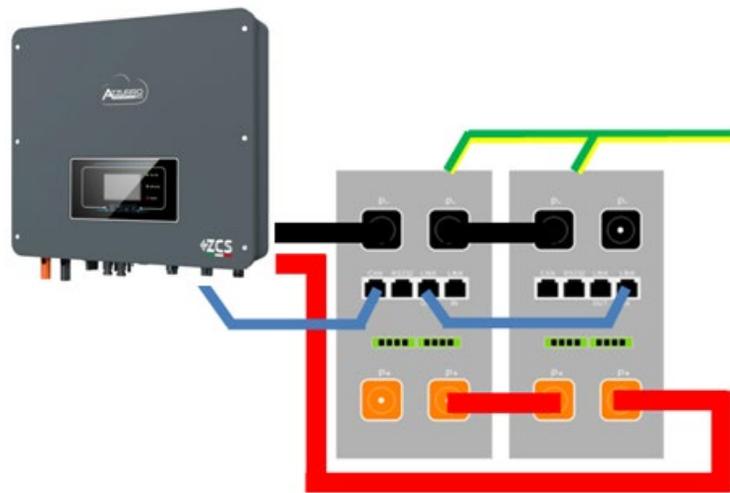


Figure 69 – Connecting two AZZURRO 5000 batteries in parallel

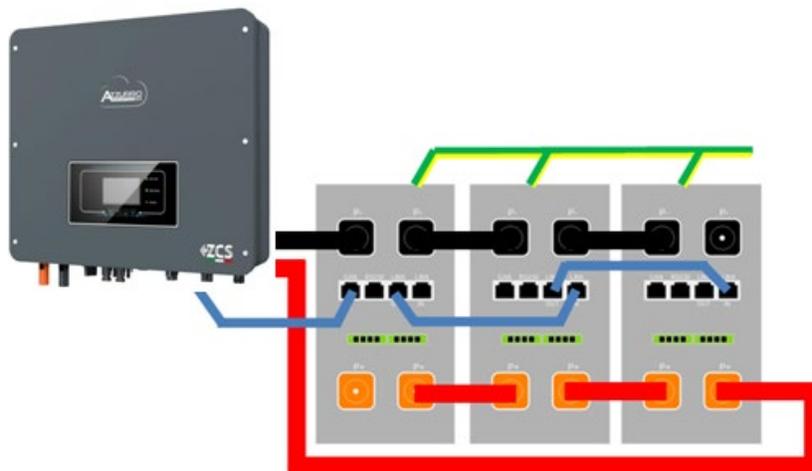


Figure 70 – Connecting three AZZURRO 5000 batteries in parallel

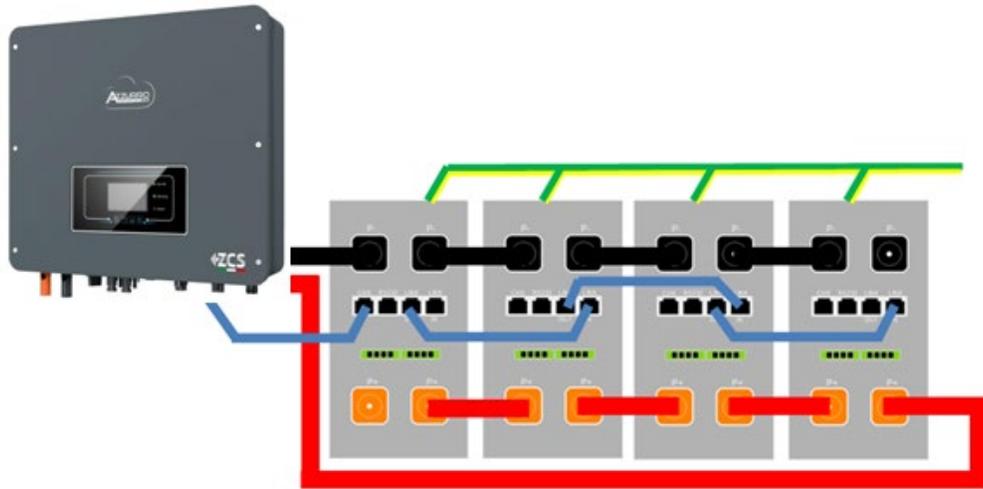
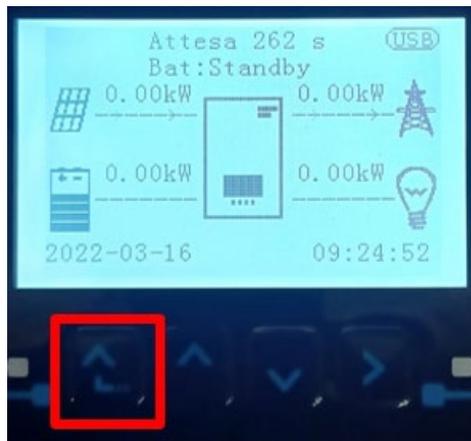


Figure 71 - Connecting four AZZURRO 5000 batteries in parallel

### 4.16.3. 5000 AZZURRO configuration

To correctly configure the battery parameters:

1. Press the first button on the left of the display:



2. Press the last arrow on the right (enter) to access the advanced settings (enter password 0715):

1. Basic settings
2. Advanced settings
3. Production statistics
4. System Info
5. Event list
6. SW Update


3. Now press the last arrow on the right to access the battery parameters

1. Battery parameters
2. Zero feed-in mode
3. IV Curve Scan
4. Logic interface
5. Factory reset
6. Parallel settings
7. Reset Bluetooth
8. CT Calibration
9. Active battery


4. Check that the parameters are set correctly:

1. Battery type	Azzurro
4. Depth of Discharge	80%
6. Save	

## 4.17. Connecting an AZZURRO 5000 PRO battery

### 4.17.1. Connecting a single AZZURRO 5000 PRO battery

Inside the inverter box there is the cable for communication between the battery and inverter. This cable must be connected to the battery by inserting the RJ45 (8 pin) plug into the appropriate Input:

- c. Insert the connector into the CAN port of the single battery.

Inverter PIN	Battery communication	Note
1	CAN H (blue wire)	Communication with the BMS, the CAN of the inverter adapts to the BMS of the lithium battery.
2	CAN L (white-blue wire)	

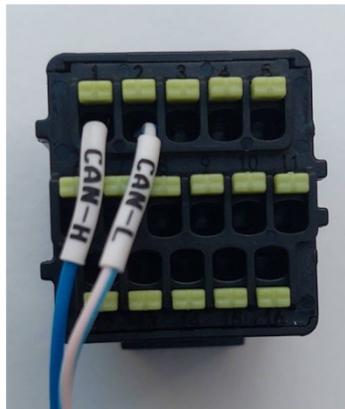


Figure 72 - Communication cable between the inverter and AZZURRO 5000 PRO battery

- d. Connect the ground cable to the battery via the appropriate contact.

**NOTE:** The communication cable is located inside the inverter kit.

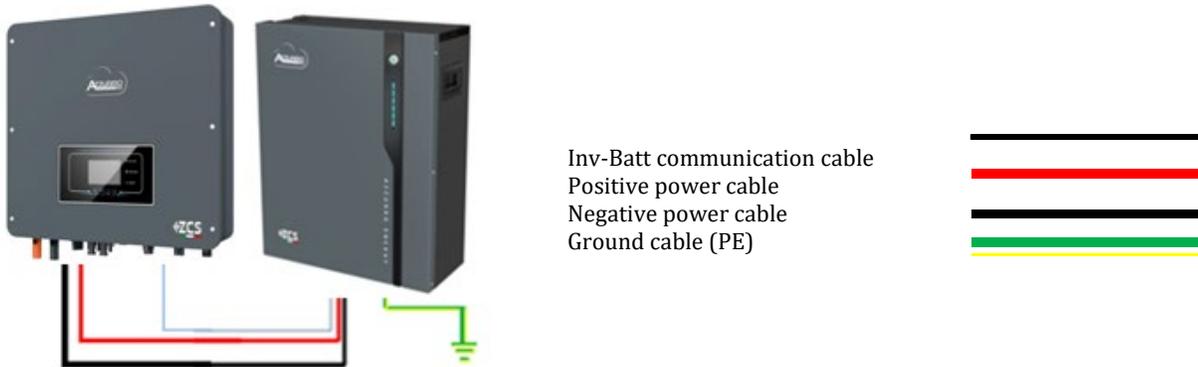


Figure 73 – Connecting the AZZURRO 5000 PRO battery

In case of a single battery:

5. Connect the **CAN** input for communication between the inverter and battery.
6. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole indicated by the ground symbol.
7. Connect the power cables by connecting the appropriate P+ and P- connectors to the corresponding output (as shown in the figure). The power cables are located inside the appropriate KIT (not included with the battery).

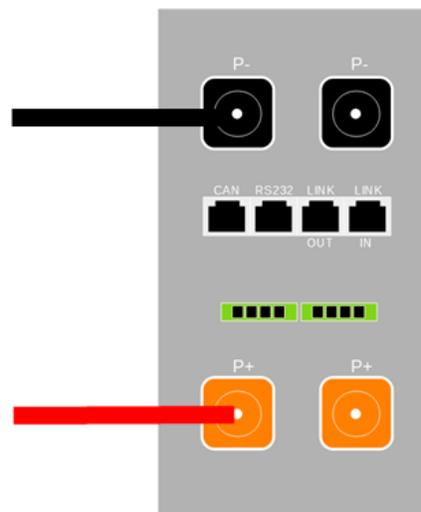


Figure 74 – Terminal block of the AZZURRO 5000 PRO battery

8. Press the button on the front of the battery to switch it on.



Figure 75– Power button of the AZZURRO 5000 PRO battery

#### 4.17.2. Connecting multiple batteries in parallel AZZURRO 5000 PRO

Both AZZURRO 5000 and AZZURRO 5000PRO batteries can be connected to the same inverter. AZZURRO 5000 and/or AZZURRO 5000PRO batteries **CANNOT** be connected to **AZZURRO ZSX 5120** batteries.

If there are multiple batteries:

- e. Check that the batteries have the same voltage level by switching them off, disconnecting them and switching them on one at a time, measuring the + and - terminals with a tester. Make sure that the difference between the voltages of all the batteries is less than 2 Volt. The power cables are located inside the appropriate KIT (not included with the battery).
- f. Connect the communication cable from the COM port of the inverter to the CAN port of the master battery. The master battery must be connected via the communication cable found inside the appropriate KIT (not included with the battery) starting from the LINK OUT port and arriving at the LINK IN communication port of the slave 1 battery. **(Attention: do not connect the LINK IN port to the master battery).**



Figure 76 – Communication cable between AZZURRO 5000 PRO batteries

- g. In the case of additional batteries, the communication cable should be connected as shown above for connecting the master battery to slave 1 battery.
- h. The last battery will only have the **LINK IN** port connected.

As for the power connections, all batteries must be connected in parallel using the power cables supplied in the KIT (not included with the battery), taking care that the cable does not exceed a length of 2.0 metres. The “**NEGATIVE**” power cable exiting the inverter must be connected to the **MASTER** battery on **NEGATIVE** terminal, while the “**POSITIVE**” cable must be connected to the last **SLAVE N** battery on the **POSITIVE** terminal.

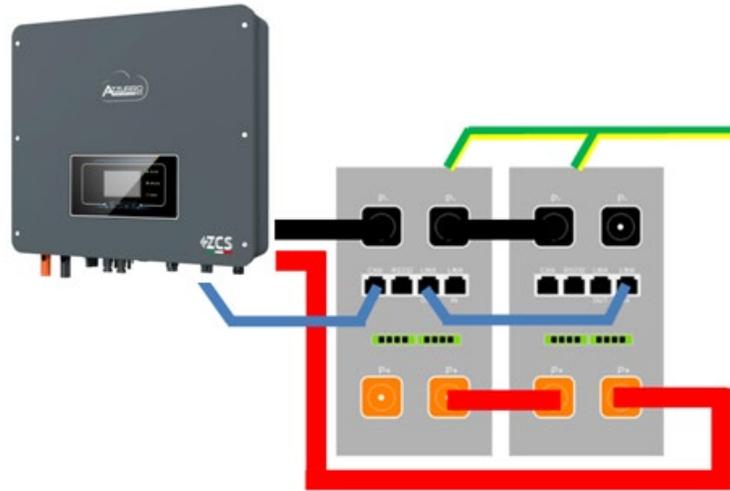


Figure 77 - Connecting two AZZURRO 5000 PRO batteries in parallel

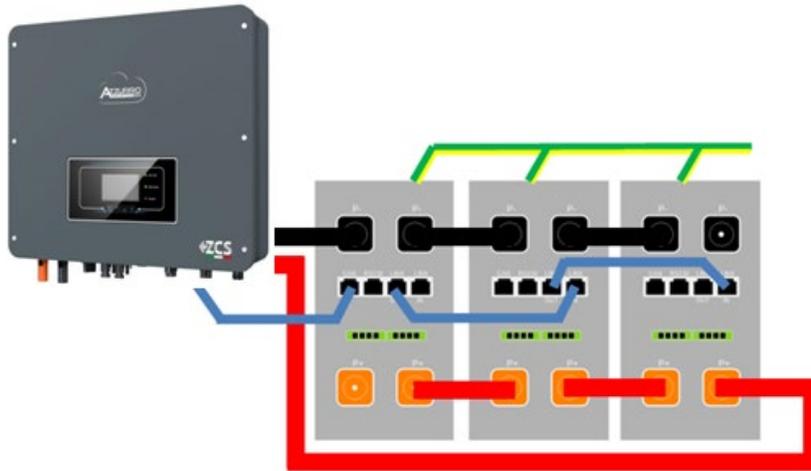


Figure 78 - Connecting three AZZURRO 5000 PRO batteries in parallel

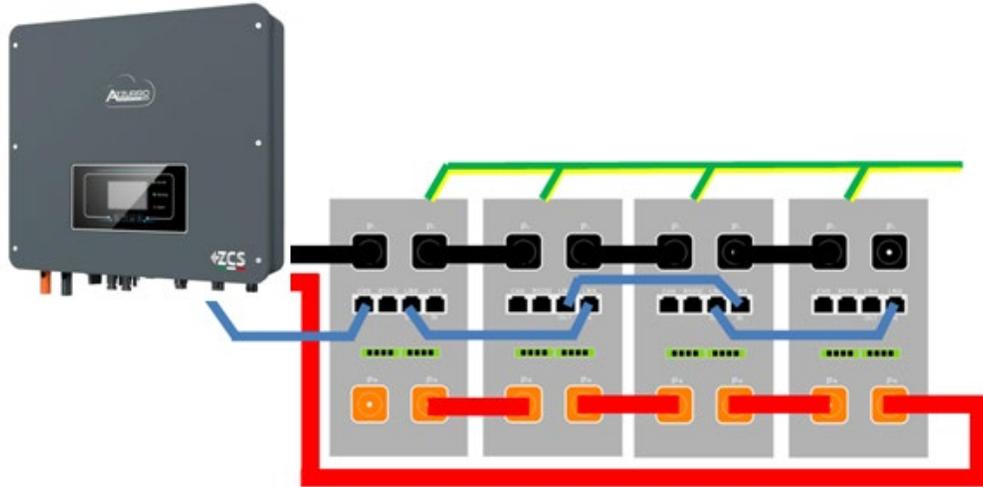
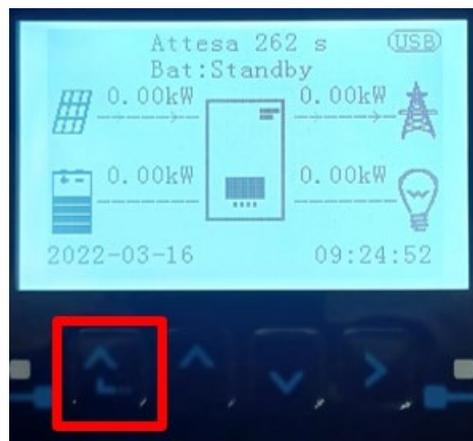


Figure 79 – Connecting four AZZURRO 5000 PRO batteries in parallel

### 4.17.3. AZZURRO 5000 PRO configuration

To correctly configure the battery parameters:

1. Press the first button on the left of the display:



2. Press the last arrow on the right (enter) to access the advanced settings (enter password 0715):

1. Basic settings
2. Advanced settings
3. Production statistics
4. System Info
5. Event list
6. SW Update


3. Now press the last arrow on the right to access the battery parameters

1. Battery parameters
2. Zero feed-in mode
3. IV Curve Scan
4. Logic interface
5. Factory reset
6. Parallel settings
7. Reset Bluetooth
8. CT Calibration
9. Active battery


4. Check that the parameters are set correctly:

1. Battery type	Azzurro
4. Depth of Discharge	80%
6. Save	

## 4.18. Connecting an AZZURRO ZSX 5120 battery

### 4.18.1. Connecting a single AZZURRO ZSX 5120 battery

Inside the inverter box there is the cable for communication between the battery and inverter. This cable must be connected to the battery by inserting the RJ45 (8 pin) plug into the appropriate Input:

- a. Insert the connector into the CAN port of the single battery.

Inverter PIN	Battery communication	Note
1	CAN H (blue wire)	Communication with the BMS, the CAN of the inverter adapts to the BMS of the lithium battery.
2	CAN L (white-blue wire)	

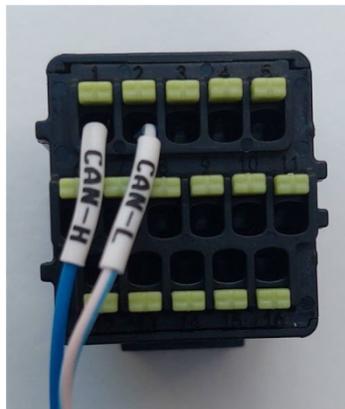


Figure 80 - Communication cable between the inverter and AZZURRO ZSX 5120 battery

- b. Connect the ground cable to the battery via the appropriate contact.

**NOTE:** The communication cable is located inside the inverter kit.

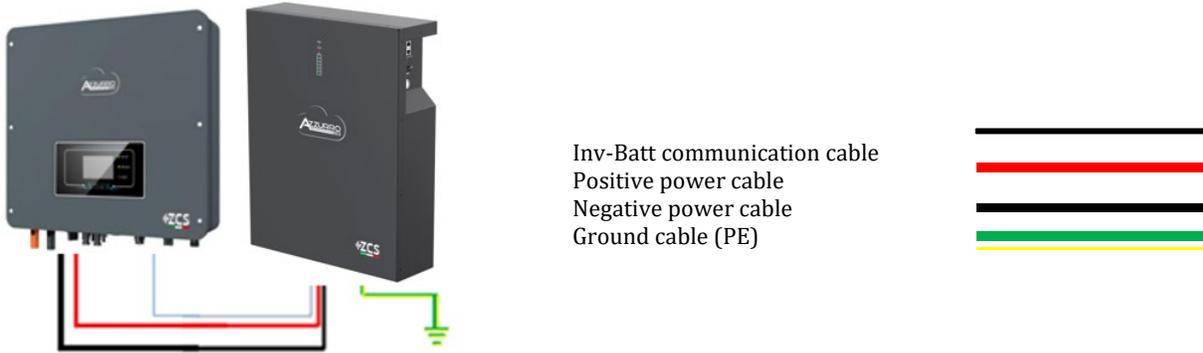


Figure 81 – Connecting the AZZURRO ZSX 5120 battery

In case of a single battery:

1. Connect the **CAN** input for communication between the inverter and battery.
2. Connect the ground cable to the battery through the threaded hole indicated by the ground symbol.
3. Connect the power cables by connecting the appropriate P+ and P- connectors to the corresponding output (as shown in the figure). The power cables are located inside the appropriate KIT (not included with the battery).



Figure 82 – Terminal block of the AZZURRO ZSX 5120 battery



4. Press the switch and turn it to the ON position, then press the SW button of the battery to switch it on.



Figure 83- Power button of the AZZURRO ZSX 5120 battery

#### 4.18.2. Connecting multiple batteries in parallel AZZURRO ZSX 5120

Both AZZURRO 5000 and AZZURRO 5000PRO batteries can be connected to the same inverter. AZZURRO 5000 and/or AZZURRO 5000PRO batteries **CANNOT** be connected to **AZZURRO ZSX 5120** batteries.

If there are multiple batteries:

- a. Check that the batteries have the same voltage level by switching them off, disconnecting them and switching them on one at a time, measuring the + and - terminals with a tester. Make sure that the difference between the voltages of all the batteries is less than 2 Volt. The power cables are located inside the appropriate KIT (not included with the battery).
- b. Connect the communication cable from the COM port of the inverter to the CAN port of the master battery. The master battery must be connected via the communication cable found inside the appropriate KIT (not included with the battery) starting from the LINK OUT port and arriving at the LINK IN communication port of the slave 1 battery. (**Attention: do not connect the LINK IN port to the master battery**).



Figure 84 - Communication cable between AZZURRO ZSX 5120 batteries

- c. In the case of additional batteries, the communication cable should be connected as shown above for connecting the master battery to slave 1 battery.
- d. The last battery will only have the **LINK IN** port connected.

As for the power connections, all batteries must be connected in parallel using the power cables supplied in the KIT (not included with the battery), taking care that the cable does not exceed a length of 2.0 metres. The “**NEGATIVE**” power cable exiting the inverter must be connected to the **MASTER** battery on **NEGATIVE** terminal, while the “**POSITIVE**” cable must be connected to the last **SLAVE N** battery on the **POSITIVE** terminal.

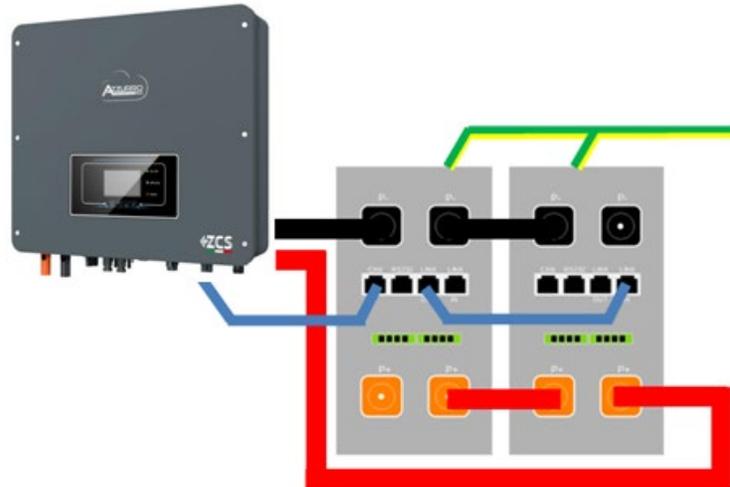


Figure 85 - Connecting two AZZURRO ZSX 5120 batteries in parallel

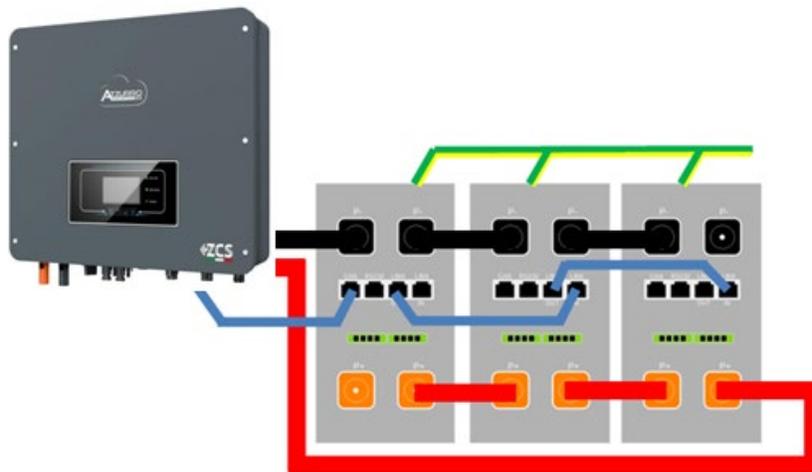


Figure 86 - Connecting three AZZURRO ZSX 5120 batteries in parallel

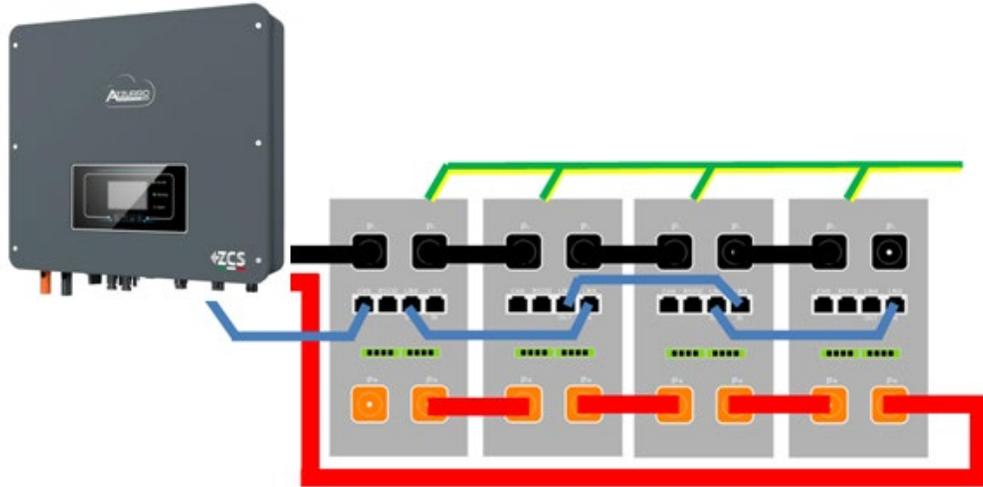


Figure 87 - Connecting four AZZURRO ZSX 5120 batteries in parallel

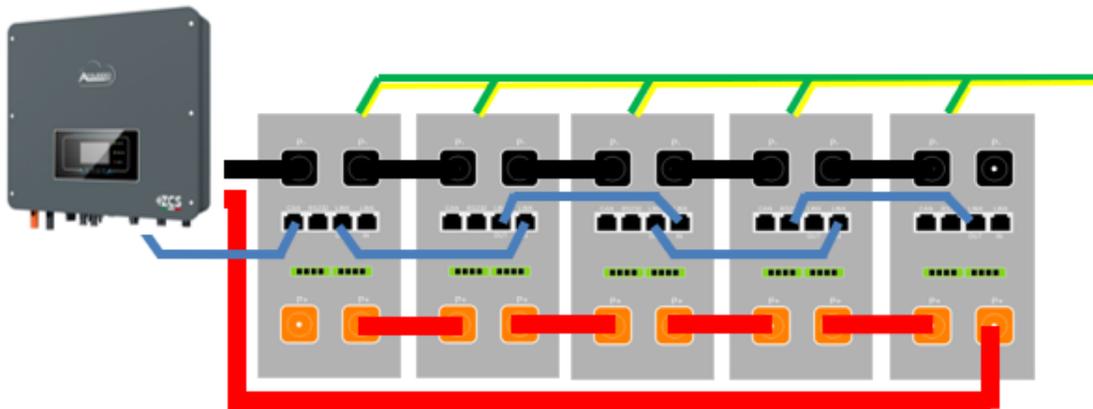
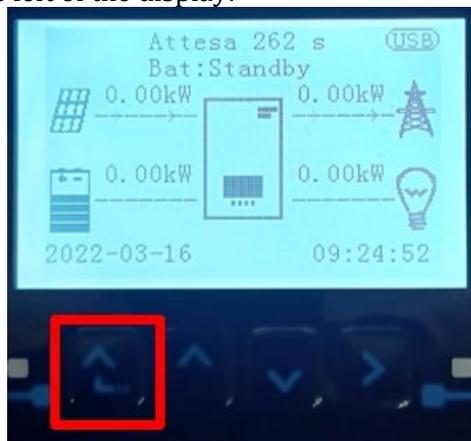


Figure 88 - Connecting five AZZURRO ZSX 5120 batteries in parallel

### 4.18.3. AZZURRO ZSX5120 configuration

To correctly configure the battery parameters:

1. Press the first button on the left of the display:



2. Press the last arrow on the right (enter) to access the advanced settings (enter password 0715):

1. Basic settings
2. Advanced settings
3. Production statistics
4. System Info
5. Event list
6. SW Update



3. Now press the last arrow on the right to access the battery parameters

1. Battery parameters
2. Zero feed-in mode
3. IV Curve Scan
4. Logic interface
5. Factory reset
6. Parallel settings
7. Reset Bluetooth
8. CT Calibration
9. Active battery



4. Check that the parameters are set correctly:

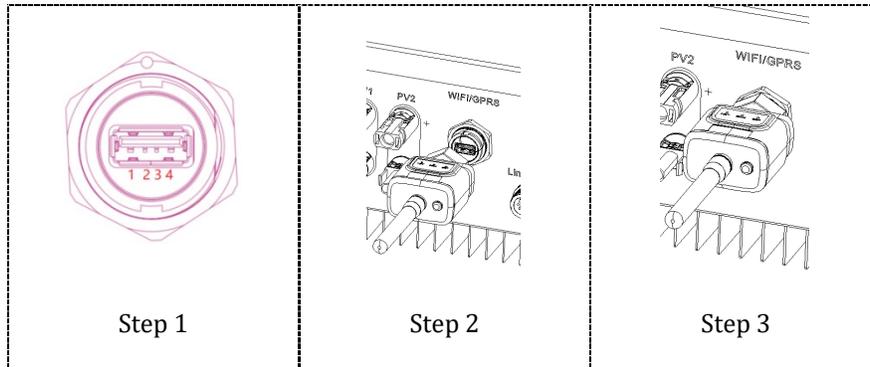
1.Battery type	Azzurro
4.Depth of Discharge	80%
6.Save	



## 5. External communication interface

### 5.1. USB/WIFI communication interface

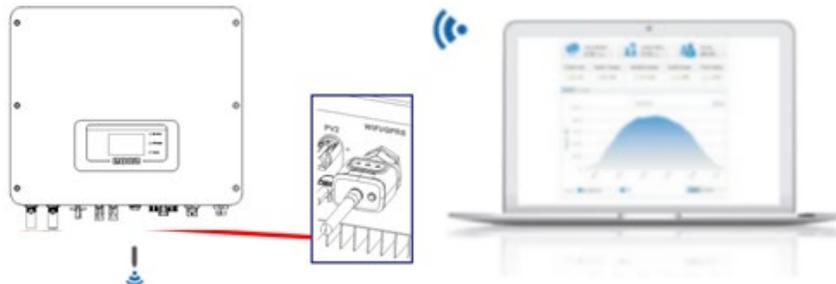
USB/ WIFI communication interface.

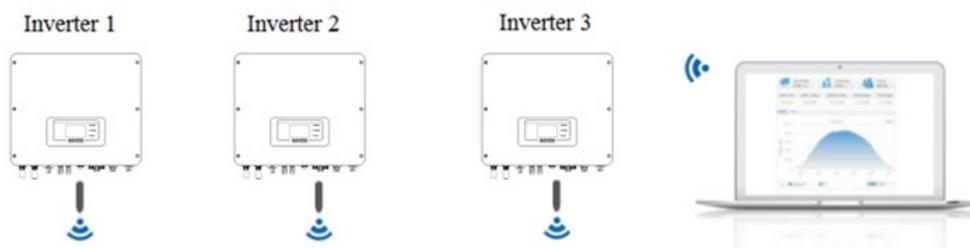


Interface description.

PIN	Definition	Function	Note
1	GND.S	USB power supply -	USB power supply is 5 V/1 A; cannot be used to charge external devices
2	DP	Data USB +	
3	DM	Data USB -	
4	VBUS	USB power supply +	

Refer to the figure shown below.



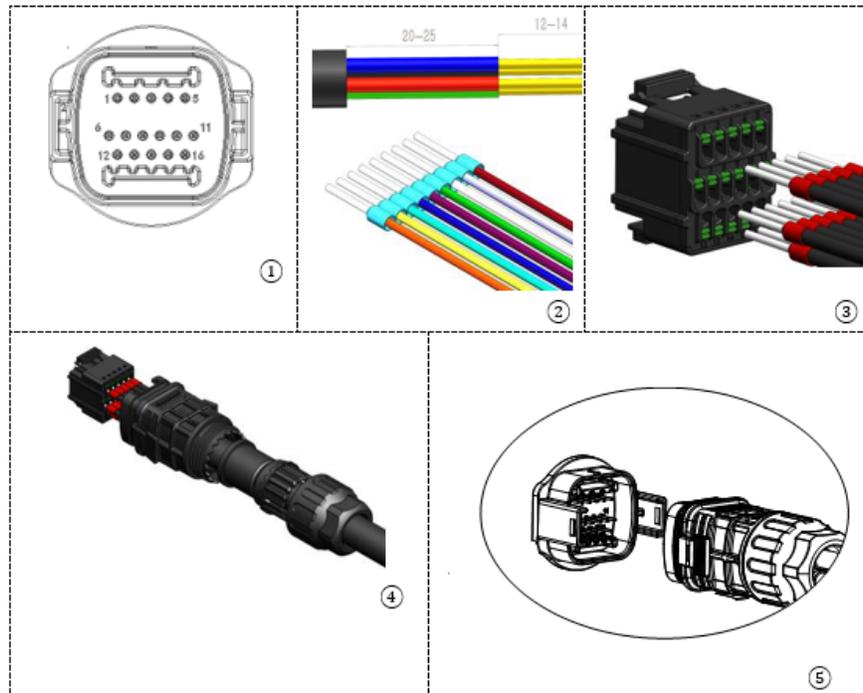


Operating information (energy generated, alerts, operating status) of the inverter can be transferred to a PC or uploaded to the server via Wi-Fi/GPRS/Ethernet. Users can choose to use the web portal or app for monitoring and displaying as required.

### 5.1.1. Multifunction communication interface (COM)

Interface description.

PIN	Definition	Function	Note
1	CAN	CAN data transmission	For communication between the inverter and the lithium battery management system (BMS), it is essential that the battery used is of the Zucchetti brand. This enables CAN communication and RS485 communication.
2	CAN	CAN data transmission	
3	485-2TX+	RS485+ differential signal	
4	485-2TX-	RS485- differential signal	
5	485-1TX+	RS485+ differential signal	Wired or cascade monitoring of the inverter
6	485-1TX-	RS485- differential signal	
7	GND-S	The logic interfaces (DRMS) apply to the following safety standards: Australia (AS4777), Europe (50549), Germany (4105)	Logic interface connections
8	DRMS1/5		
9	DRMS2/6		
10	DRMS3/7		
11	DRMS4/8		
12	DRMS0		
13	CT-	Current sensor emits a negative electrode	Current sensor connection (CT)
14	CT+	Current sensor emits a positive electrode	
15	RS485-B	RS485+ differential signal	Communication with the meter
16	RS485-A	RS485- differential signal	



**1. CAN (port 1 and 2)**

Connection for BMS communication

**2. RS485 (wired or cascade monitoring of the inverter port 5 and 6)**

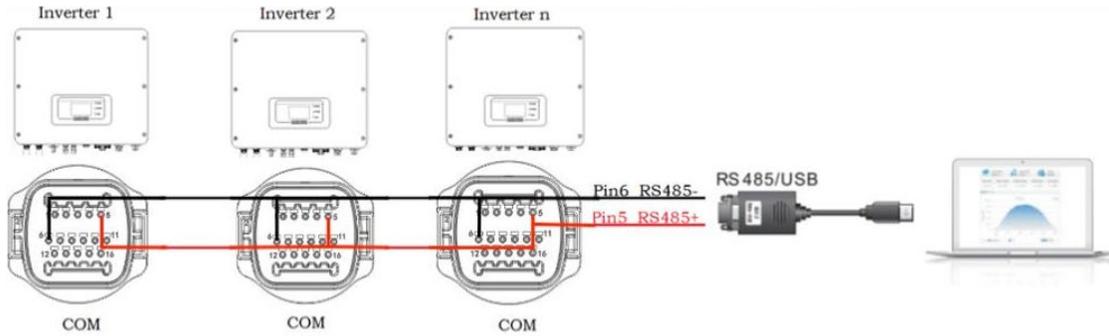
Refer to the figure below; connect RS485+ and RS485- of the inverter to TX+ and TX- of the RS485 → USB adapter and connect the USB port of the adapter to the computer.

(NOTE: The RS485 communication cable must not be longer than 1000 m).



The RS485 cables are connected in parallel between inverters.

(NOTE: when multiple inverters are connected via RS485 cables, set the communication address to differentiate the inverters).



### 3. Logic interface (ports 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12)

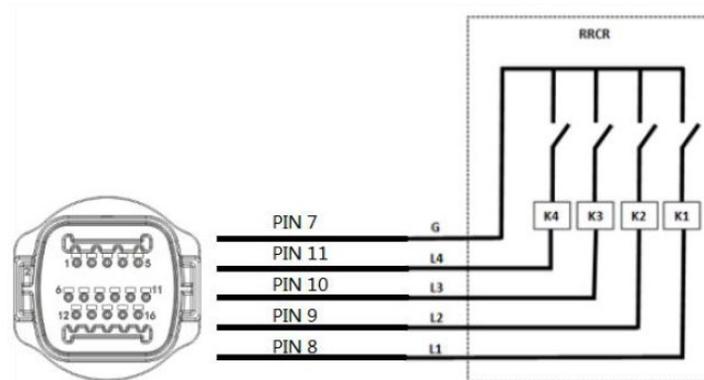
This function must be disabled unless the inverter is installed in countries where this function must be enabled. The definitions of the logic interface pins and circuit connections are as follows:

Logic interface pins are defined according to different standard requirements. Logic interface for AS/ NZS 4777.2:2015, also known as inverter demand response mode (DRM).

The inverter will detect and initiate a response to all supported demand response commands within 2 sec. The inverter will continue to respond while the mode remains enabled.

Pin NO.	Function
8	DRM1/5
9	DRM2/6
10	DRM3/7
11	DRM4/8
12	DRM0
7	GND-S

Logic interface for VDE-AR-N 4105:2018-11, is to control and/or limit the output power of the inverter. The inverter can be connected to a Radio Ripple Control Receiver (RRCR) in order to dynamically limit the output power of all inverters in the installation.





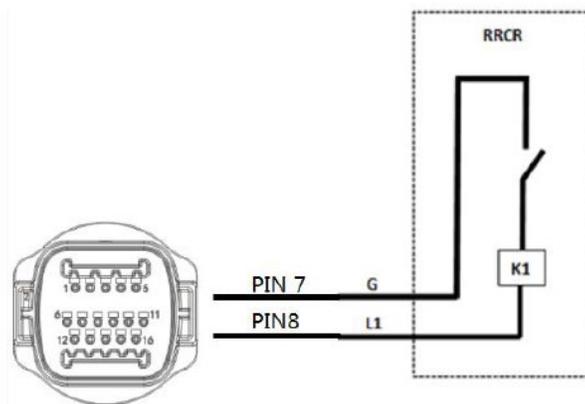
Pin NO.	Pin name	Description	Connected to (RRCR)
8	L1	Relay contact 1 input	K1 - Relay 1 output
9	L2	Relay contact 2 input	K2 - Relay 2 output
10	L3	Relay contact 3 input	K3 - Relay 3 output
11	L4	Relay contact 4 input	K4 - Relay 4 output
7	G	GND	Relays common node

The inverter is pre-configured to the following RRCR power levels, 1 is closed, 0 is open.

L1	L2	L3	L4	Active Power	Cos( $\varphi$ )
1	0	0	0	0%	1
0	1	0	0	30%	1
0	0	1	0	60%	1
0	0	0	1	100%	1

Logic interface for EN50549-1:2019 is to cease active power within five sections following an instruction being received at the interface input.

Inverter - RRCR connection:



Pin NO.	Pin name	Description	Connected to (RRCR)
8	L1	Relay contact 1 input	K1 - Relay 1 output
7	G	GND	K1 - Relay 1 output

The inverter is pre-configured to the following RRCR power levels, 1 is closed, 0 is open.

L1	Active Power	Power drop rate	Cos( $\varphi$ )
1	0%	< 5 seconds	1
0	100%	/	1

#### 4. CT (ports 13 and 14)

When using the CT to read the exchange, connect it to PIN13 and PIN14 of the COM port.

There are two ways to obtain information on the grid current:

- CT
- Meter

#### 5. Meter single-phase DDSU (ports 15 and 16)

PIN15 and PIN16 are used for communication with the meter; the meter is shown in “Figure 1”, PIN15 and PIN16 on the inverter COM port correspond to points 25 and 24 respectively on the electricity meter, as shown in “Figure 3.”

The connection method in the case of reading at the exchange is shown in “Figure 2”.

In the case of external production reading, the connection method is shown in “Figure 4.”



Figure1

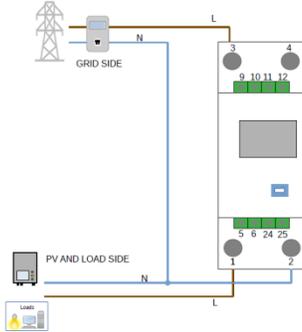


Figure 2

PIN INVERTER	PIN METER	Nota
16	24	Comunicazione del <u>Meter di Scambio</u>
15	25	

Figure 3

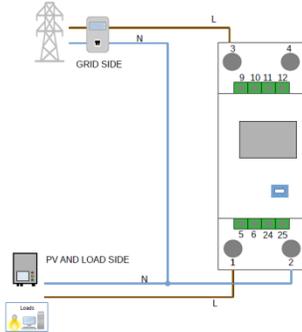


Figure 4

## 6. Meter three-phase DTSU (ports 15 and 16)

PIN15 and PIN16 are used for communication with the meter; the meter is shown in “Figure 1”, PIN15 and PIN16 on the inverter COM port correspond to points 25 and 24 respectively on the electricity meter, as shown in “Figure 3.”

The connection method in the case of reading at the exchange is shown in “Figure 2”.

In the case of external production reading, the connection method is shown in “Figure 4.”



Figure1

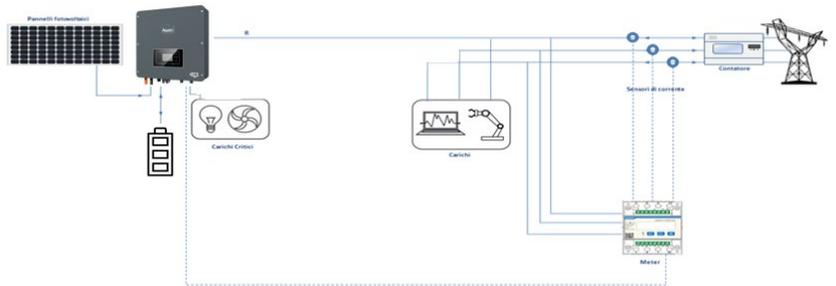


Figure 2

PIN INVERTER	PIN METER	Nota
16	24	Comunicazione del <u>Meter</u> di Scambio
15	25	

Figure 3

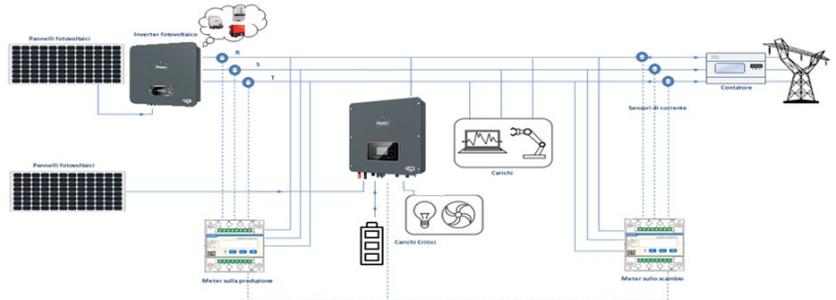


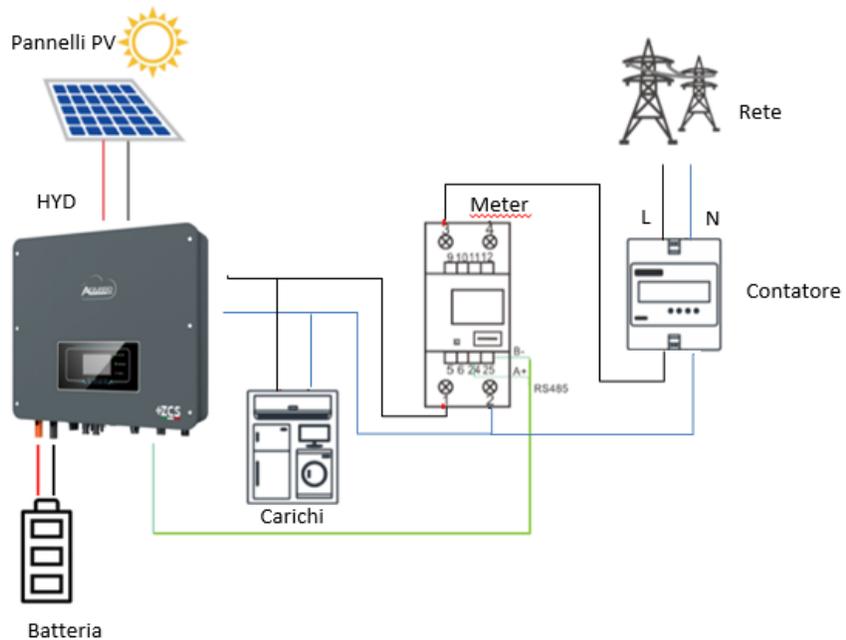
Figure 4

## 5.1.2. Measurement of exchange via the single-phase DDSU Meter

In order to be able to read the exchange via the meter, it is necessary to purchase a CHINT DDSU single-phase direct connect meter.

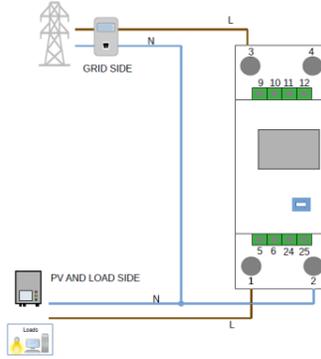


PIN INVERTER	PIN METER	Nota
16	24	Comunicazione del <u>Meter</u> di Scambio
15	25	



### Meter connections:

1. Connect the Meter and inverter via the COM port. On the Meter side, connect to PINs 24 and 25 (as shown in the table) On the inverter side, use the connection port identified as "COM," connecting to PINs 16 and 15.
2. Connect the Meter in "direct connection" mode, specifically:
  - ✓ Connect PIN 2 of the Meter to the neutral cable (N);
  - ✓ Connect PIN 3 respectively to the exchange meter direction phase;
  - ✓ Connect PIN 1 to the photovoltaic system and loads direction phase.



NOTE: For distances between the Meter and hybrid inverter **greater than 100 meters**, it is recommended to connect two 120 Ohm resistors along the 485 daisy chain: the first to the inverter (between PINs 15 and 16 of the inverter COM), and the second directly to the Meter (PINs 24 and 25).



### Setting Meter on exchange

- Press the  button to check that the Meter address is set to **001** and that the protocol is set to **8n1**. In addition to what is described above, the display shows the values of:
  - ✓ Current;
  - ✓ Voltage;
  - ✓ Power factor;
  - ✓ Power.



Protocol



Indirizzo



Corrente



Potenza

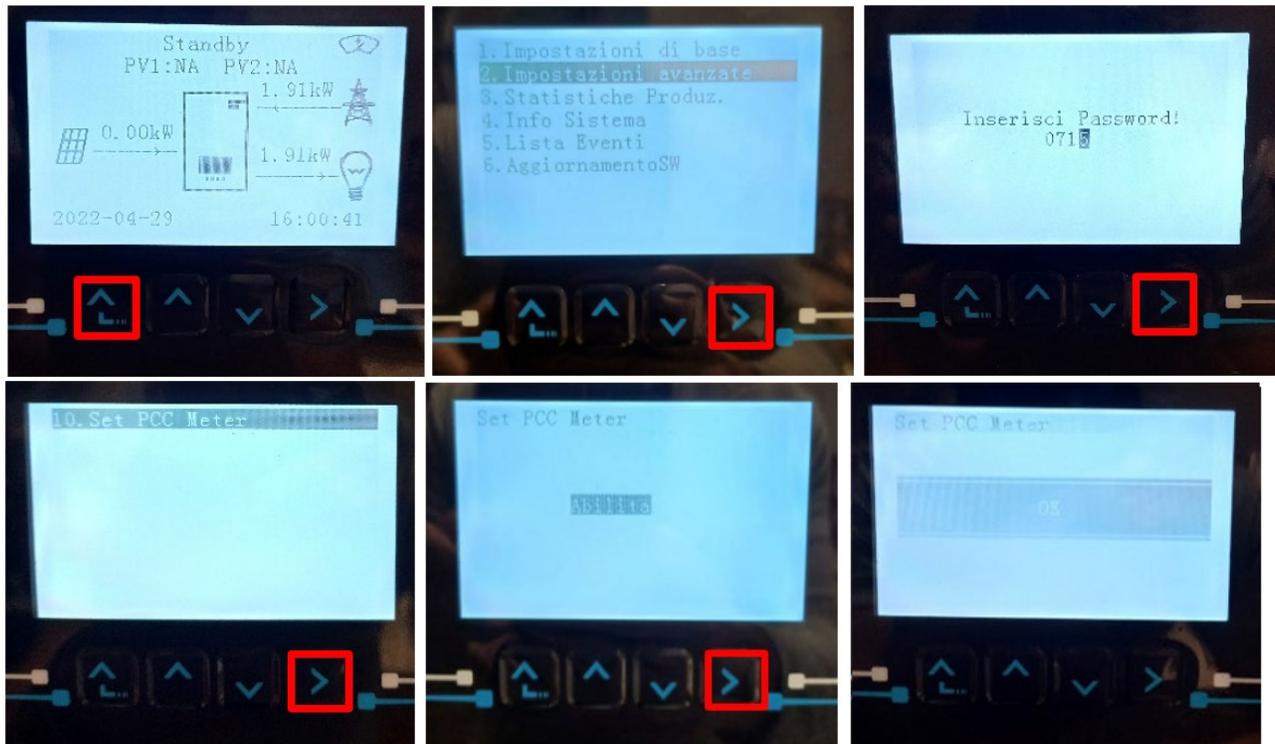


Tensione



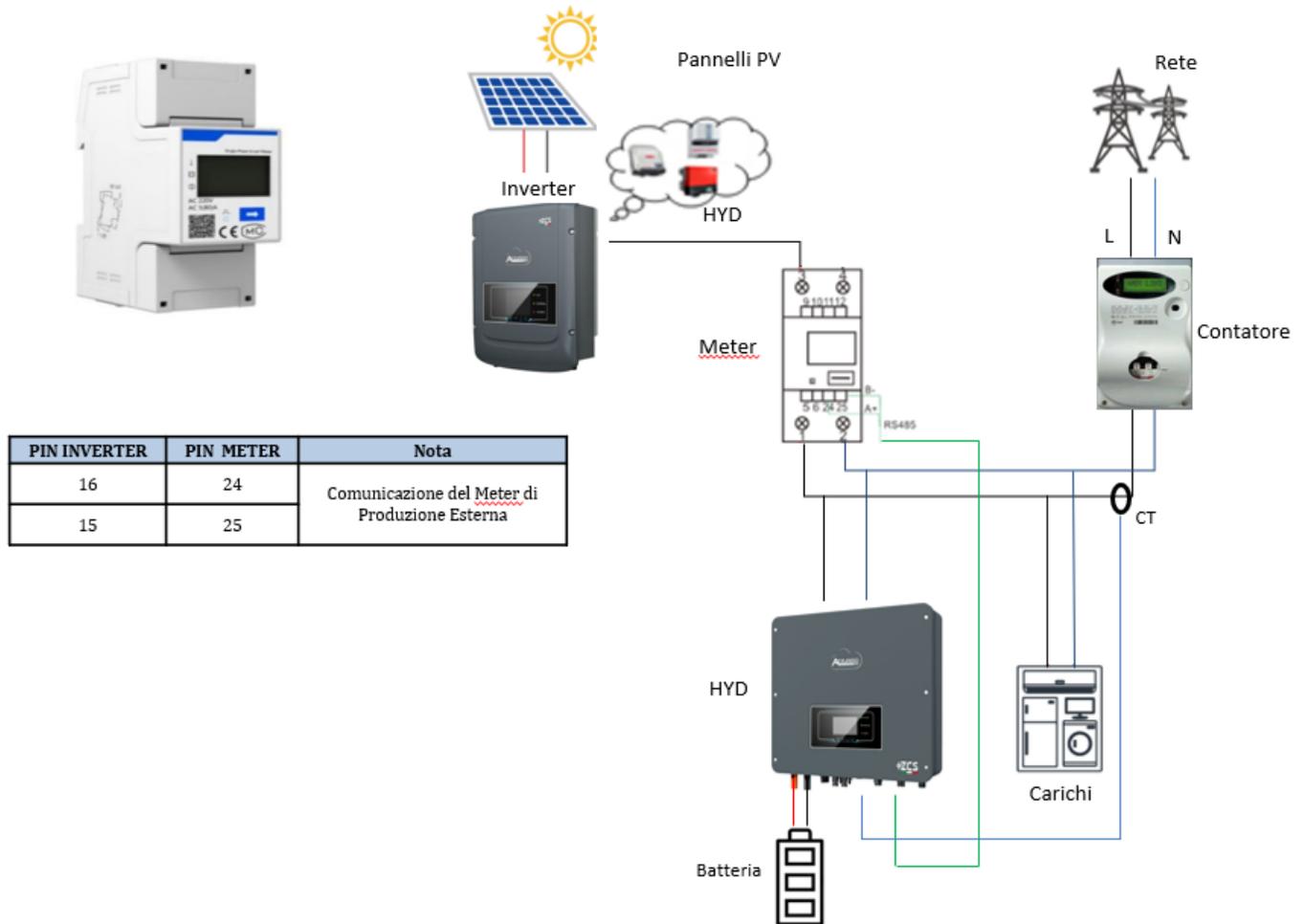
Power factor

2. To configure the Meter reading on the inverter, access the inverter display (as shown in the figure):
- ✓ First button on the left of the inverter;
  - ✓ Advanced settings;
  - ✓ Enter password "0715";
  - ✓ 10. Set PCC Meter;
  - ✓ Enable;
  - ✓ Ok.



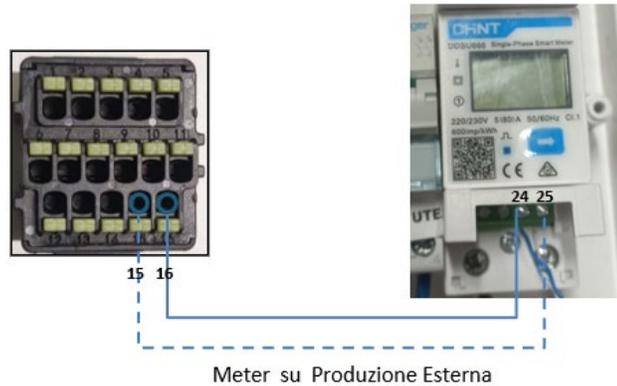
### 5.1.3. Measuring external production through the DDSU single-phase Meter

In order to be able to read the external production via the meter, it is necessary to purchase a CHINT DDSU single-phase direct connect meter.

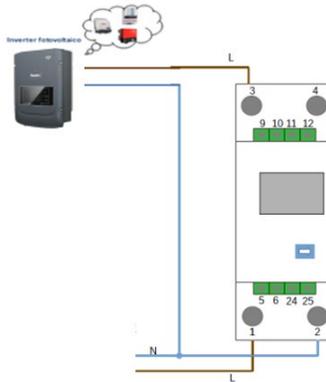


**Meter connections:**

1. Connect the Meter and inverter via the COM port. On the Meter side, connect to PINs 24 and 25. On the inverter side, use the connection port identified as “COM,” connecting to PINs 16 and 15 (as shown in the table).



2. Connect the Meter in “direct connection” mode, specifically:
  - ✓ Connect PIN 2 of the Meter to the neutral cable (N);
  - ✓ Connect PIN 3 respectively to the exchange meter direction phase;
  - ✓ Connect PIN 1 to the photovoltaic system and loads direction phase.



NOTE: For distances between the Meter and hybrid inverter **greater than 100 meters**, it is recommended to connect two 120 Ohm resistors along the 485 daisy chain: the first to the inverter (between PINs 15 and 16 of the inverter COM), and the second directly to the Meter (PINs 24 and 25).



### Setting Meter on external production

3. Press the  button to check that the Meter address is set to **002** and that the protocol is set to **8n1**.  
In addition to what is described above, the display shows the values of:
- ✓ Current;
  - ✓ Voltage;
  - ✓ Power factor;
  - ✓ Power.

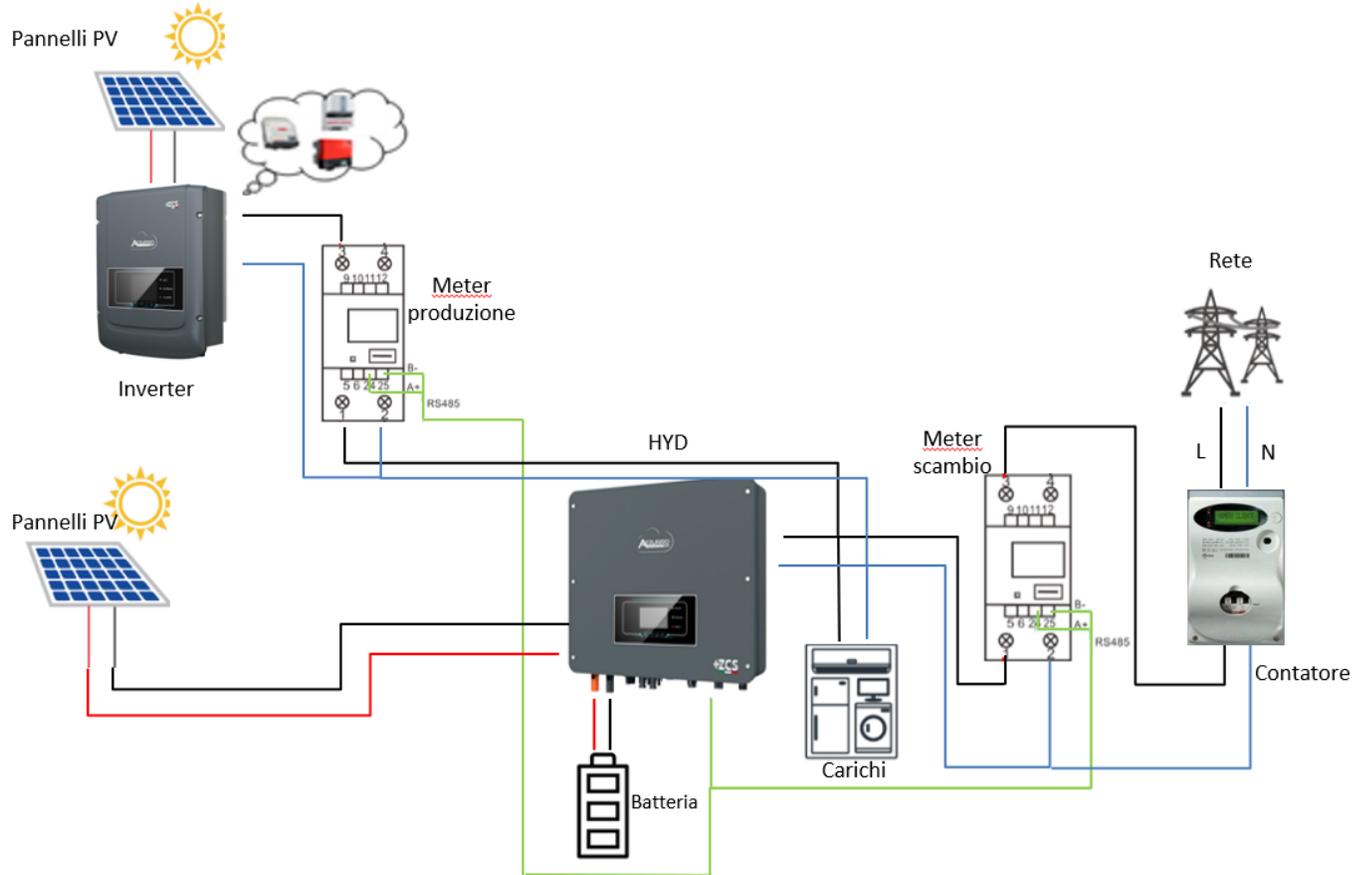


To change the parameters of the Meter and set it to external production:

<p>Pressione prolungata per 5 sec  per entrare nel menù settaggi</p>	<p>Si alterneranno il tipo di protocollo e il numero di indirizzo <u>modbus</u></p>	<p>Appena si presenterà la schermata con il numero di indirizzo <u>modbus</u> premere la freccia  per incrementare la cifra</p>
		

### 5.1.4. Setting up exchange meter and production DDSU single-phase Meter

In order to be able to read the exchange and external production via the Meter, it is necessary to purchase two CHINT DDSU single-phase direct connect meters.



### 5.1.5. Checking correct reading of the DDSU single-phase Meter

In order to verify the correct reading of the meter on exchange, make sure that the hybrid inverter and any other PV production sources are switched off. Switch on loads greater than 1 kW. Stand in front of the meter and, using the  button to scroll through the items, check that P is:

1. Greater than 1 kW;
2. In line with household consumption;
3. The sign in front of each negative value (-).



In the case of a meter for reading the production of existing photovoltaic systems, repeat the previous steps:

1. The sign of the powers must be positive for P;
2. Switch on the Hybrid Inverter, leaving the DC-side PV switch in the OFF position, check that the total external PV power value (Pt) is in line with the value shown on the inverter's display.

### 5.1.6. Connection of the three-phase DTSU Meter to the exchange

In case of installation of inverter 1PH HYD3000-6000-ZSS-HP on three-phase system it is possible to install the three-phase Meter DTSU in addition to the sensors as shown in the figure.

Be sure to position the probes so that each toroid only reads the current flows related to the exchange. To do this it is advisable to place them at the output of the exchange counter.

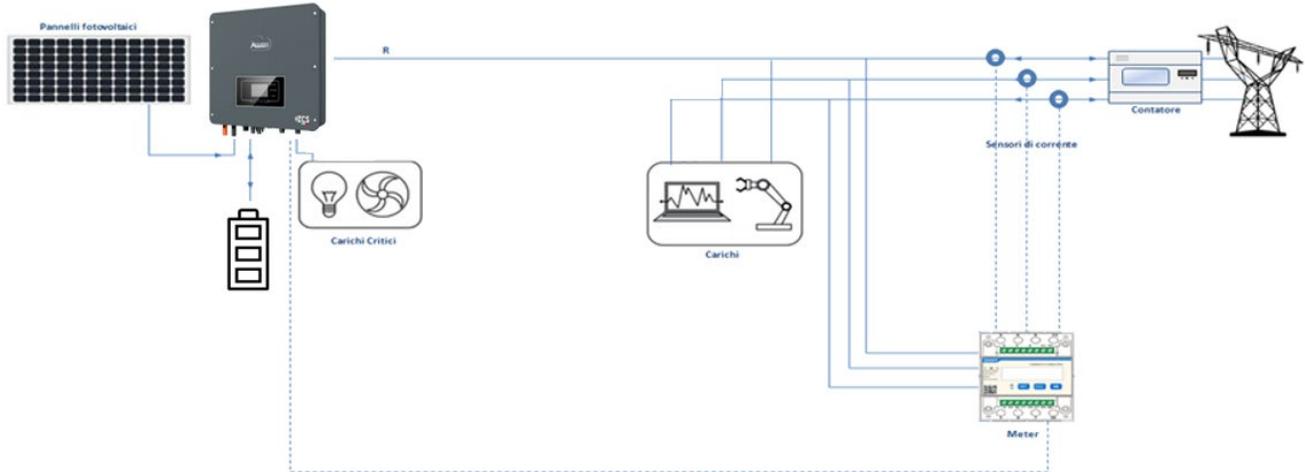


Figure 89 - Hybrid installation scheme with meter on the exchange

The use involves the connection of the sensors to the DTSU Meter and the connection of the latter to the inverter through the COM port.

The sensors connected to the Meter must not be stretched for any reason (use the supplied wiring).

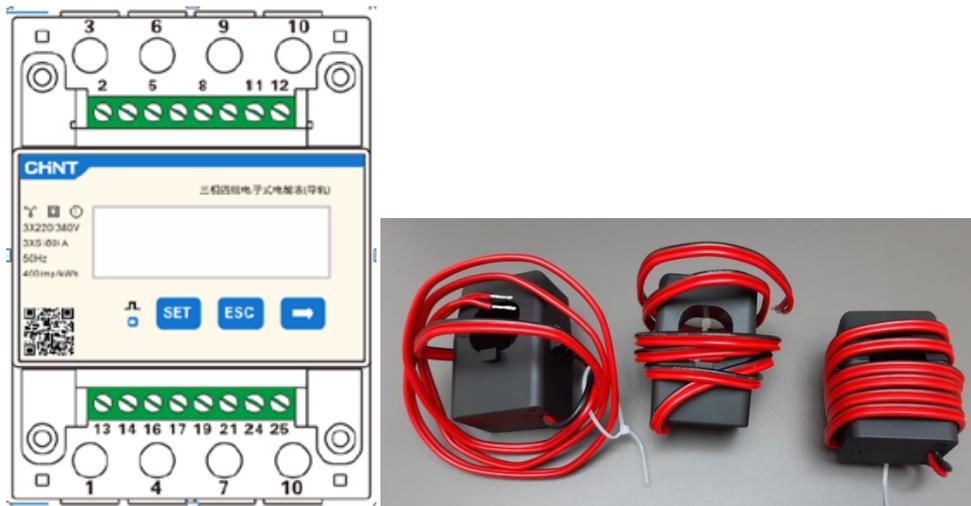


Figure 90 - Meter (left), CT sensors (right)

The connection between Meter and sensors is made by applying the diagram shown in the figure below. Connect the PIN 10 of the Meter with the neutral cable (N), connect the PIN 2, 5 and 8 respectively to the R, S and T phases.

As for the connections with the CT, the sensor positioned on the R phase must have the terminals connected on PIN 1 (red wire) and PIN 3 (black wire).

The sensor located on the S phase must have the terminals connected on PIN 4 (red wire) and PIN 6 (black wire).

The sensor located on the T phase must have the terminals connected on PIN 7 (red wire) and PIN 9 (black wire).

Place the sensors carefully on the sensor (arrow).

**WARNING:** Attach the CT to the phases only after connecting them to the Meter.

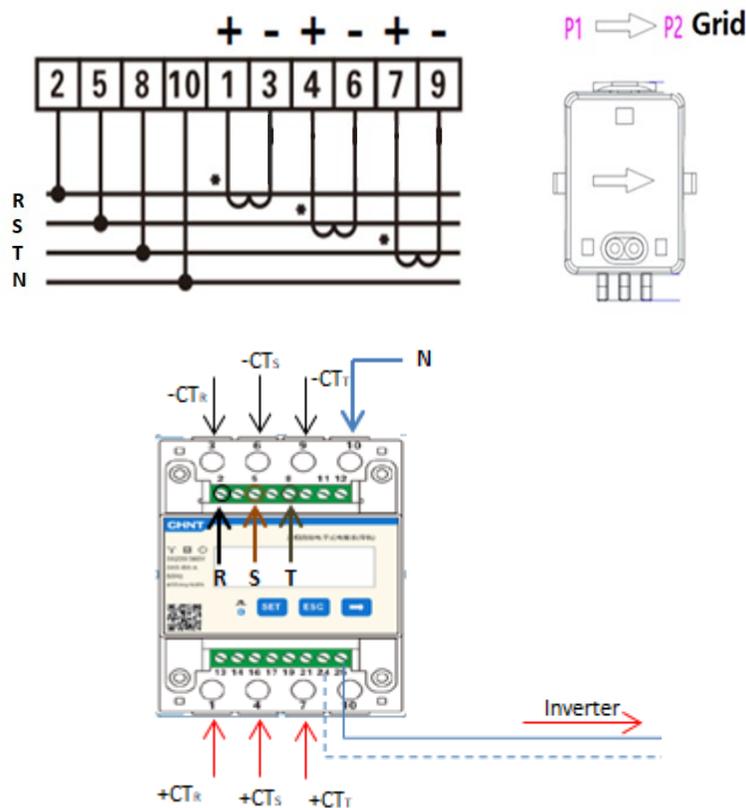


Figure 91 – Meter connection and sensors CT

The connection between Meter and inverter is through the RS485 serial port.

Meter side this port is identified by PIN 24 and 25.

On the inverter side, the connection port identified as "COM" is used by connecting PIN 16 and 15 as indicated in the figures and tables below.

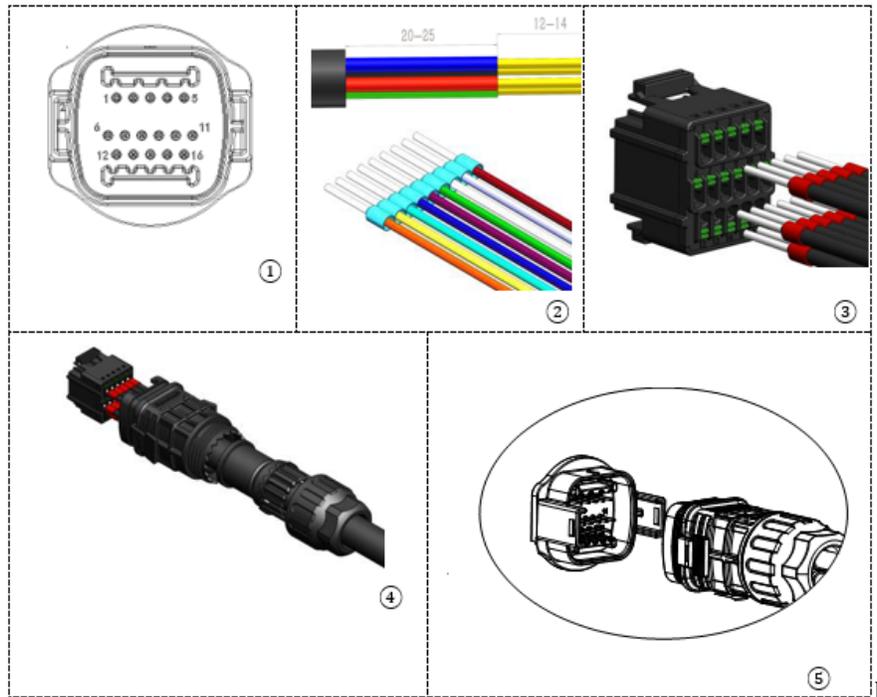


Figure 92 – COM interface

PIN Inverter	Definizione	PIN Meter	Note
16	RS485 differential signal +	24	Meter communication
15	RS485 differential signal -	25	

Table 2 - Interface descriptions

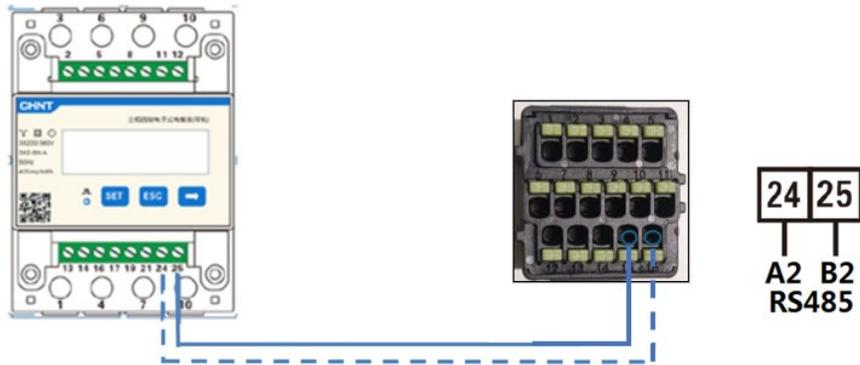
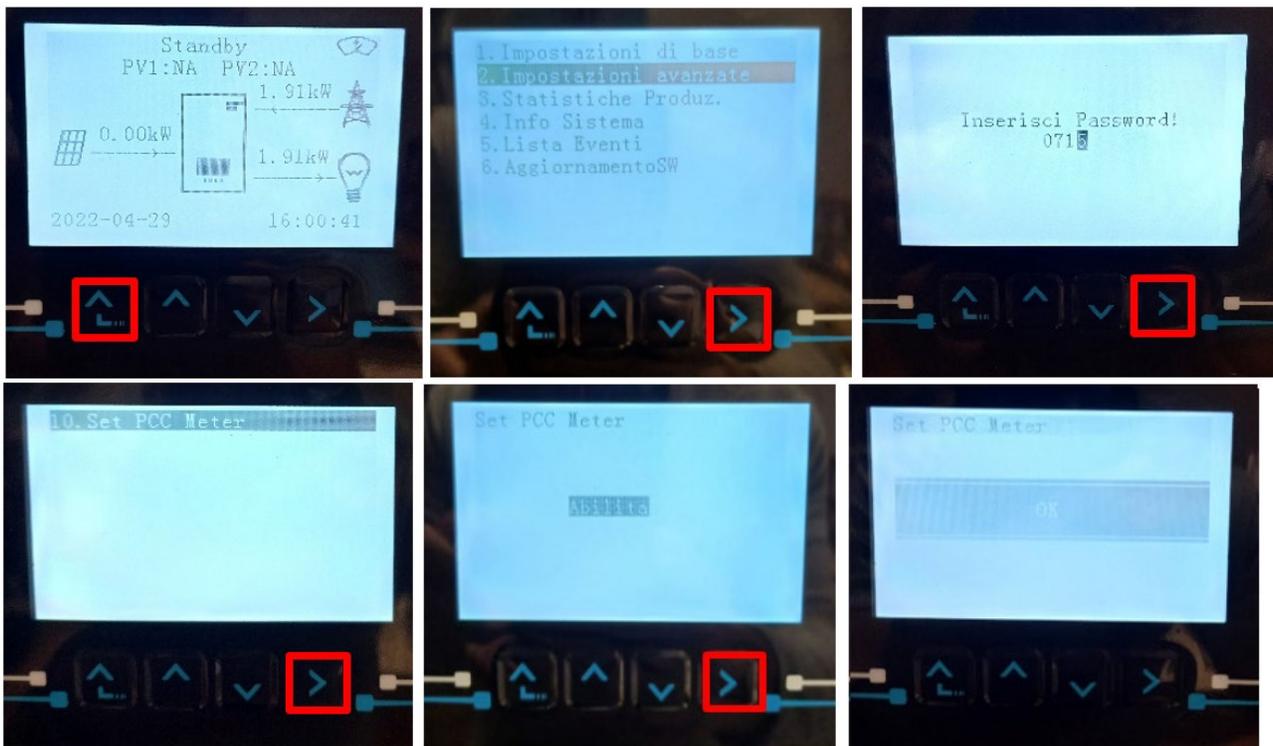


Figure 93 - Serial port connection Meter

**NOTE:** For distances between meter and hybrid inverter over 100 meters it is recommended to connect along the 485 daisy chain two 120 Ohm resistors, the first to the inverter (between PIN 15 and 16 of the interface), the second directly to the Meter (PIN 24 and 25).

To see the meter reading at the exchange on the inverter, access the inverter display (as shown in the figures):

- ✓ First left button of the inverter;
- ✓ Advanced settings;
- ✓ Enter password «0715»;
- ✓ 10. Set PCC Meter;
- ✓ Enable;
- ✓ Ok.



### 5.1.7. Measurement of photovoltaic production via three-phase meter DTSU

In the event that one or more three-phase photovoltaic inverters are already present in the system, it is mandatory for the Hybrid system to show the display not only the photovoltaic contribution of the panels connected to its entrances but also the power produced by three-phase photovoltaic external, in order to make the system work for accumulation in a correct way.

All this must be achieved thanks to the connection of a second three-phase DTSU Meter (or more up to a maximum of 3 at the reading of an external production) positioned in an appropriate way to read all the production of the pure photovoltaic system (except that of the Hybrid itself).

As for the RS485 (Meter - HYD) communication, all the Meters present must be connected to the COM port of the inverter in the inputs 15 and 16 of the COM port)

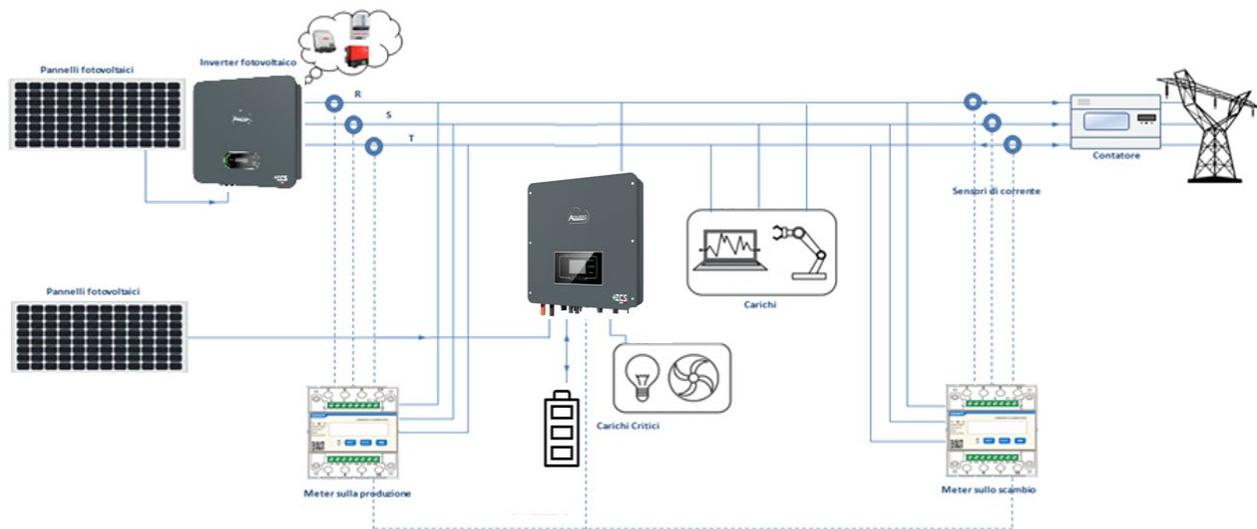


Figure 94 - Hybrid installation scheme with three-phase DTSU Meter on exchange and production

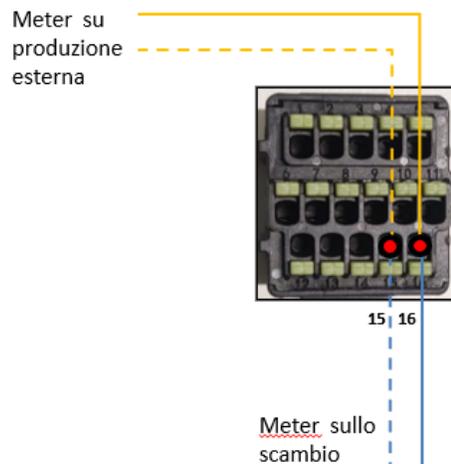


Figure 95 - COM serial port connection with more than one DTSU Meter

### 5.1.8. Three-phase DTSU Meter parameter configuration

After you have successfully connected the wiring, you need to set the correct parameters from the Meter display.



1. Press to:
  - “Confirm”
  - “Move the cursor”
- (for entering values)
2. Press to “go back”
3. Press to “slide”

Figure 96 – Meter legend

### Three-phase DTSU Meter configuration to exchange

To view the device in read mode on the exchange you need to enter the settings menu, as indicated below:

1. Press **SET** the inscription will appear **CODE**



2. Press **SET**, the inscription will appear “600”:



3. Write the figure “701”:

  - a. From the first screen where the number “600” appears, press the “ ” key once to enter the number “601”.
  - b. Press “SET” twice to move the cursor to the left to highlight “601”;
  - c. Press the “ ” key once more until you enter the number “701” (701 is the access code to the settings).

**Note:** In case of error press “ESC” and then again “SET” to reset the required code.



1. Confirm by pressing **SET** until you enter the settings menu.
2. Enter the following menus and set the parameters indicated:

d. **CT:**

- i. Press **SET** to enter the menu
- ii. Write "40":
  1. From the first screen where the number "1" appears, press " " repeatedly until the number "10" appears.
  2. Press "**SET**" once to move the cursor to the left to highlight "10"
  3. Press the button "→" several times until you enter the number "40"

**Note:**In the event of an error, press "SET" until the number of thousands is highlighted and then press " " until only the number "1" appears; at this point repeat the procedure described above.



- iii. Press "ESC" to confirm "→" to scroll to the next setting

e. **ADDRESS:**

- i. Leave the address 01 (set by default) in this way the inverter will assign as power relative to the exchange the data sent by the meter.



## Three-phase DTSU meter configuration on exchange and production

To view the device in read mode on the exchange you need to enter the settings menu, as indicated below:

4. Press **SET** the inscription will appear **CODE**



5. Press **SET**, the inscription will appear "600":



6. Write the figure "701":

- a. From the first screen where the number "600" appears, press the " " key once to enter the number "601".
- b. Press "SET" twice to move the cursor to the left to highlight "601";
- c. Press the " " key once more until you enter the number "701" (701 is the access code to the settings).

**Note:** In case of error press "ESC" and then again "SET" to reset the required code.



3. Confirm by pressing **SET** until you enter the settings menu.
4. Enter the following menus and set the parameters indicated:

d. **CT:**

- i. Press **SET** to enter the menu
- ii. Write "40":
  1. From the first screen where the number "1" appears, press " " repeatedly until the number "10" appears.
  2. Press "**SET**" once to move the cursor to the left to highlight "10"
  3. Press the button "→" several times until you enter the number "40"

**Note:** In the event of an error, press "SET" until the number of thousands is highlighted and then press " " until only the number "1" appears; at this point repeat the procedure described above.



iii. Press “ESC” to confirm “→” to scroll to the next setting

a. **ADDRESS:**

i. Press **SET** for enter Menù:

ii. Write “02” (press one time “→” from the screen “01”). With address 02 the inverter will assign the data sent by the meter as relative power to the production. They can be set up to a maximum of 3 Meters for production (Addresses 02 03 04).



iii. Press “ESC” to confirm.

## 5.1.9. Correct installation verification DTSU three-phase meter

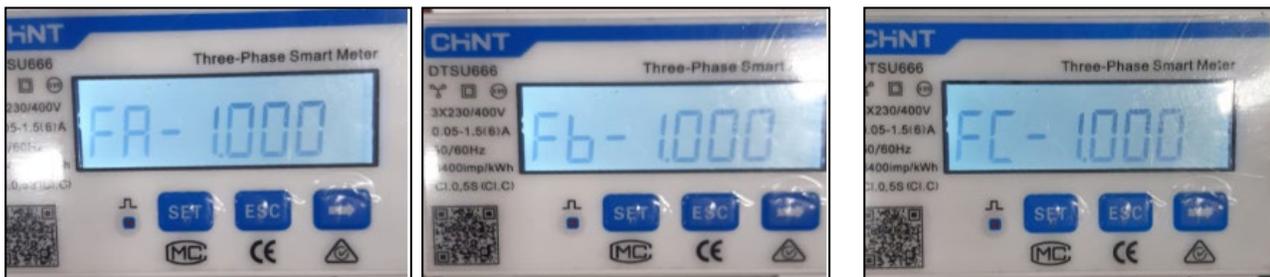
### Three-phase DTSU meter verification at exchange

To carry out such verification it is necessary:

- Turn on the hybrid inverter only in alternation and turn off any other source of photovoltaic production (if any);
- Turn on carichi greater than 1kw for each of the three phases of the plant;

Bring yourself in front of the Meter and using the keys " " to scroll between the entries and "ESC" to go back, it must be verified that:

1. The Power Factor values for each phase Fa, Fb, and Fc (voltage to current offset ), are between 0.8-1.0. In case of a lower value, the sensor must be moved in one of the other two phases until that value is between 0.8-1.0.

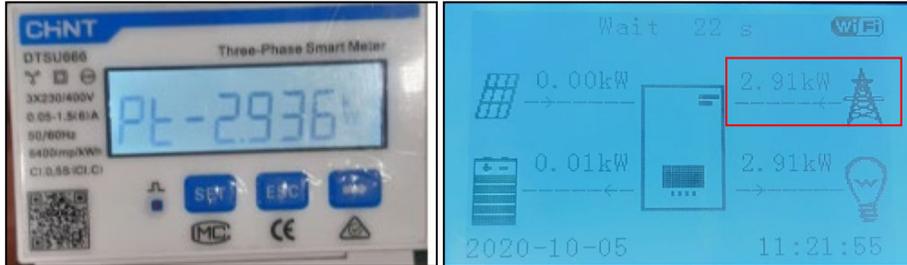


2. The Power Pa, Pb and Pc must be:

- Greater than 1 kW.
- In line with household consumption.
- The sign in front of each negative value (-).



- Turn on the PV inverter via rotary switch on ON and batteries, verify that the total power value  $P_t$  is in line with the value shown on the inverter display

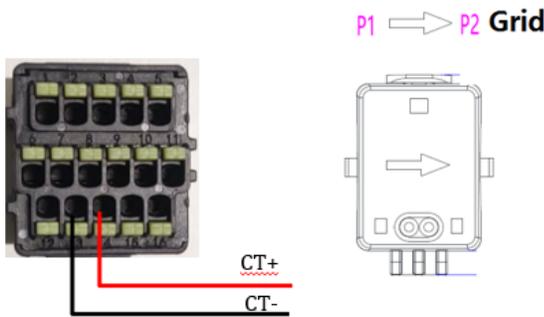
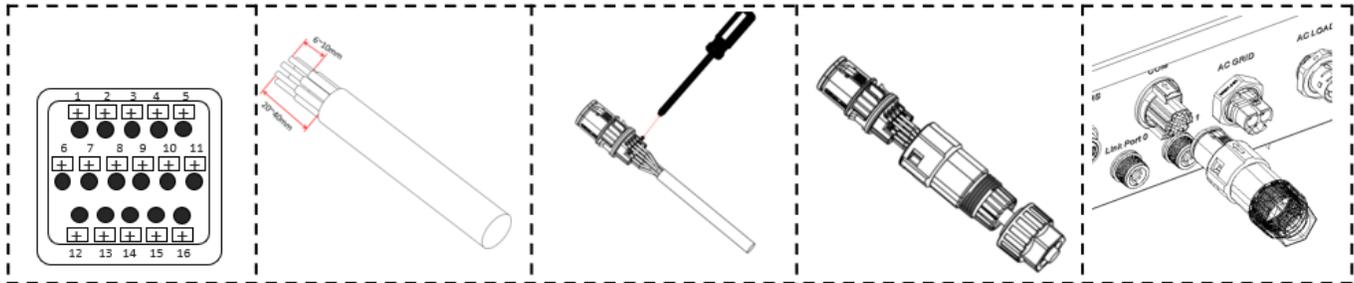


### Three-phase DTSU Meter Verification on Production

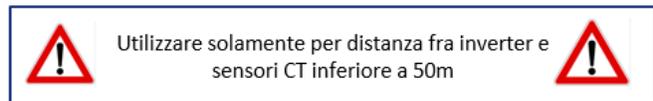
In case of meter on the production it is necessary to repeat the previous operations:

- Switch off the hybrid inverter and leave on only the pure photovoltaic;
- Making pure photovoltaic go into production;
- Power factor verification as described in the previous case;
- The power sign  $P_a$ ,  $P_b$ , and  $P_c$  must be in agreement;
- Turn on Hybrid Inverter, verify that the total power value  $P_t$  photovoltaic is in line with the value shown on the inverter display.

### 5.1.10. Measuring exchange via current sensor



PIN	Definizione
13	CT-
14	CT+

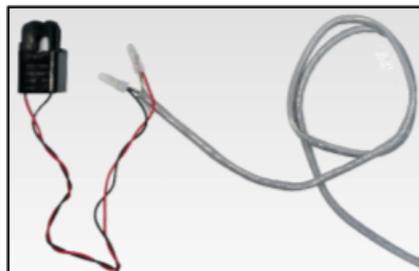


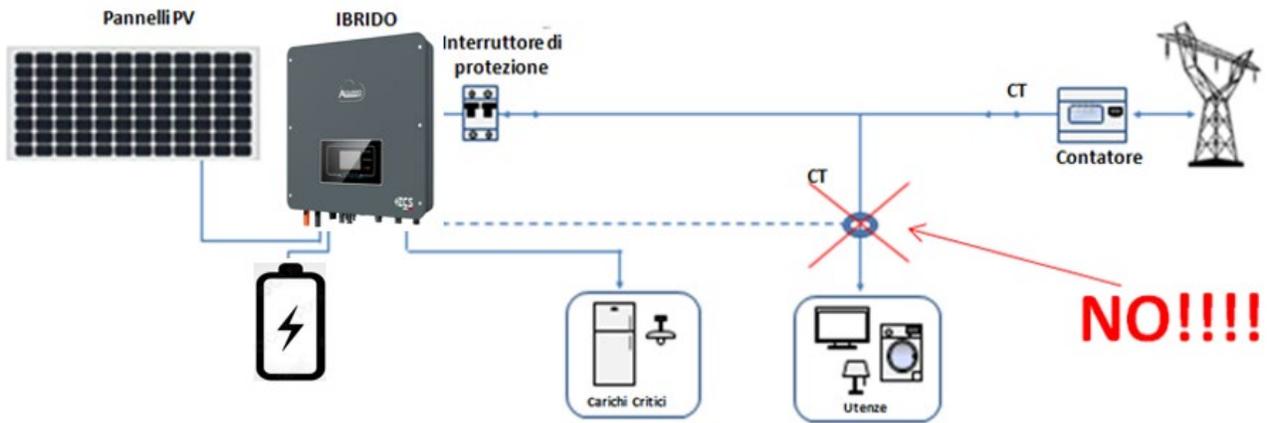
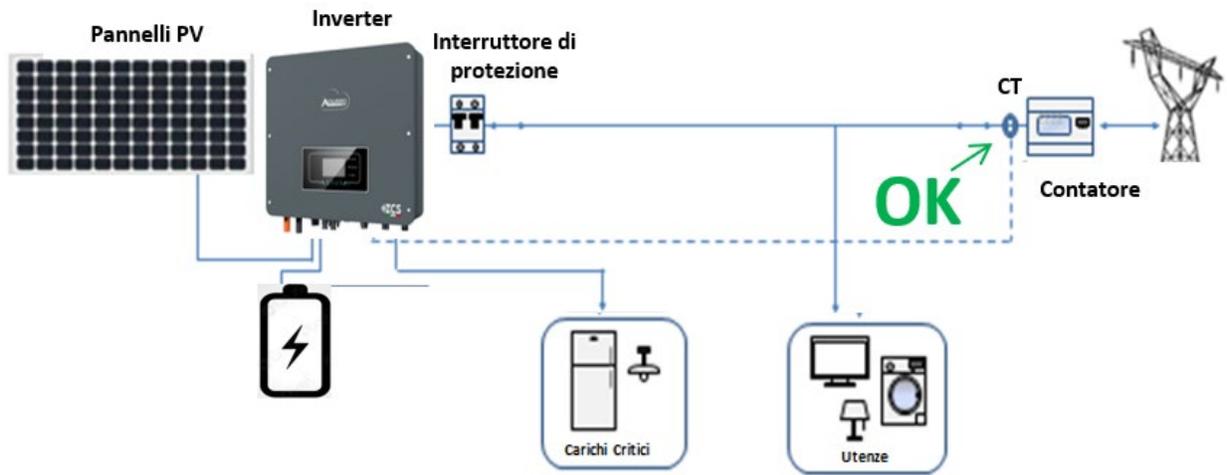
Connect the negative of the sensor to input 13 of the COM connector  
Connect the positive of the sensor to input 14 of the COM connector

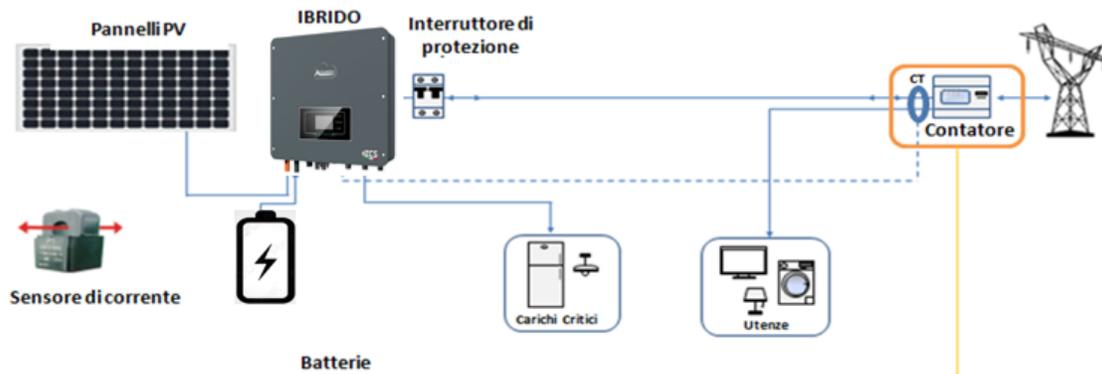
Correctly position the current sensor, in detail:

- ✓ CT (measures the current exchanged with the grid). Positioned at the output of the exchange meter so that all incoming and outgoing power flows can be read, it must include all phase cables entering or leaving the exchange meter.
- ✓ The direction of the CT is independent of the installation, and is recognised by the system during the first start-up.

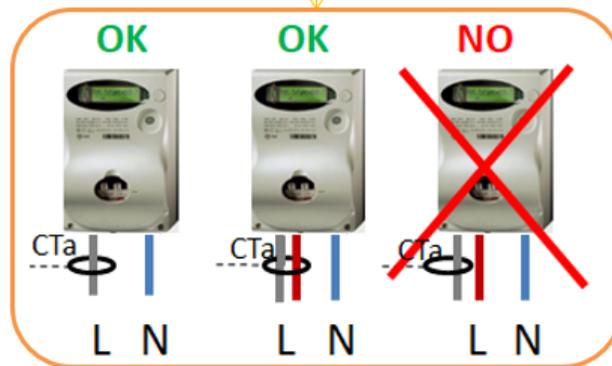
Use an 8-pin, STP category 6 cable as an EXTENSION CABLE; use all the coloured pins (blue-orange-green-brown) to extend the positive cable of the CT and all the white/coloured pins (white/blue-white/orange-white/green/brown) to extend the negative cable of the CT. The shield must be grounded on one of the two sides. To prevent the cables from breaking, it is recommended to use a cable with flexible and non-rigid conductors.



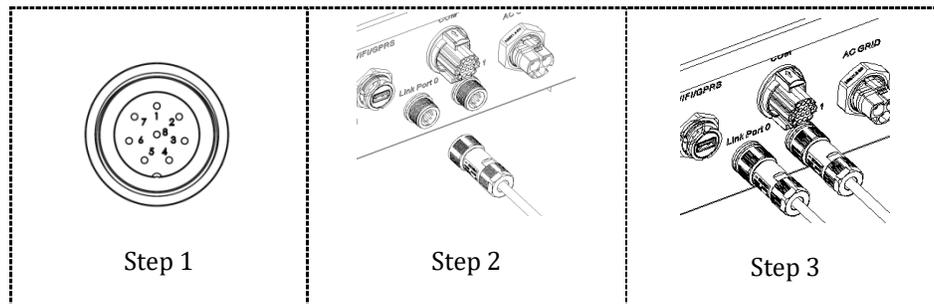




Il sensore deve abbracciare tutti i cavi di fase che entrano o escono dal contatore.



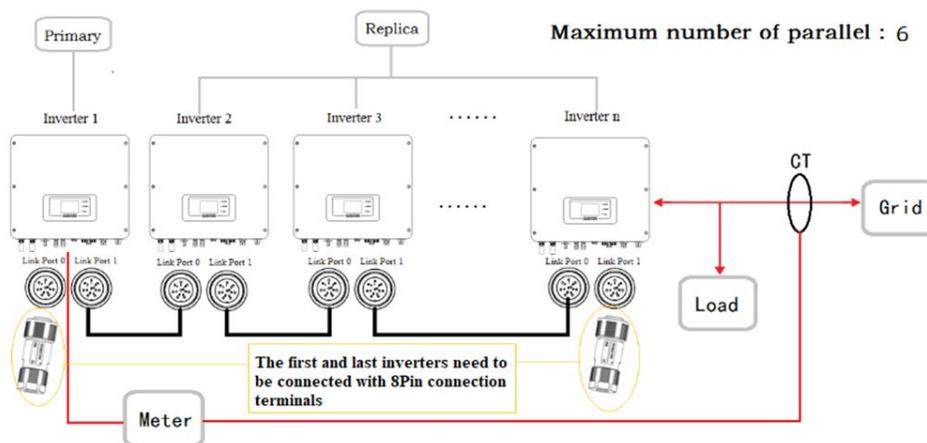
### 5.1.11. Connection port 0 and 1-Cascade communication interface



If there is more than one hybrid inverter in a system, they must be connected in parallel (Master-Slave mode). For maximum performance of the system and to have future imbalances between batteries, the hybrid inverters must be the same as each other (i.e. same size, number and models of batteries). When using the parallel system, refer to the "Parallel Configuration" section of this manual for inverter settings and notes.

**Note (AC LOAD is also parallel for parallel machines):**

1. The first and last inverters must be connected with 8-pin connection terminals.
2. The cable length of the AC LOAD terminal connected from the LOAD terminal to each machine must be consistent with the cable length specification in order to ensure that the impedance of the circuit is consistent and that the LOAD current diverted to each machine is identical.
3. When the total AC LOAD power is greater than 110% of the machine's rated power (e.g. an AC LOAD inverter has a maximum allowed power of 5.5 kVA and six parallel AC LOAD machines have a maximum allowed power of 33 kVA), the load must not be connected to AC LOAD but to the AC GRID.
4. When inverters are in parallel, the entire AC Grid must be shared with a circuit breaker; the same should be the case for AC LOAD.



## 6. Buttons and indicator lights

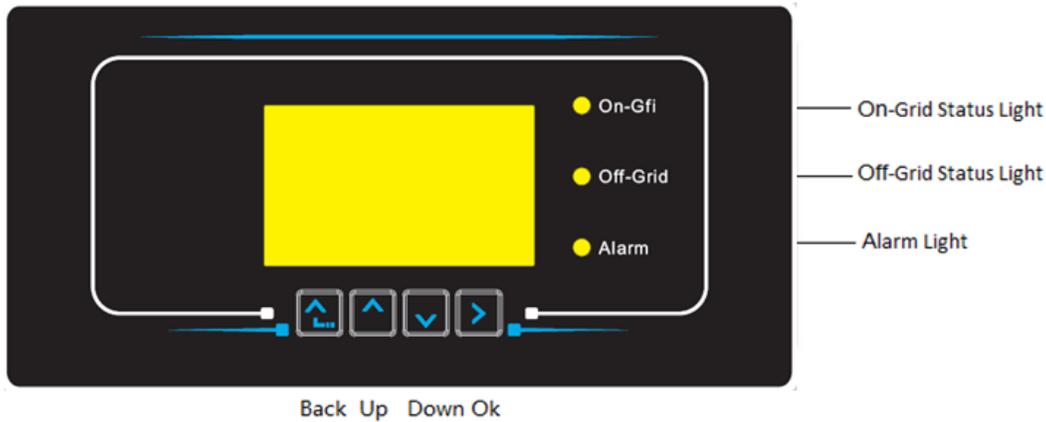


Figure 97 – Buttons and indicator lights

### 6.1. Buttons:

- Press “Back” to go back to the previous screen or to enter the main interface.
- Press “Up” to enter the upper menu or to increase the value by 1.
- Press “Down” to enter the lower menu or to decrease the value by 1.
- Press “OK” to select the option of the current menu or to move to the next number.

### 6.2. Indicator lights and operating status

Status	Grid active Green light	Off-Grid Green light	Alarm Red light
Grid active	Active		
Standby (grid active)	Intermittent		
Off-Grid		Active	
Standby (off-grid)		Intermittent	
Alarm			Active

## 7. Function

### 7.1. Preliminary checks

Before starting up the system, check that:

1. The 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter is securely attached to the mounting bracket
2. The PV+/PV- cables are connected securely and the polarity and voltage are correct
3. The BAT+/BAT- cables are connected securely and the polarity and voltage are correct
4. The GRID/LOAD cables are connected securely/correctly
5. An AC switch is correctly connected between the GRID port of the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter and the grid, and the switch is off
6. An AC switch is correctly connected between the LOAD port of the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter and the critical load and the switch is off
7. The communication cable for the lithium batteries is correctly connected.

### 7.2. First start-up of the inverter

1. Make sure that the AC-side switch of the inverter is lowered so that no power is supplied to the device
2. Make sure that the rotating disconnection switch is in the OFF position



Figure 98 - Photovoltaic disconnecting switch

3. Make sure that the utility has a consumption of at least 200 W. Recommended loads for this operation are hair dryers ( $800W < P < 1600W$ ), heating elements ( $1000W < P < 2000W$ ) and ovens ( $P > 1500W$ ). Other types of loads, such as washing machines or heat pumps, although characterised by high power consumption, may take time to reach this level of absorption after start up.

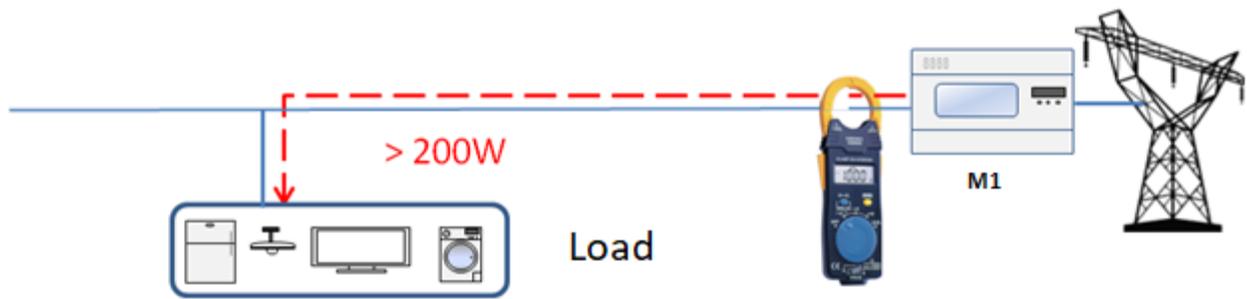


Figure 99 - Checking that the power consumption is higher than 200 W

- Supply DC power to the inverter by correctly switching on the batteries:  
In the case of Pylontech batteries, set the POWER switch of the battery, or (in the case of multiple units) of all the batteries, to I (ON position), then press the red SW button of the master battery for about one second; at this point, the LEDs of all the batteries will automatically switch on in sequence, and after a few seconds will switch off, except for the RUN LED. After which, wait for the display to turn on.



Figure 100 - Battery status after setting the POWER switch to ON and pressing the SW button

In the case of WeCo (4k4, 4k4PRO and 5K3) and AZZURRO (AZZURRO and AZZURRO PRO) batteries, press the RUN button for about one second. After releasing it, wait for the sound inside the battery indicated that the relay has closed. Repeat the operation for all the subsequent batteries in the system.



Figure 101 - View of WeCo battery power button



In the case of WeCo (4k4-LT and 5K3XP) and AZZURRO (AZZURRO and AZZURRO PRO) batteries, in order to carry out the correct switch-on procedure, ensure that the batteries are all switched off (side switch on 0);



Set all batteries via the side switch to 1 without switching them on (do not press the round metal button), switch on the master battery ONLY by pressing the button until the LED lights up. The batteries will automatically switch on in succession (each module will turn on independently and the side switch will flash for 3 seconds; then a steady GREEN light will confirm that each module is powered on).

In the case of AZZURRO ZSX5120 batteries, in order to carry out the correct switch-on procedure, ensure that the batteries are all switched off (side switch on 0). Press the switch and turn it to the ON position, then press the SW button on the battery to switch it on.



5. Supply AC power via the dedicated circuit breaker of the storage inverter. If the inverter has more than one circuit breaker (e.g. an automatic breaker and a residual current circuit breaker), they must all be set to ON to allow the inverter to be connected to the grid.



Figure 102 – Example of AC switch protecting the inverter

The following parameters must be configured before putting the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter into operation.

Parameter	Note
1. OSD language option	The default setting is English.
2. Setting and confirming system time	If the inverter is connected to the host computer as the App of the collector or for mobile devices, the time should have been calibrated to local time.
*3. Importing safety parameters	Find the safety parameters file (named after the corresponding country of security) on the website, download it onto the USB flash drive and import it.
*4. Setting battery parameters	Default values can be displayed depending on the input channel configuration.
5. Configuration is complete	

## 2) Setting the system time

The time format of the system is “Year-Month-Day-Hour-Minutes-Seconds,” press “Up” or “Down” to change the first number, press “OK” to move to the next number, press “OK” to complete the settings. Once the time has been set, the “Set Country” menu will be displayed.

## 3) Safety parameter

Code	Region	Code	Region	
000	Germany	VDE4105	EU	
		BDEW		
		VDE0126		
		VDE4105-HV	Korea	
		BDEW-HV		
001	Italy	CEI-021 Internal	Sweden	
		CEI-016 Italy	Europe General	
		CEI-021 External		
		CEI-021 In Areti	Cyprus	
		CEI-021In--HV	India	
002	Australia	Australia		India
		Australia-B		India-MV
		Australia-C	India-HV	
003	Spain	ESP-RD1699	Philippines	
		RD1699-HV		
		NTS		
		UNE217002+RD647	New Zealand	
		Spian Island		
004	Turkey	Brazil		
005	Denmark		Denmark	Brazil
			DK-TR322	Brazil-LV
006	Greece		GR-Continent	Brazil-230
		GR-Island	Brazil-254	
007	Netherlands	Netherlands	Brazil-288	
		Netherland-MV	Slovakia	
		Netherland-HV		
008	Belgium	Belgium	SK-VDS	
		Belgium-HV	SK-SSE	
009	UK	G99	SK-ZSD	
		G98		
		G99-HV		
010	China	China-B	Ukraine	
		Taiwan	Norway	
		TrinaHome		
		HongKong	Mexico	
		SKYWORTH	60Hz	
		CSISolar	Ireland EN50438	
		CHINT		Ireland
		China-MV		Thailand
		China-HV	50Hz	
		China-A	South Africa	
France	SA			
011	France	FAR Arrete23	SA-HV	
		FR VDE0126-HV	Dubai	
		France VFR 2019		DEWG
			DEWG-MV	
012	Poland	Poland	Croatia	
		Poland-MV	Lithuania	
		Poland-HV		
		Poland-ABCD	Columbia	
013	Austria	Tor Erzeuger		Columbia
			Columbia-LV	
014	Japan		Saudi Arabia	
			Latvia	
015	Switzerland		Romania	
16-17				



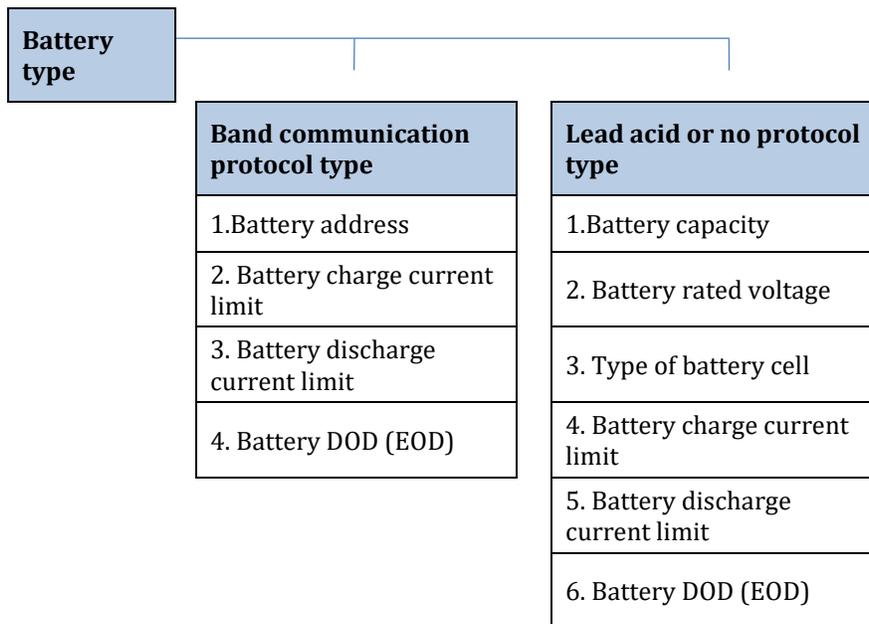
**Caution**

Make sure to select the correct country code according to the requirements of the local authorities.

For this purpose, consult a professional electrician or qualified personnel from the electrical safety authority.

ZCS accepts no liability for consequences deriving from the selection of an incorrect country code.

4) Select battery type



Press "Up" or "Down" to select the battery type, press "OK" to complete the selection.

### 7.3. Commissioning

Main interface:

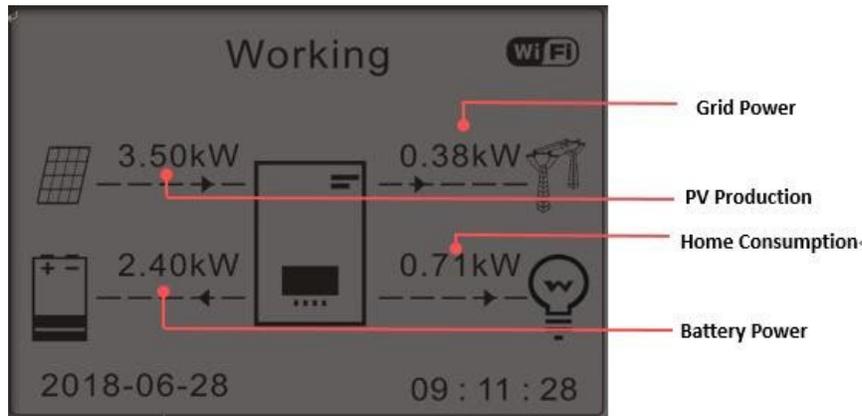


Figure 63 – Main interface

The default setting of the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter is “Automatic Mode” so if the setting has not been changed, the operating mode will be as follows:

- If “Photovoltaic Production” > “Household Consumption”  
If the battery is not charged, the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter will charge the battery.
- If “Photovoltaic Production” > “Household Consumption”  
If the battery is not discharged, the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter will discharge the battery and supply power to the domestic load.

### 7.4. Main menu

In the main interface, press the “Down” button to enter the page with the grid/battery settings:

Main interface	Press “Down”
	Grid Information
	1. Grid (V)
	2. Power (A)
	3. Frequency
	Battery Information
	1. Battery (V)
	2. Charge current
	3. Discharge current
	4. Battery (P)

2. Battery temperature
6. Charge status
10. Battery cycles

In the main interface, press the “Up” button to enter the page with the settings of the PV system:

Main interface	Press “OK”
	PV information
	1. PV1 Voltage
	2. PV1 Current
	3. PV1 Power
	4. PV2 Voltage
	5. PV2 Current
	6. PV2 Power
	7. Inverter temp.

In the main interface, press “Back” to enter the main menu. The main menu contains the following five options:

Main interface	Press “Back”
	1. Basic settings
	2. Advanced settings
	3. Production statistics
	4. System Info
	5. Event list
6. SW Update	

“Up” ↑

“Down” ↓

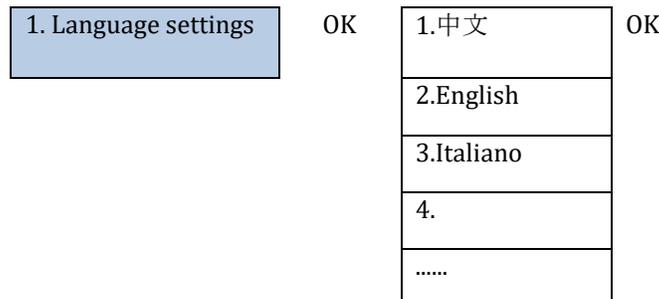


### 7.4.1. Basic settings

1. Settings	Press "OK"
"Up" ↑  "Down" ↓	1. Language
	2. Date and time
	3. Safety param.
	4. Working mode
	5. PV input mode
	5. Self-test (Italy only)
	6. EPS Mode
	7. Communication address

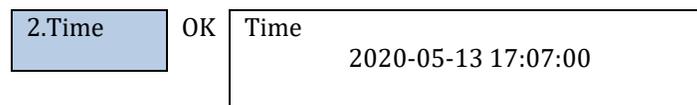
#### 1. Language settings

To set the menu language



#### 2. Date and time setting

Select "2. Time," press "OK" to enter the menu for setting the time; the format is Year-Month-Day Hours:Minutes:Seconds.



#### 3. Safety parameters

The user can change the machine's safety parameters via the USB flash drive and copy the information on the

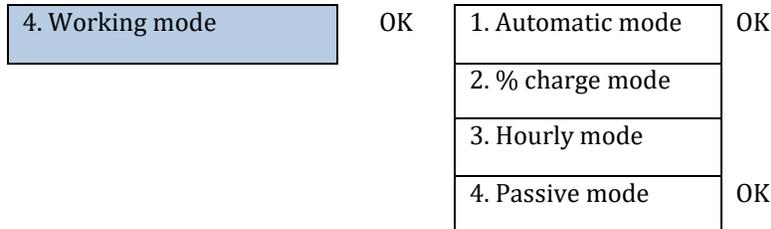
parameters to be changed to the USB flash drive in advance.

Before loading the safety file onto the USB drive make sure that it is the one that relates to the software version of the inverter.

For more information and/or clarification, please contact Zucchetti Centro Sistemi S.p.A.

#### 4. Working mode

Select "4. Energy storage mode" and press "OK" to access the interface for setting the energy storage mode.

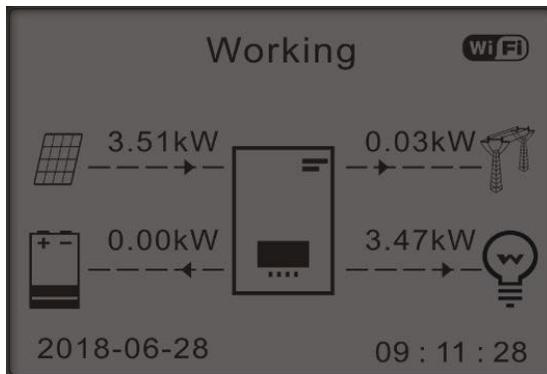


##### 1) Select automatic mode

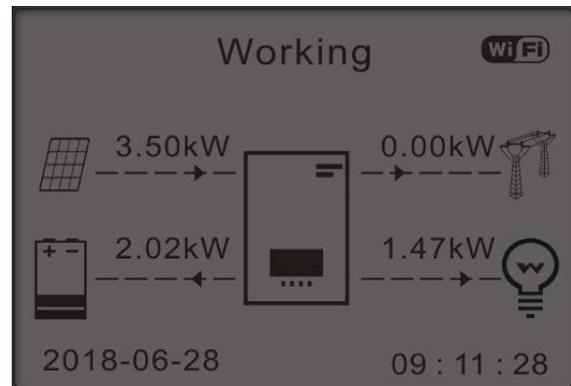
Select "1. Automatic mode," then press "OK"

In self-use mode, the inverter will automatically charge and discharge the battery.

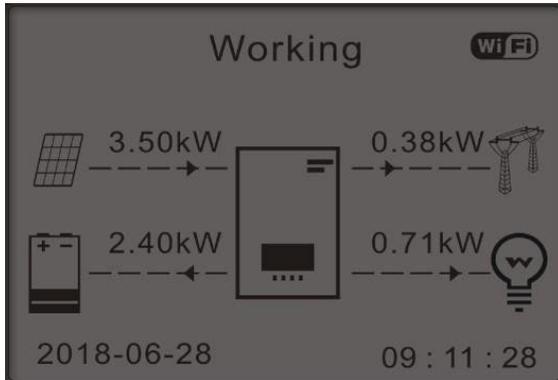
1) If PV production = LOAD consumption ( $\Delta P < 100 \text{ W}$ ), the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter will not charge or discharge the battery.



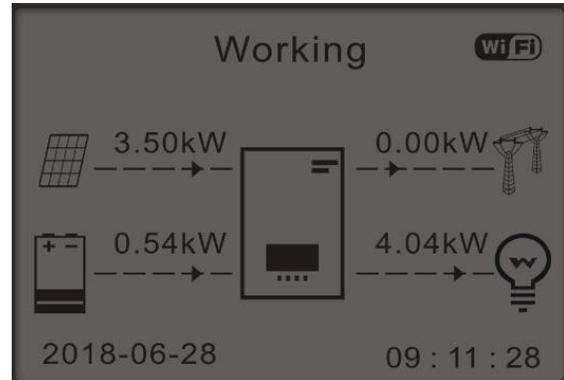
2) If PV production > LOAD consumption, the surplus power will be stored in the battery.



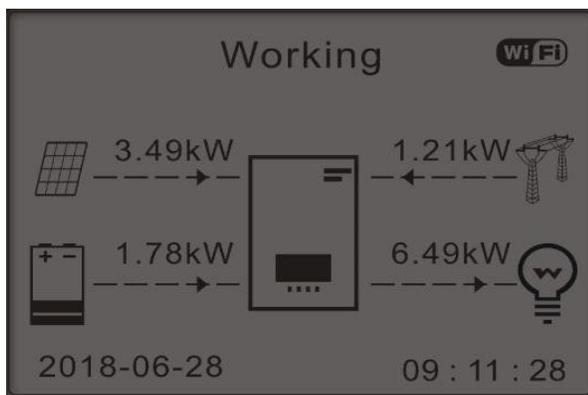
3) If the battery is fully charged (or already at max charge power), the surplus energy will be exported to the grid.



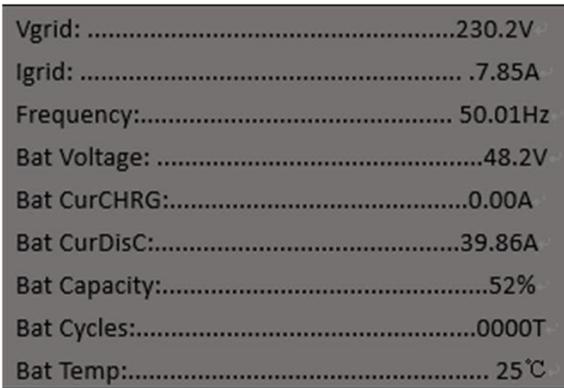
4) If PV production < LOAD consumption, then it will discharge the battery to supply power to the load.



5) If PV production + battery consumption < LOAD, the missing energy to feed the loads will be imported from the grid.



6) Press “DOWN” to display the current grid/battery parameters, press “UP” to go back to the main interface.



## 2) % charge mode

Dates, days and times can be set in which to force charge the batteries up to the set SOC %.

2.% charge mode	OK	% charge mode			
		Rules. 0: Enabled/Disabled			
		From	To	SOC	Charge
		02h00m - 04h00m		070%	01000 W
		Effective date			
		Dec. 22	-	Mar. 21	
		Weekday select			
		Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu. Fri. Sat. Sun.

## 3) Hourly mode

The time range in which to charge and discharge the battery can be set manually.

3.Hourly mode	OK	Hourly mode	
		Rules. 0:Enabled/Disabled	
		Charge Start	22 h 00 m
		Charge End	05 h 00 m
		Charge Power	02000 W
		Discharge Start	14 h 00 m
		Discharge End	16 h 00 m
		Discharge Power	02500 W

Changing the value of a rule allows multiple rules to be set for the timer.

3. Hourly mode	OK	Hourly mode
		Rules 0:
		enabled/disabled
		Charge start 22 h 00
		m
		Charge end 05 h 00
		m
		Charge power 02000 W
		Discharge start 14 h 00
		m
		Discharge end 16 h 00
		m
		Discharge power 02500 W

#### 4) Passive mode

Passive mode allows the inverter to see the batteries but not to charge or discharge them. This setting is useful for the initial testing of the inverter. For more detailed information on passive operation, please contact Zucchetti Centro Sistemi S.p.A.

#### 5. PV input mode

Select the input mode according to the photovoltaic array, in detail:

- ✓ Independent mode (default): If the strings are different (e.g. installed on two separate pitches or consisting of a different number of panels), the input model must be set to “independent mode.”
- ✓ Parallel mode: If the strings are connected in parallel, the input mode must be set to “parallel mode.”

#### 6. Self-test

5. Self-test	OK	1. Fast self-test
		2. STD Self-test

##### 1) Fast self-test





1. Fast self-test	OK	Start self-test	Press "OK" to start
		Test 59.S1...	
		↓	Wait
		Test 59.S1 OK!	
		↓	Wait
		Test 59.S2...	
		↓	Wait
		Test 59.S2 OK!	
		↓	Wait
		Test 27.S1...	
		↓	Wait
		Test 27.S1 OK!	
		↓	Wait
		Test 27.S2...	
		↓	Wait
		Test 27.S2 OK!	
		↓	Wait
		Test 81>S1...	
		↓	Wait
		Test 81>S1 OK!	
		↓	Wait
		Test 81>S2...	
		↓	Wait
		Test 81>S2 OK!	
		↓	Wait
		Test 81<S1...	
		↓	Wait
		Test 81<S1 OK!	
		↓	Wait
		Test 81<S2...	
		↓	Wait
		Test 81<S2 OK!	
		↓	Press "OK"
		Automatic test OK!	
		↓	Press "Down"
		Threshold 59.S1 253 V 900ms	
		↓	Press "Down"
		59.S1: 228V 902ms	
		↓	Press "Down"
		Threshold 59.S2 264.5 V 200ms	
		↓	Press "Down"
		59.S2: 229V 204ms	
		↓	Press "Down"
		Threshold 27.S1 195.5 V 1500ms	
		↓	Press "Down"
		27.S1: 228V 1500ms	
		↓	Press "Down"
		Threshold 27.S2 34.5 V 200ms	
		↓	Press "Down"
		27.S2: 227V 205ms	
		↓	Press "Down"
		Threshold 81>.S1 50.5 Hz	



100ms	
↓	Press "Down"
81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms	
↓	Press "Down"
Threshold 81>.S2 51.5 Hz	
100ms	
↓	Press "Down"
81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms	
↓	Press "Down"
Threshold 81<.S1 49.5 Hz	
100ms	
↓	Press "Down"
81<.S1 50.0Hz 105ms	
↓	Press "Down"
Threshold 81<.S2 47.5 Hz	
100ms	
↓	Press "Down"
81<.S2 50.1Hz 107ms	

## 2) STD self-test

**2. STD Self-test** Press "OK" to start

The test procedure is the same as the Fast Self-Test, but takes much longer.

### - PF time settings

Select "PF Time Setting," then press "OK." The following will appear on the screen:

Set: \*.\*\*\* s

Press "Up" or "Down" to change the first number, press "OK" to move to the next number. After changing all the numbers, press "OK."

### - QV time setting

Select "QV Time Setting," then press "OK." The following will appear on the screen:

Set: \*\* s

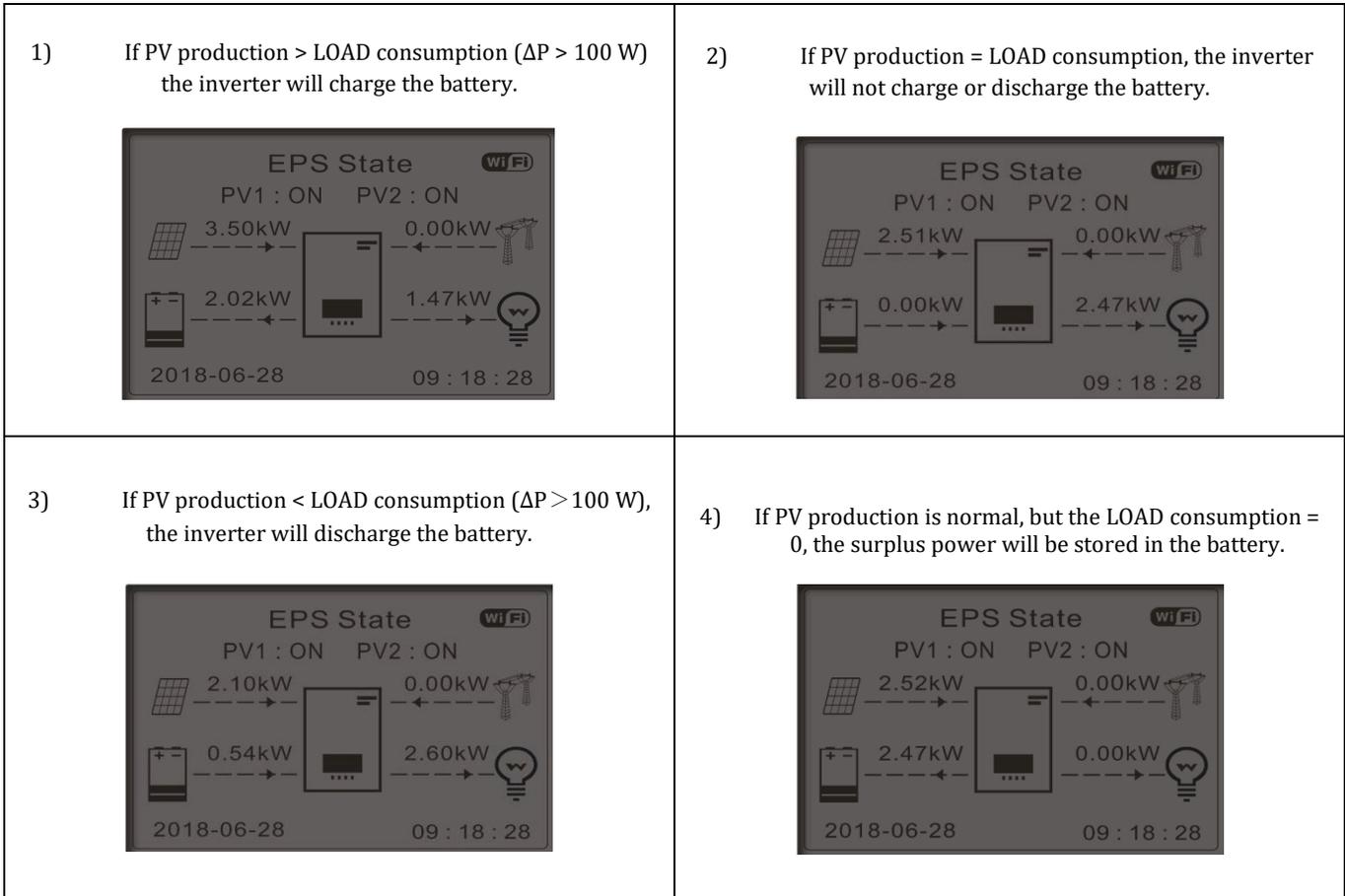
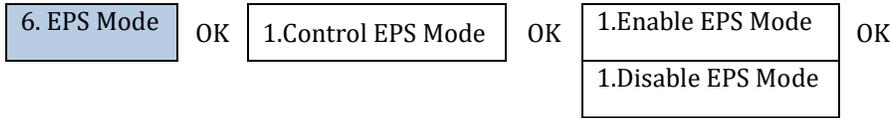
Press "Up" or "Down" to change the first number, press "OK" to move to the next number. After changing all the numbers, press "OK."

### - Control 81.S1

Select "Control 81.S1" and press "OK." Press "Up" or "Down" to "Enable 81.S1" or "Disable 81.S1," then press "OK."

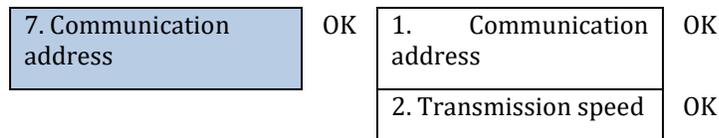
## 7. EPS Mode

The EPS mode enables the EPS output for critical loads.



## 8. Communication address

Select "Communication Address," then press "OK." Press "Up" or "Down" to change the first number, press "OK" to move to the next number. After changing the communication address-485 (**default: 01**), press "OK."



## 7.4.2. Advanced settings

2. Advanced settings	OK	<b>Password 0715</b>
		1. Battery parameters
		2. Zero grid feed-in mode
		3. IV Curve Scan
		4. Logic interface
		5. Factory reset
		6. Parallel settings
		7. Bluetooth reset
		8. CT Calibration
		9. Active battery
		10. Set PCC Meter
		11. Earth-Neutral bond

Select “Advanced Settings” and press “OK.” “Enter password” appears. Enter the password “0715”, press “Up” or “Down” to change the first number, press “OK” to move to the next number. When “0715” appears on the screen, press “OK” to enter the “Advanced Settings” interface.

If “Wrong, please try again” appears on the screen, press “Back” and enter the password again.

### 1) Battery parameters

1. Battery parameters	OK	1. Battery type	5. Max charge (A)
		2. Battery capacity	6. Max discharge (A)
		3. Rated batt. voltage	7.*Depth of discharge
		4. Type of battery cell	8.Save

OK

- Depth of discharge

For example, if depth of discharge = 50% and EPS depth of discharge = 80%,

while the grid is connected: the inverter will not discharge the battery as long as the SOC is less than 50%.

In the event of a blackout, the inverter will operate in EPS mode (if EPS mode is enabled) and will continue to discharge the battery until the battery SOC is below 20%.

7. Depth of discharge	OK	Depth of discharge 50% EPS depth of discharge 80% EPS depth of recovery 20%
-----------------------	----	--

## 2) Zero feed-in mode

Depending on the software version of the inverter, this function may be called **Anti-Reflux** or **Feed-in**.

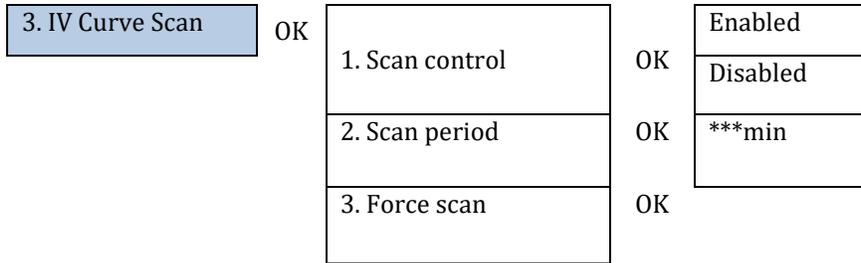
“Zero feed-in” mode can be enabled to limit the maximum power exported to the grid. The set in-feed power corresponds to the desired maximum export power to the grid.

2. Anti-Reflux	OK	1. Zero feed-in mode <hr/> 2. Input power	OK	Enabled <hr/> Disabled <hr/> ***KW
----------------	----	--	----	--

## 3) IV Curve Scan

The IV curve scan (MPPT scan) can be enabled to find the maximum overall power by adjusting the value during operation in order to obtain maximum output from the panels even in suboptimal conditions.

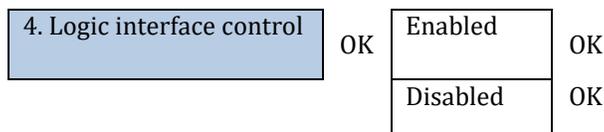
A scan period can be set or an instant scan can be performed.



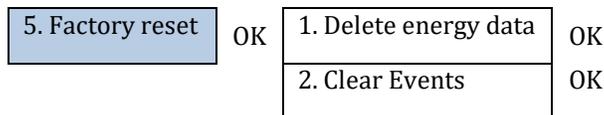
#### 4) Logic interface control

To enable or disable logic interfaces, refer to the COM port chapter on connections between logic interfaces.

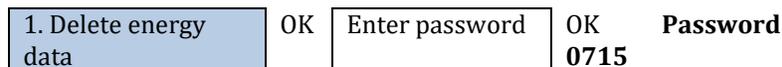
**This setting must always be disabled for systems installed in Italy.**



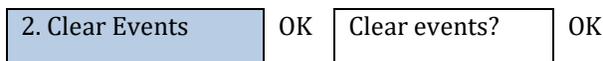
#### 5) Factory reset



Delete total energy generation of the inverter.

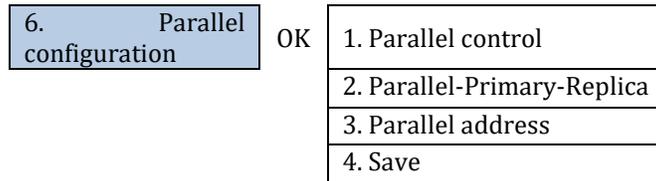


Delete historical events recorded in the inverter.



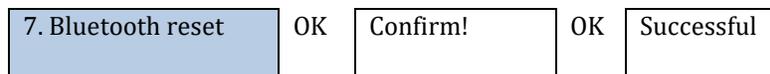
## 6) Parallel settings

This setting is to be enabled for systems that have multiple hybrid inverters connected in parallel (Master - Slave).



- Parallel control: enable or disable parallel functions. Both the master and the slave must enable this function.
- Parallel Primary-Replica: Set up the primary and replica. Select one inverter as primary and set the others to replica.
- Parallel address: set the parallel address. Each inverter must set a parallel address, and the parallel address in a parallel system cannot be repeated. (NOTE: the parallel address is different from the communication address used for monitoring).
- Save: save after the setup is complete.

## 7) Bluetooth reset



## 8) CT Calibration

For the inverter to perform this operation, it is necessary that:

- The system is connected to the grid
- The load output is not powered
- The batteries are present and switched on and at a maximum SOC of 40% to 80% (with depth of discharge  $\leq 20\%$ )
- The loads in the system are switched off
- Photovoltaic production is switched off
- Any other external production sources are switched off

In this way, the system will automatically set the direction internally in line with the system's current flows.

**ATTENTION!!!!: CT calibration may take several minutes, do not switch off the inverter while it is performing this operation**

We recommend that you consult with ZCS technicians before enabling this function.

8. CT Calibration	OK	Calibration	Successful/Failed
-------------------	----	-------------	-------------------

### 9) Active battery

This function must always be enabled.

### 10) Set PCC Meter

This function must be enabled when the **CHINT DDSU meter** is used to read the exchange, and not the CT sensor.

### 11) Earth-Neutral bond

This function enables the dry contact management to use an external contactor to connect the neutral to the earth in EPS mode. It is not available for all models, please contact Zucchetti Centro Sistemi for more information.

### 7.4.3. Production statistics

3. Production statistics	OK	<b>Today</b>
		PV .....***KWH
		Charge .....***KWH
		Exported .....***KWH
		Imported .....***KWH
		Charge .....***KWH
		Discharge .....***KWH
	Down ↓	<b>Month</b>
		PV .....***KWH
		Charge .....***KWH
		Exported .....***KWH
		Imported .....***KWH
		Charge .....***KWH
		Discharge .....***KWH
	Down ↓	<b>Year</b>
		PV .....***KWH
		Charge .....***KWH
		Exported .....***KWH
		Imported .....***KWH
		Charge .....***KWH
	Discharge .....***KWH	
Down ↓	<b>Totals</b>	
	PV .....***KWH	
	Charge .....***KWH	
	Exported .....***KWH	
	Imported .....***KWH	
	Charge .....***KWH	
	Discharge .....***KWH	

### 7.4.4. System information

The system information allows you to check the settings that have been assigned to the inverter and batteries. After installation, it is recommended to check that all the settings have been set correctly.

4. System information	OK	1. Inverter information
		2. Battery information
		3. Safety parameters

1. Inverter information	OK	Inverter information (1)
		Product serial number
		Hardware version
		Power level
		Firmware version
	Down ↓	Inverter information (2)
		Software version
		Press send (password 0715)
		Country
		Country Code version
	Down ↓	Inverter information (3)
		PV input mode
		Working mode
		RS485 address
		EPS Mode
	Down ↓	Inverter information (4)
		IV Curve Scan
		Logic interface control
	Down ↓	Inverter information (5)
		Power factor
		Zero feed-in mode
		Insulation resistance

2. Battery information	OK	Battery info 1/2 (1)
		Battery type
		Battery capacity
		Depth of discharge
	Down ↓	Inverter info 1/2 (2)
		Max charge current (A)
		Max charge threshold (V)
		Max discharge current (A)
		Min discharge voltage (V)

3. Safety param.	OK	Safety param. (1)
		OVP 1
		OVP 2
		UVP 1
		UVP 2
	Down ↓	Safety param. (2)
		OFP 1
		OFP 2
		UFP 1
		UFP 2
	Down ↓	Safety param. (3)
		OVP 10 min.

### 7.4.5. Event list

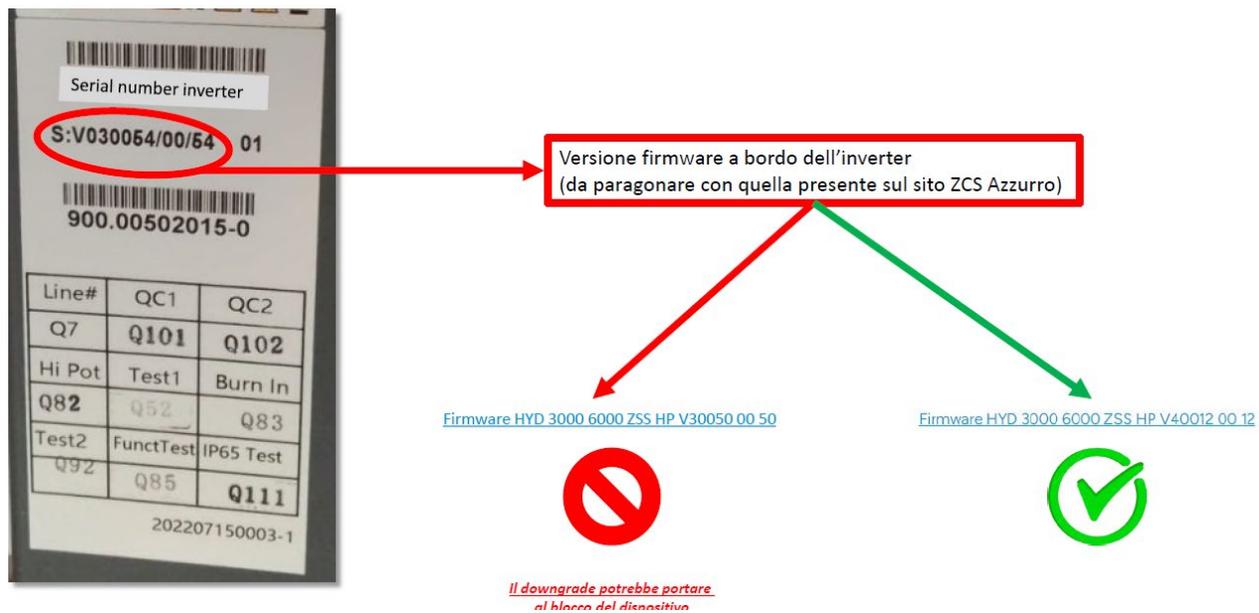
Event list is used to display the record of events in real time, including the total number of events and each specific ID number and time of the event. The user can access the interface of the event list through the main interface to check details of the records of events in real time. The event will be listed according to the time it occurs and recent events will be listed at the top.

1. List of current events	OK	1. List of current events	OK	ID042 IsoFault
		2. List of historical events		
2. List of historical events	OK	1.ID001 2020-4-3 14:11:45	OK	1.ID001 GridOVP
		2.ID005 2020-4-3 11:26:38		2.ID005 GFCI

## 7.4.6. Software Update

On first installation, all Zucchetti hybrid inverters must be updated to the latest firmware version found in the [www.zcsazzurro.com](http://www.zcsazzurro.com) website, unless the inverter is already updated to the version on the website or to a later version (see image below).

**Do not update the inverter if its firmware version is the same or higher than the one found in the ZCS Azzurro website**



**ATTENTION!!! Downgrading the firmware version of the inverter could lead to a malfunction.**

1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverters must be updated using an 8 GB USB stick

The folder name containing the update file is firmwareHYD-EP. The update files are named HYD-EP\_ARM.bin, HYD-EP\_DSPM.bin, and HYD-EP\_DSPTS.bin.

1. Insert the USB stick into the computer
2. Download the firmware of your inverter from the products section (storage inverters) of the [www.zcsazzurro.com](http://www.zcsazzurro.com) website, selecting the inverter model you own
3. Save only the firmware folder containing the .bin files on the USB stick.
4. Safely remove the USB stick from the computer
5. Make sure the inverter is switched off
6. Insert the USB stick in the appropriate USB port of the inverter

7. Switch on the inverter by turning the inverter's DC rotary switch to ON

8.

6. Software Update	OK	Enter password	OK	<b>Password</b>
				<b>0715</b>
				Start update
				DSP1 Update
				DSP2 Update
				ARM Update

9. If the following errors occur, please perform the update again. If the problem persists, contact technical support for assistance.

USB error	MDSP file error	SDSP file error
ARM file error	DSP1 update error	DSP2 update error
ARM update error		

10. **Step 7:** After the update is completed, turn of the DC switch, wait for the LCD screen to turn off, then restore the Wi-Fi connection and turn on the DC switch and AC switch again. The inverter will start operating. The user can check the current software version under System Information >> Software version.

## 8. Verification of proper operation

To check the proper operation of the inverter, follow these steps:

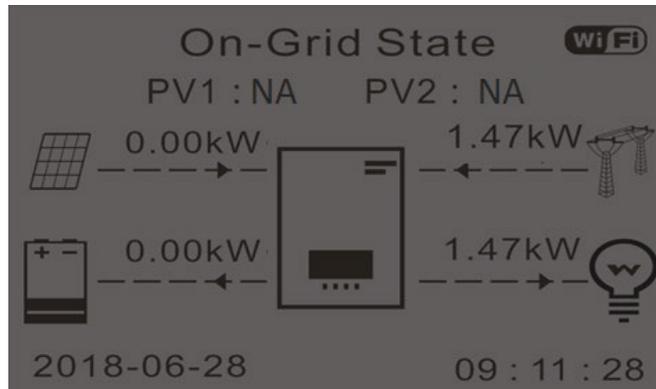
1. Switch off any source of photovoltaic generation by turning the switch to the OFF position.
2. Lower the circuit breaker of the 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP inverter. The inverter will remain switched on, but will go into error due to the lack of AC power (if the EPS function is enabled it will power the priority loads).



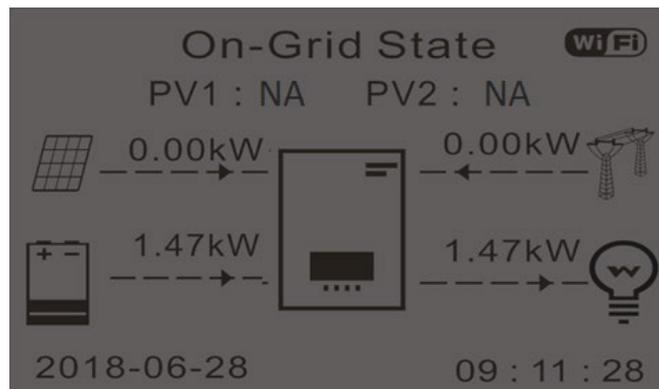
3. Switch on the inverter by raising the AC switch.



4. After raising the AC switch, the countdown will start according to the country code set (for CEI021-Internal, it will be 300 s.) for reconnecting itself to the grid. During this period, check that the household loads are only powered by the grid and that there is no other power flow, either from the photovoltaic system or the battery.



5. Once the countdown is over, the batteries will start to deliver energy to the load according to the availability, trying to reset the consumption from the grid. During this period, check that the
  - a. value of the consumption remains constant\* as the energy delivered by the battery increases during discharge.
  - b. The energy drawn from the grid should decrease by an amount equal to the energy delivered by the battery.

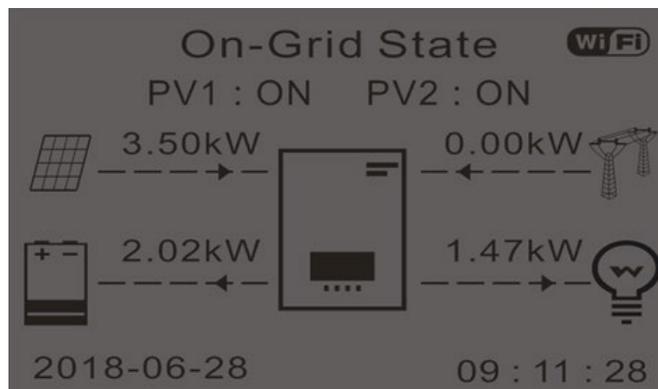


6. Switch on the photovoltaic system by turning the switch to the ON position.



7. Once the photovoltaic system is switched on, check that:

- a. The consumption value displayed on the screen remains constant as the photovoltaic power increases
- b. Depending on the photovoltaic production, the system operates according to the respective operating mode.
- c. The PV production value shown on the display is in line with the actual PV production visible on the photovoltaic inverter



8. If the above is not verified, check the CT positioning and direction by consulting the correct installation and commissioning procedures.

## 8.1. Checking the settings

1. Below is a summary of all the device settings, available in the system information menu. In particular, it is necessary to check that the parameters circled in red are correct. To access this menu, from the main screen:

1.1. Press the first key from the left;

1.2. Press the third ↓ key twice;

1.3. Enter the “System information” menu by pressing the fourth key;

1.4. Press the third ↓ key to scroll through the images.

Info Sistema (1)		Inverter Info(2)	
Seriale :	ZE1ES330J28307	Paese :	CEI-021 Internal
Versione Software :	V2.00	Codice Servizio	V2.10
Versione Hardware :	V1.00	Modalità Ingresso PV:	Indipendente
Livello di potenza:	3kW	Modalità di Lavoro:	Modalità automatica

**Country:** check that the country code is correct for the regulation in force.

**PV input mode:** check that the correct setting has been set according to the system configuration.

**Operating mode:** in order to minimise exchanges with the grid, the correct mode will be “Automatic Mode.”

Inverter Info(3)		Info Sistema (4)	
Indirizzo RS485 :	01	Controllo DRMs0 :	Disabilitato
EPS :	Disabilitato	Imposta tempo PF :	DFLT : 0.000s SET : 0.000s
Scansione Curva IV :	Disabilitato	Imposta tempo QV :	DFLT : 3.0s SET : 3.0s
Modalità 0 Immissione :	Disabilitato	Fattore Potenza :	100%

**RS485 address:** check that value 01 is set so that systems can be monitored via the App or Website.

**EPS:** check that the setting is enabled when using EPS mode.

**IV Curve Scan:** to be enabled in case of constant shading on the panels.

**Zero feed-in mode:** to be enabled to avoid feeding into the grid.

**DRMs0 Control** (or logic interface): must be disabled in Italy.

Info Sistema (5)	
Batteria attiva :	Disabilitato
Direzione CT :	Unfrozen
Insulation resistance :	7000KOhm

**CT direction:** check the CT blocking status.

**Insulation resistance:** check that the insulation resistance value is higher than the limits imposed by the standards.

Info Batteria (1)		Info Batteria (1)	
Tipo Batteria :	Pylon	Tipo Batteria :	WeCoHeSU V0. 3. 54
Capacità Batteria :	50Ah	Capacità Batteria :	86Ah
Profondità Scarica :	80% (EPS) 80%	Profondità Scarica :	80% (EPS) 90%
Corr. Carica max (A) :	BMS : 25.00A SET : 65.00A	Corr. Carica max (A) :	BMS : 65.00A SET : 65.00A

**Battery type:** check whether the battery model on the display is consistent with the installed batteries.

**Battery capacity:** the system will display the total capacity of the batteries:

- 1 Pylontech → 50 Ah
- Pylontech 2 → 100Ah
- Pylontech n → n x 50Ah
- 1 WeCo 4k4 → 86 Ah
- 2 WeCo 4k4 → 172 Ah
- n WeCo 4k4 → n x 86 Ah
- 1 WeCo 5k3 → 100 Ah
- 2 WeCo 5k3 → 200 Ah
- n WeCo 5k3 → n x 100 Ah
- 1 AZZURRO → 100 Ah
- 2 AZZURRO → 200 Ah
- n AZZURRO → n x 100 Ah

**Depth of discharge:** check the depth of discharge values set in grid and EPS mode.

Info Batteria (2)		Info Batteria (2)		Info Batteria (3)	
Soglia sovratensione :	54.0V	Soglia sovratensione :	59.3V	EPS Safety Buffer:	10%
Soglia carica max (V) :	53.2V	Soglia carica max (V) :	58.4V		
Corr. max Scarica (A) :	BMS : 25.00A SET : 65.00A	Corr. max Scarica (A) :	BMS : 65.00A SET : 65.00A		
Tensione min scarica :	47.0V	Tensione min scarica :	48.0V		



## 9. Technical specifications

DATI TECNICI	1PH HYD 3000 ZSS HP	1PH HYD 3600 ZSS HP	1PH HYD 4000 ZSS HP	1PH HYD 4600 ZSS HP	1PH HYD 5000 ZSS HP	1PH HYD 6000 ZSS HP
<b>Dati tecnici ingresso DC (fotovoltaico)</b>						
Potenza DC Tipica*	4500W	5400W	6000W	6900	7500W	9000W
Massima Potenza DC per ogni MPPT	3500W (270V-520V)					
N. di MPPT indipendenti/ N. stringhe per MPPT	2/1					
Tensione massima di ingresso	600V					
Tensione di attivazione	100V					
Tensione nominale di ingresso	360V					
Intervallo MPPT di tensione DC	90V-580V					
Intervallo di tensione DC a pieno carico	160V-520V	180V-520V	200V-520V	230V-520V	250V-520V	300V-520V
Massima corrente in ingresso per ogni MPPT	13A/13A					
Massima corrente assoluta per ogni MPPT	18A/18A					
<b>Dati tecnici collegamento batterie</b>						
Tipo di batteria compatibile	Ioni di litio (fornite da Zucchetti)					
Tensione nominale	48V					
Intervallo di tensione ammessa	42V-58V					
Massima potenza di carica/scarica	5000W/3000W	5000W/3600W	5000W/4000W	5000W/4600W	5000W/5000W	
Range di temperatura ammesso**	-10°C/+50°C					
Massima corrente di carica	100A (programmabile)					
Massima corrente di scarica	100A (programmabile)					
Curva di carica	Gestita da BMS di batteria					
Profondità di scarica (DoD)	0%-90% (programmabile)					
<b>Uscita AC (lato rete)</b>						
Potenza nominale	3000W	3680W	4000W	4600W	5000W	6000W
Potenza massima	3300VA	3680VA	4400VA	4600VA	5500VA	6000VA
Massima corrente	15A	16A	20A	20.9A	25 A	27.3A
Tipologia connessione/Tensione nominale	Monofase L/N/PE 220,230,240V					
Intervallo di tensione AC	180V-276V (in accordo con gli standard locali)					
Frequenza nominale	50Hz/60Hz					
Intervallo di frequenza AC	44Hz-55Hz / 54Hz-66Hz (in accordo con gli standard locali)					
Distorsione armonica totale	< 3%					
Fattore di potenza	1 default (programmabile +/- 0.8)					
Limitazione immissione in rete	Programmabile da display					
<b>Uscita EPS (Emergency Power Supply)</b>						
Massima potenza erogata in EPS***	3000VA (3600VA per 60s)	3680VA (4400VA per 60s)	4000VA (4800VA per 60s)	4600VA (5520VA per 60s)	5000VA (6000VA per 60s)	
Tensione e frequenza uscita EPS	Monofase 230V 50Hz/60Hz					
Corrente erogabile in EPS	13.6A	16A	18.2A	20.9A	22.7A	
Distorsione armonica totale	< 3%					
Switch time	< 10ms					
<b>Efficienza</b>						
Efficienza massima	97.6%				97.8%	98.0%
Efficienza pesata (EURO)	97.2%				97.3%	97.5%
Efficienza MPPT	>99.9%					
Massima efficienza di carica/scarica delle batterie	94.6%					
Consumo in stand-by	< 10W					
<b>Protezioni</b>						
Protezione di interfaccia interna	SI					
Protezioni di sicurezza	Anti islanding, RCMU, Ground Fault Monitoring					
Protezione da inversione di polarità DC	SI					
Sezionatore DC	Integrato					
Protezione da surriscaldamento	SI					
Categoria Sovratensione/Tipo di protezione	Overvoltage Category III / Protective class I					
Scaricatori integrati	AC/DC MOV: Tipo 3 standard					
Soft Start Batteria	SI					
<b>Standard</b>						
EMC	EN 61000-3-2/3/11/12, EN 61000-6-2/3					
Safety standard	IEC 62116, IEC 61727, IEC 61683, IEC 60068-1/2/14/30, IEC 62109-1/2					
Standard di connessione alla rete	Certificati e standard di connessione disponibili su <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>					
<b>Comunicazione</b>						
Interfacce di comunicazione	Wi-Fi/4G/Ethernet (opzionali), RS485 (protocollo proprietario), USB, CAN 2.0 (per collegamento con batterie)					
Ulteriori ingressi o connessioni	Ingresso per connessione sensore di corrente o meter					
<b>Informazioni Generali</b>						
Intervallo di temperatura ambiente ammesso	-30°C...+60°C (limitazione di potenza sopra i 45°C)					
Topologia	Trasformerless / Uscita batterie isolata ad alta frequenza					
Grado di protezione ambientale	IP65					
Intervallo di umidità relativa ammesso	0%...95% senza condensazione					
Massima altitudine operativa	4000m					
Rumorosità	< 25dB @ 1mt					
Peso	22.5Kg					
Raffreddamento	Convezione naturale					
Dimensioni (A*L*P)	482mm*503mm*183mm					
Display	LED display e APP					
Garanzia	10 anni					

\* La potenza DC tipica non rappresenta un limite massimo di potenza applicabile. Il configuratore online disponibile sul sito [www.zcsazzurro.com](http://www.zcsazzurro.com) fornisce le possibili configurazioni applicabili

\*\* Valore standard per batterie al litio; massima operatività tra +10°C/+40°C

\*\*\* La potenza erogata in EPS dipende dal numero e dal tipo di batterie nonché dallo stato del sistema (capacità residua, temperatura)

## 10. Troubleshooting

Code	Name	Description	Solution
<b>ID001</b>	GridOVP	The grid voltage is too high.	<p>If the alarm occurs occasionally, the probable cause is that the electric grid has occasional faults. The inverter will automatically return to normal operating state when the electric grid returns to normal operation.</p> <p>If the alarm occurs frequently, check whether the grid voltage/frequency is within the acceptable range. If so, check the circuit AC circuit breaker and AC wiring of the inverter.</p> <p>If the grid voltage/frequency is NOT within the acceptable range and the AC wiring is correct, but the alarm occurs repeatedly, contact technical support to change the grid over-voltage, under-voltage, over-frequency and under-frequency protection points, after obtaining approval from the local grid operator.</p>
<b>ID002</b>	GridUVP	The grid voltage is too low	
<b>ID003</b>	GridOFP	The grid frequency is too high	
<b>ID004</b>	GridUFP	The grid frequency is too low	
<b>ID005</b>	GFCI	Charge leakage fault	
<b>ID006</b>	OVRT error	The OVRT function is faulty	

<b>ID007</b>	LVRT error	The LVRT function is faulty	
<b>ID008</b>	IslandFault	Isolation protection error	
<b>ID009</b>	GridOVPIstant1	Transient over-voltage of grid voltage 1	
<b>ID010</b>	GridOVPIstant2	Transient over-voltage of grid voltage 2	
<b>ID011</b>	VGridLineFault	Power grid line voltage error	
<b>ID012</b>	InvOVP	Inverter over-voltage	
<b>ID013</b>	--	--	<p>Hardreflux function enabled.            Disable via advanced settings, zero feed-in mode -            Hardreflux</p>



<b>ID017</b>	HwADFaultIGrid	Power grid current sampling error	<p>Check whether the PE connection is correct.          Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>. If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support</p>
<b>ID018</b>	HwADFaultDCI	Sampling error of the DC grid component	
<b>ID019</b>	HwADFaultVGrid(DC)	Sampling error of the grid voltage (DC)	
<b>ID020</b>	HwADFaultVGrid(AC)	Sampling error of the grid voltage (AC)	<p>Inverter measurement error.          Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>. If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support</p>
<b>ID021</b>	GFCIDeviceFault(DC)	Sampling error of leakage current (DC)	<p>Internal inverter errors. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>. If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support</p>
<b>ID022</b>	GFCIDeviceFault(AC)	Sampling error of leakage current (AC)	
<b>ID023</b>	HwADFaultDCV	Sampling error of load voltage components (DC)	



<b>ID024</b>	HwADFaultIdc	Sampling error of the DC input current	Check that the polarity on the photovoltaic side has not been inverted. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID029</b>	ConsistentFault_GFCI	Leakage current consistency error	Internal inverter errors. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID030</b>	ConsistentFault_Vgrid	Grid voltage consistency error	
<b>ID033</b>	SpiCommFault(DC)	SPI communication error (DC)	
<b>ID034</b>	SpiCommFault(AC)	SPI communication error (AC)	
<b>ID035</b>	SChip_Fault	Chip error (DC)	
<b>ID036</b>	MChip_Fault	Chip error (AC)	



<b>ID037</b>	HwAuxPowerFault	Auxiliary power supply error	
<b>ID041</b>	RelayFail	Relay detection fault	
<b>ID042</b>	IsoFault	Low insulation impedance	Check the insulation resistance between the photovoltaic array and ground; if there is a short circuit, the fault should be repaired immediately.
<b>ID043</b>	PEConnectFault	Faulty ground	Check AC output PE wire for grounding.
<b>ID044</b>	PvConfigError	Error when setting input mode	Check the PV input mode settings (parallel/independent mode) for the inverter. If necessary, change the PV input mode.
<b>ID045</b>	CTDisconnect	CT error	Check whether the CT wiring is correct.
<b>ID047</b>	Parallel fault	Parallel fault	Check that parallel control has not been enabled incorrectly. To disable it, go to advanced settings, parallel control - Disable.

<b>ID048</b>	FanFault	Fan error	Check whether fan 1 of the inverter is working properly.
<b>ID049</b>	TempFault_Bat	Battery temperature protection	<p>Make sure the inverter is installed away from direct sunlight.</p> <p>Make sure the inverter is installed in a cool, well-ventilated place.</p> <p>Make sure the inverter is installed vertically and that the ambient temperature is below the inverter temperature limit.</p>
<b>ID050</b>	TempFault_HeatSink1	Radiator temperature protection 1	
<b>ID051</b>	TempFault_HeatSink2	Radiator temperature protection 2	
<b>ID052</b>	TempFault_HeatSin3	Radiator temperature protection 3	
<b>ID053</b>	TempFault_HeatSink4	Radiator temperature protection 4	
<b>ID054</b>	TempFault_HeatSin5	Radiator temperature protection 5	



<b>ID055</b>	TempFault_HeatSin6	Radiator temperature protection 6	
<b>ID057</b>	TempFault_Env1	Ambient temperature protection 1	
<b>ID058</b>	TempFault_Env2	Ambient temperature protection 2	
<b>ID059</b>	TempFault_Inv1	Module temperature protection 1	
<b>ID060</b>	TempFault_Inv2	Module temperature protection 2	
<b>ID061</b>	TempFault_Inv3	Module temperature protection 3	
<b>ID065</b>	VbusRmsUnbalance	Unbalanced RMS bus voltage	Inverter measurement error. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support

<b>ID066</b>	VbusInstantUnbalance	The transient value of the bus voltage is unbalanced	
<b>ID067</b>	BusUVP	Bus undervoltage during grid connection	
<b>ID068</b>	BusZVP	Bus voltage is low	
<b>ID069</b>	PVOVP	PV overvoltage	Check whether the PV array voltage (Voc) is higher than the inverter's maximum input voltage. If so, adjust the number of PV modules connected in series and reduce the PV array voltage to match the input voltage range of the inverter. After the correction, the inverter will automatically return to normal state.
<b>ID070</b>	BatOVP	Battery overvoltage	Check whether the battery overvoltage setting is inconsistent with the battery specifications. Check that the batteries are not installed in series.
<b>ID071</b>	LLCBusOVP	BUS LLC overvoltage protection	<p>Inverter measurement error.</p> <p>Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>. If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support</p>
<b>ID072</b>	SwBusRmsOVP	Inverter bus RMS software overvoltage	

<b>ID073</b>	SwBusInstantOVP	Inverter bus voltage instantaneous value software overvoltage	Deactivate zero feed-in or increase grid feed-in, if permitted. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID081</b>	SwBatOCP	Battery overcurrent software protection	Internal inverter errors. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID082</b>	DciOCP	DCI overcurrent protection	Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> and set the correct safety standard, otherwise update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID083</b>	SwOCPIstant	Instantaneous output current protection	Internal inverter errors. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID084</b>	SwBuckBoostOCP	BuckBoost software flow	
<b>ID085</b>	SwAcRmsOCP	Actual output value current protection	
<b>ID086</b>	SwPvOCPIstant	PV overcurrent software protection	

<b>ID087</b>	IpvUnbalance	Parallel PV flows not even	Check that the strings have been paralleled correctly.
<b>ID088</b>	IacUnbalance	Output current not balanced	Internal inverter errors. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID097</b>	HwLLCBusOVP	LLC bus hardware overvoltage	
<b>ID098</b>	HwBusOVP	Inverter bus hardware overvoltage	
<b>ID099</b>	HwBuckBoostOCP	BuckBoost hardware overflows	
<b>ID100</b>	HwBatOCP	Battery hardware overflows	
<b>ID102</b>	HwPVOCP	PV hardware overflows	Check that the polarity on the string side has not been reversed and that the MC4 connectors are crimped correctly.



<b>ID103</b>	HwACOCP	AC output hardware overflows	Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID110</b>	Overload1	Overload protection 1	Check whether the inverter is operating under overload.
<b>ID111</b>	Overload2	Overload protection 2	
<b>ID112</b>	Overload3	Overload protection 3	
<b>ID113</b>	OverTempDerating	Internal temperature is too high	<p>Make sure the inverter is installed away from direct sunlight.</p> <p>Make sure the inverter is installed in a cool, well-ventilated place.</p> <p>Make sure the inverter is installed vertically and that the ambient temperature is below the inverter temperature limit.</p>
<b>ID114</b>	FreqDerating	AC frequency is too high	Make sure that the grid frequency and voltage are within the acceptable range.
<b>ID115</b>	FreqLoading	AC frequency is too low	



<b>ID116</b>	VoltDerating	AC voltage is too high	
<b>ID117</b>	VoltLoading	AC voltage is too low	
<b>ID124</b>	BatLowVoltageAlarm	Battery low voltage protection	Check whether the battery voltage of the inverter is too low.
<b>ID125</b>	BatLowVoltageShut	Battery low voltage shutdown	
<b>ID129</b>	unrecoverHwAcOCP	Permanent output hardware overcurrent error	Internal inverter errors. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID130</b>	unrecoverBusOVP	Permanent bus overvoltage error	
<b>ID131</b>	unrecoverHwBusOVP	Permanent bus hardware overvoltage error	



<b>ID132</b>	unrecoverIpyUnbalance	Permanent PV uneven flow error	
<b>ID133</b>	unrecoverEPSBatOCP	Permanent battery overcurrent error in EPS mode	
<b>ID134</b>	unrecoverAcOCPInstant	Permanent output transient overcurrent error	
<b>ID135</b>	unrecoverIacUnbalance	Permanent unbalanced output current error	
<b>ID137</b>	unrecoverPvConfigError	Permanent input mode setting error	<p>Check the PV input mode settings (parallel/independent mode) for the inverter. If necessary, change the PV input mode.</p>
<b>ID138</b>	unrecoverPVOCPInstant	Permanent input overcurrent error	
<b>ID139</b>	unrecoverHwPVOCP	Permanent input hardware overcurrent error	<p>Internal inverter errors. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>. If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support</p>





<b>ID140</b>	unrecoverRelayFail	Permanent relay error	
<b>ID141</b>	unrecoverVbusUnbalance	Permanent unbalanced bus voltage fault	
<b>ID145</b>	USBFault	Faulty USB	Check the USB port of the inverter. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID146</b>	WifiFault	Wi-Fi error	Check the Wi-Fi port. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID147</b>	BluetoothFault	Bluetooth error	Check the Bluetooth connection of the inverter. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID148</b>	RTCFault	RTC clock failure	Internal inverter errors. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support
<b>ID149</b>	CommEEPROMFault	Communication board EEPROM error	



<b>ID150</b>	FlashFault	Communication board FLASH error	
<b>ID152</b>	Safety fault	Error safety version not consistent with the firmware version of the inverter.	Check that the safety code has not been changed without updating the inverter. Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a> . If it isn't, update to the latest version and upload the relative safety version.
<b>ID153</b>	SciCommLose (DC)	SCI communication error (DC)	<p>Internal inverter errors.</p> <p>Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>. If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support</p>
<b>ID154</b>	SciCommLose(AC)	SCI communication error (AC)	
<b>ID155</b>	SciCommLose(Fuse)	SCI communication error (fuse)	
<b>ID156</b>	SoftVerError	Inconsistent software versions	
<b>ID157</b>	BMSCommunicationFault	Lithium battery communication error	Make sure that the battery is compatible with the inverter. Check that the inverter channels are configured correctly, that the correct battery parameters have been set, and that both the power and communication cables have been connected correctly.

<b>ID161</b>	ForceShutdown	Forced shutdown	The inverter performs a forced shutdown
<b>ID162</b>	RemoteShutdown	Remote shutdown	The inverter performs a remote shutdown.
<b>ID163</b>	Drms0Shutdown	Drms0 shutdown	The inverter performs a Drms0 shutdown.
<b>ID165</b>	RemoteDerating	Remote derating	The inverter performs a remote load reduction.
<b>ID166</b>	LogicInterfaceDerating	Logic interface derating	The inverter is loaded from the logic interface.
<b>ID167</b>	AlarmAntiRefluxing	Anti- reflux derating	The inverter is implemented to prevent the drop of the meter's current load.
<b>ID169</b>	FanFault 1	Fan failure	<p>Internal inverter errors.</p> <p>Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>. If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support</p>

<b>ID175</b>	FanFault 1	Fan failure	<p>Internal inverter errors.          Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>. If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support</p>
<b>ID177</b>	BMS OVP	BMS overvoltage alarm	<p>Internal lithium battery failure.          Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>. If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support.</p>
<b>ID178</b>	BMS UVP	BMS undervoltage alarm	<p>Low battery temperature warning.          Lithium batteries under 10° have an operating derating when both charging and discharging.          Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>. If it isn't, update to the latest version.</p>
<b>ID179</b>	BMS OTP	BMS high temperature warning	<p>Internal lithium battery failure.          Check whether the inverter is updated to the latest version found on <a href="http://www.zcsazzurro.com">www.zcsazzurro.com</a>. If it isn't, update to the latest version. If the errors still occur, contact technical support.</p>
<b>ID180</b>	BMS UTP	BMS low temperature alarm	
<b>ID181</b>	BMS OCP	BMS overload warning when charging and discharging	
<b>ID182</b>	BMS Short	BMS short-circuit alarm	

## 11. Maintenance

Inverters generally do not require daily or ordinary maintenance. In any case, for proper long-term operation of the inverter, make sure that the heat sink for cooling the inverter has enough space to ensure adequate ventilation and that it is not obstructed by dust or other items.

### **Cleaning the inverter**

Use a compressor, a soft dry cloth or a soft bristle brush to clean the inverter. Do not clean the inverter with water, corrosive chemicals or aggressive detergents. Disconnect the AC and DC power supply to the inverter before cleaning.

### **Cleaning the heat sink**

Use a compressor, a soft dry cloth or a soft bristle brush to clean the heat sink. Do not clean the heat sink with water, corrosive chemicals or aggressive detergents. Disconnect the AC and DC power supply to the inverter before cleaning.

## 12. Uninstalling

### 12.1. Installation steps

- Disconnect the inverter from the AC grid.
- Disconnect the DC switch (located on the battery or installed on the wall)
- Wait 5 minutes.
- To remove the DC connectors from the inverter
- Remove the connectors for communication with the batteries, the current sensors and the NTC temperature probe.
- Remove the AC terminals.
- Unscrew the fixing bolt of the bracket and remove the inverter from the wall.

### 12.2. Packaging

If possible, pack the inverter in its original packaging.

### 12.3. Storage

Store the inverter in a dry place with an ambient temperature between -25 and +60°C.

### 12.4. Disposal

Zucchetti Centro Sistemi S.p.A. is not responsible for the disposal of the equipment, or parts thereof, which does not take place according to the regulations and standards in the country of installation.



The symbol of the crossed-out bin indicates that the product, at the end of its life, must not be disposed of with domestic waste.

This product must be delivered to the waste collection point in your local community for recycling.

For more information, contact the waste disposal authority in your country.

Inappropriate waste disposal could have negative effects on the environment and on human health due to potentially hazardous substances.

By cooperating in the proper disposal of this product, you contribute to the reuse, recycling and recovery of this product, and to the protection of our environment.

### 13. Monitoring system

ZCS monitoring				
Product code	Product photo	APP monitoring	Portal monitoring	Possibility to send commands and to update the inverter remotely in case of technical support
ZSM-WIFI				
ZSM-ETH				
ZSM-4G				
Datalogger 4-10 Inverters				
Datalogger up to 31 Inverters				

## 13.1. External Wi-Fi adapter

### 13.1.1. Installation

Unlike the internal Wi-Fi card, the external adapter must be installed for all compatible inverters. However, the procedure is quicker and easier as there is no need to open the front cover of the inverter.

In order to monitor the inverter, the RS485 communication address must be set to 01 directly from the display.

#### Installation tools:

- Cross screwdriver
  - External Wi-Fi adapter
- 1) Switch off the inverter following the procedure described in this manual.
  - 2) Remove the cover for accessing the Wi-Fi connector on the bottom of the inverter by unscrewing the two cross-head screws (a), or by unscrewing the cover (b), as shown in the figure.



Figure 103 - Slot for external Wi-Fi adapter

- 3) Insert the Wi-Fi adapter into the appropriate port, taking care to follow the direction of the connection and ensure correct contact between the two parts.

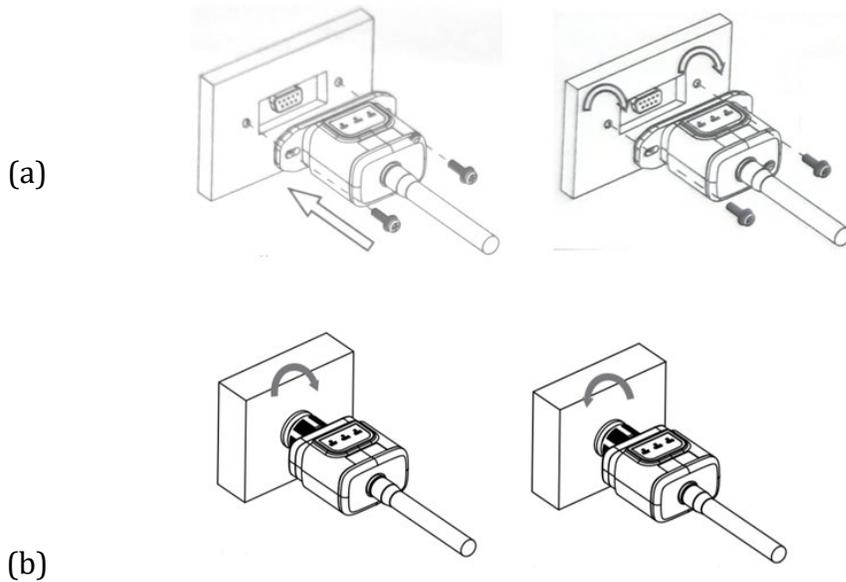


Figure 104 – Inserting and securing the external Wi-Fi adapter

- 4) Switch on the inverter by following the procedure described in the manual.

### 13.1.2. Configuration

Configuration of the Wi-Fi adapter requires the presence of a Wi-Fi network near the inverter in order to achieve stable transmission of data from the inverter adapter to the Wi-Fi modem.

**Tools required for configuration:**

- Smartphone, PC or tablet

Go to front of the inverter and search for the Wi-Fi network using a smartphone, PC or tablet, making sure that the signal from the home Wi-Fi network reaches the place where the inverter is installed.

If the Wi-Fi signal is present at the location where the inverter is installed, the configuration procedure can begin.

If the Wi-Fi signal does not reach the inverter, a system must be installed to amplify the signal and bring it to the installation location.

- 1) Activate the search for Wi-Fi networks on your phone or PC in order to display all the networks visible from your device.

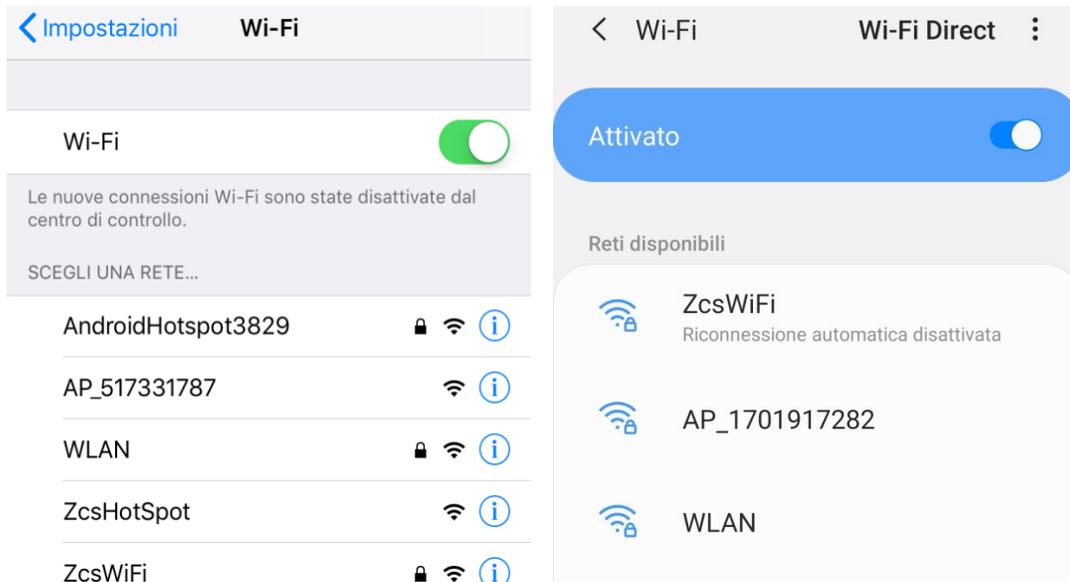


Figure 105 – Wi-Fi network search on iOS smartphone (left) and Android (right)

Note: Disconnect from any Wi-Fi networks to which you are connected by removing automatic access.



Figure 106 – Disabling automatic reconnection to a network

- 2) Connect to a Wi-Fi network generated by the inverter's Wi-Fi adapter (i.e. AP\_\*\*\*\*\*, where \*\*\*\*\* indicates the serial number of the Wi-Fi adapter shown on the label of the device), which operates as an Access Point.



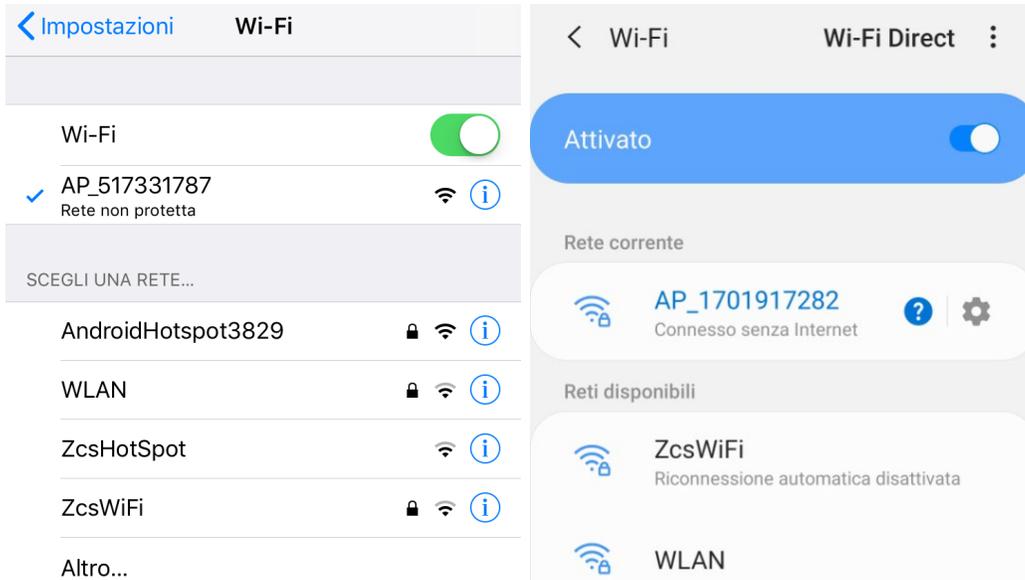


Figure 107 – Connection to Access Point of the Wi-Fi adapter on iOS smartphone (left) and Android smartphone (right)

- 3) If you are using a second-generation Wi-Fi adapter, you will be prompted for a password to connect to the inverter's Wi-Fi network. Use the password found on the box or on the Wi-Fi adapter.



Figure 108 – Password of external Wi-Fi adapter

Note: To ensure that the adapter is connected to the PC or smartphone during the configuration procedure, enable automatic reconnection of the AP\_\*\*\*\*\* network.

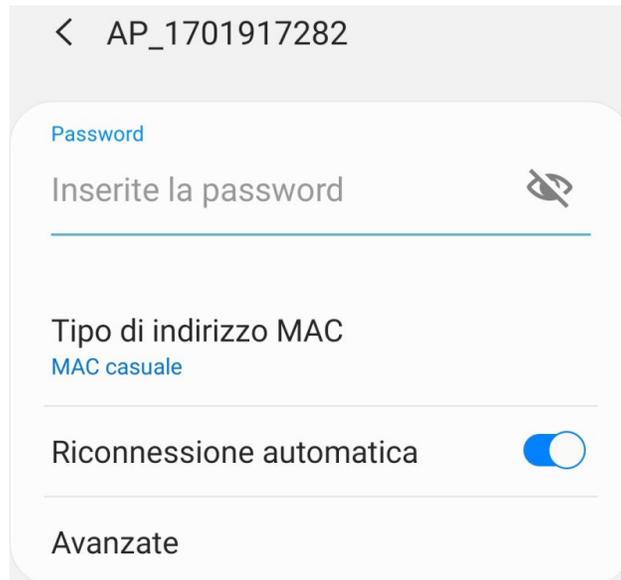


Figure 109 – Password entry prompt

Note: the Access Point is not able to provide internet access; confirm to maintain the Wi-Fi connection, even if internet is not available



Figure 110 – Screen showing that the Internet cannot be accessed

- 4) Open a browser (Google Chrome, Safari, Firefox) and enter the IP address 10.10.100.254 in the address bar at the top of the screen.  
In the box that appears, enter “admin” as both Username and Password.

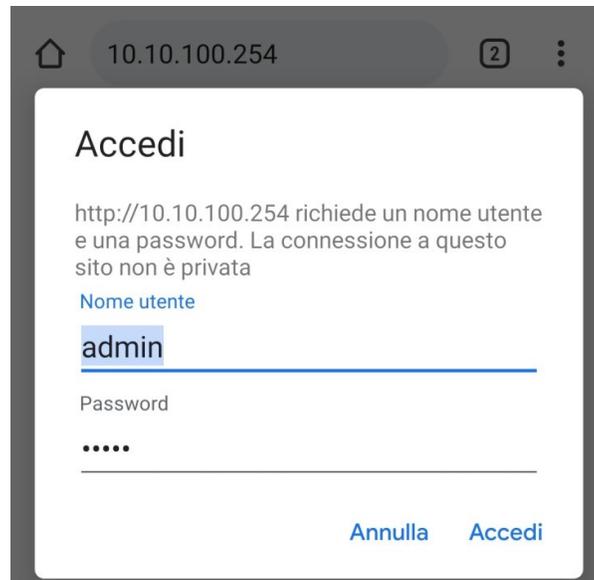


Figure 111 – Screen for accessing the web server to configure the Wi-Fi adapter

- 5) The status screen will open, showing the logger information such as the serial number and firmware version.

Check that the Inverter Information fields are filled in with the inverter information.

The language of the page can be changed using the command in the top right-hand corner.





中文 | English

<b>Status</b>	<div style="border: 2px solid red; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p><b>- Inverter information</b></p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 70%;">Inverter serial number</td><td>ZH1ES160J3E488</td></tr> <tr><td>Firmware version (main)</td><td>V210</td></tr> <tr><td>Firmware version (slave)</td><td>---</td></tr> </table> </div> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>Inverter model</td><td>ZH1ES160</td></tr> <tr><td>Rated power</td><td>--- W</td></tr> <tr><td><b>Current power</b></td><td>--- W</td></tr> <tr><td>Yield today</td><td>11.2 kWh</td></tr> <tr><td><b>Total yield</b></td><td>9696.0 kWh</td></tr> <tr><td><b>Alerts</b></td><td>F12F14</td></tr> <tr><td>Last updated</td><td>0</td></tr> </table> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>- Device information</b></p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 70%;">Device serial number</td><td>1701917282</td></tr> <tr><td>Firmware version</td><td>LSW3_14_FFFF_1.0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>Wireless AP mode</td><td><b>Enable</b></td></tr> <tr><td style="padding-left: 20px;">SSID</td><td>AP_1701917282</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding-left: 20px;">IP address</td><td>10.10.100.254</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding-left: 20px;">MAC address</td><td>98:d8:63:54:0a:87</td></tr> <tr><td>Wireless STA mode</td><td><b>Enable</b></td></tr> <tr><td style="padding-left: 20px;">Router SSID</td><td>AP_SOLAR_PORTAL_M2M_20120615</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding-left: 20px;">Signal Quality</td><td>0%</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding-left: 20px;">IP address</td><td>0.0.0.0</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding-left: 20px;">MAC address</td><td>98:d8:63:54:0a:86</td></tr> </table> </div> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>- Remote server information</b></p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 70%;">Remote server A</td><td>Not connected</td></tr> <tr><td>Remote server B</td><td>Not connected</td></tr> </table> </div>	Inverter serial number	ZH1ES160J3E488	Firmware version (main)	V210	Firmware version (slave)	---	Inverter model	ZH1ES160	Rated power	--- W	<b>Current power</b>	--- W	Yield today	11.2 kWh	<b>Total yield</b>	9696.0 kWh	<b>Alerts</b>	F12F14	Last updated	0	Device serial number	1701917282	Firmware version	LSW3_14_FFFF_1.0.00	Wireless AP mode	<b>Enable</b>	SSID	AP_1701917282	IP address	10.10.100.254	MAC address	98:d8:63:54:0a:87	Wireless STA mode	<b>Enable</b>	Router SSID	AP_SOLAR_PORTAL_M2M_20120615	Signal Quality	0%	IP address	0.0.0.0	MAC address	98:d8:63:54:0a:86	Remote server A	Not connected	Remote server B	Not connected	<p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 0;"><b>Help</b></p> <p style="font-size: small;">The device can be used as a wireless access point (AP mode) to facilitate users to configure the device, or it can also be used as a wireless information terminal (STA mode) to connect the remote server via wireless router.</p> <p><b>Status of remote server</b></p> <p>◆Not connected: Connection to server failed last time. If under such status, please check the issues as follows: (1) check the device information to see whether IP address is obtained or not; (2) check if the router is connected to internet or not; (3) check if a firewall is set on the router or not;</p> <p>◆Connected: Connection to server successful last time;</p> <p>◆Unknown: No connection to server. Please check again in 5 minutes.</p>
Inverter serial number	ZH1ES160J3E488																																															
Firmware version (main)	V210																																															
Firmware version (slave)	---																																															
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MAC address	98:d8:63:54:0a:86																																															
Remote server A	Not connected																																															
Remote server B	Not connected																																															

Figure 112 – Status Screen

- 6) Click on the Wizard setup button in the left-hand column.
- 7) In the new screen that opens, select the Wi-Fi network to which you want to connect the Wi-Fi adapter, making sure that the Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) is greater than 30%. If the network is not visible, press the Refresh button.  
Note: check that the signal strength is greater than 30%, if not, bring the router closer or install a repeater or signal amplifier.  
Click Next.

Please select your current wireless network:

Site Survey

SSID	BSSID	RSSI	Channel
<input checked="" type="radio"/> iPhone di Giacomo	EE:25:EF:6C:31:18	100	6
<input type="radio"/> ZcsWiFi	FE:EC:DA:1D:C3:9	86	1
<input type="radio"/> ZcsHotSpot	FC:EC:DA:1D:C3:9	86	1
<input type="radio"/> WLAN	E:EC:DA:1D:C3:9	86	1
<input type="radio"/> ZcsHotSpot	FC:EC:DA:1D:C8:A3	57	11
<input type="radio"/> WLAN	E:EC:DA:1D:C8:A3	57	11
<input type="radio"/> ZcsWiFi	FE:EC:DA:1D:C8:A3	54	11
<input type="radio"/> WLAN	E:EC:DA:1D:C8:8B	45	1
<input type="radio"/> ZcsWiFi	FE:EC:DA:1D:C8:8B	37	1
<input type="radio"/> ZcsHotSpot	FC:EC:DA:1D:C8:8B	35	1

★Note: When RSSI of the selected WiFi network is lower than 15%, the connection may be unstable, please select other available network or shorten the distance between the device and router.

Refresh

Add wireless network manually:

Network name (SSID)  
(Note: case sensitive)

Encryption method

Encryption algorithm

Next

1 2 3 4

Figure 113 – Screen for selecting the available wireless network (1)

- 8) Enter the password of the Wi-Fi network (Wi-Fi modem), clicking on Show Password to make sure it is correct; the password should not contain special characters (&, #, %) and spaces.  
Note: During this step, the system is not able to ensure that the password entered is the one actually requested by the modem; therefore, make sure you enter the correct password.  
Also check that the box below the password is set to Enable.

Please fill in the following information:

Password (8-64 bytes)  
(Note: case sensitive)   
 Show Password

Obtain an IP address  
automatically  ▾

IP address

Subnet mask

Gateway address

DNS server address

1 2 3 4

Figure 114 - Screen for entering the password of the wireless network (2)

9) Click “Next” again **without ticking** any of the options relating to the adapter security.

### Enhance Security

You can enhance your system security by choosing the following methods

- Hide AP
- Change the encryption mode for AP
- Change the user name and password for Web server

1 2 3 4

Figure 115 - Screen for setting the security options (3)



10) Click “OK.”

**Setting complete!**

Click OK, the settings will take effect and the system will restart immediately.

If you leave this interface without clicking OK, the settings will be ineffective.



Figure 116 - Final configuration screen (4)

- 11) At this point, if the adapter configuration was successful, the last configuration screen will appear, and the telephone or PC will unpair from the inverter’s Wi-Fi network.
- 12) Manually close the web page with the Close key on the PC or remove it from the background of the telephone.



**Setting complete! Please close this page manually!**

Please login our management portal to monitor and manage your PV system.(Please register an account if you do not have one.)

To re-login the configuration interface, please make sure that your computer or smart phone

Web Ver:1.0.24

Figure 117 - Successful configuration screen

### 13.1.3. Check

To check that the network has been configured correctly, connect to it again and enter the status page. Check the following information:

- a. Wireless STA mode
  - i. Router SSID > Router name
  - ii. Signal Quality > other than 0%
  - iii. IP address > other than 0.0.0.0
- b. Check Remote server information
  - i. Remote server A > Connected

Wireless STA mode	Enable
Router SSID	iPhone di Giacomo
Signal Quality	0%
IP address	0.0.0.0
MAC address	98:d8:63:54:0a:86
<b>- Remote server information</b>	
Remote server A	Not connected

Figure 118 – Status Screen

### Status of LEDs present on the adapter

- Initial status:  
 NET (left LED ): off  
 COM (central LED): steady on  
 READY (right LED): flashing on



Figure 119 – Initial status of LEDs

- Final status:  
 NET (left LED): steady on  
 COM (central LED): steady on  
 READY (right LED): flashing on



Figure 120 - Final status of LEDs

If the NET LED does not light up or if the Remote Server A option in the Status page still shows “Not Connected,” the configuration was not successful, i.e. the wrong router password was entered or the device was disconnected during connection.

It is necessary to reset the adapter:

- Press the reset button for 10 seconds and release
- After a few seconds, the LEDs will turn off and READY will start to flash quickly
- The adapter has now returned to its initial state. At this point, the configuration procedure can be repeated again.

The adapter can only be reset when the inverter is switched on.



Figure 121 – Reset button on the Wi-Fi adapter



### 13.1.4. Troubleshooting

#### Status of LEDs present on the adapter

- 1) Irregular communication with inverter
  - NET (left LED): steady on
  - COM (central LED): off
  - READY (right LED): flashing on



Figure 122 - Irregular communication status between inverter and Wi-Fi

- Check the Modbus address set on the inverter:  
Enter the main menu with the ESC key (first key on the left), go to System Info and press ENTER to enter the submenu. Scroll down to the Modbus address parameter and make sure it is set to 01 (and in any case, other than 00).  
  
If the value is not 01, go to “Settings” (basic settings for hybrid inverters) and enter the Modbus Address menu where the 01 value can be set.
- Check that the Wi-Fi adapter is correctly and securely connected to the inverter, making sure to tighten the two cross-head screws provided.
- Check that the Wi-Fi symbol is present in the top right-hand corner of the inverter's display (steady or flashing).



Figure 123 – Icons on the display of LITE single-phase inverters (left) and three-phase or hybrid inverters (right)

- Restart the adapter:
  - Press the reset button for 5 seconds and release
  - After a few seconds, the LEDs will turn off and will start to flash quickly
  - The adapter will now be reset without losing the configuration with the router

2) Irregular communication with remote server

- NET (left LED ): off
- COM (central LED): on
- READY (right LED): flashing on



Figure 124 – Irregular communication status between Wi-Fi and remote server

- Check that the configuration procedure has been carried out correctly and that the correct network password has been entered.
- When searching for the Wi-Fi network using a smartphone or PC, make sure that the Wi-Fi signal is strong enough (a minimum RSSI signal strength of 30% is required during configuration). If necessary, increase it by using a network extender or a router dedicated to inverter monitoring.
- Check that the router has access to the network and that the connection is stable; use a PC or smartphone to check that it is possible to access the Internet
- Check that port 80 of the router is open and enabled to send data
- Reset the adapter as described in the previous section



If, at the end of the previous checks and subsequent configuration, Remote server A is still “Not Connected” or the NET LED is off, there may be a transmission problem at the home network level and, more specifically, that data between the router and server is not being transmitted correctly. In this case, it is advisable to carry out checks at the router level in order to ensure that there are no obstructions on the output of data packets to our server.

To make sure that the problem lies in the home router and to exclude problems with the Wi-Fi adapter, configure the adapter using the Wi-Fi hotspot function on your smartphone as a reference wireless network.

- **Using an Android mobile phone as a modem**

- Check that the 3G/LTE connection is active on your smartphone. Go to the Settings menu of the operating system (the gear icon on the screen with a list of all the apps installed on the phone), select “Other” from the Wireless and networks menu and make sure that the Network type is set to 3G/4G/5G.
- In the Android settings menu, go to Wireless & networks > Other. Select Mobile Hotspot/Tethering, and then enable the Wi-Fi mobile hotspot option; wait a few seconds for the wireless network to be created. To change the name of the wireless network (SSID) or your password, select Configure Wi-Fi hotspot.

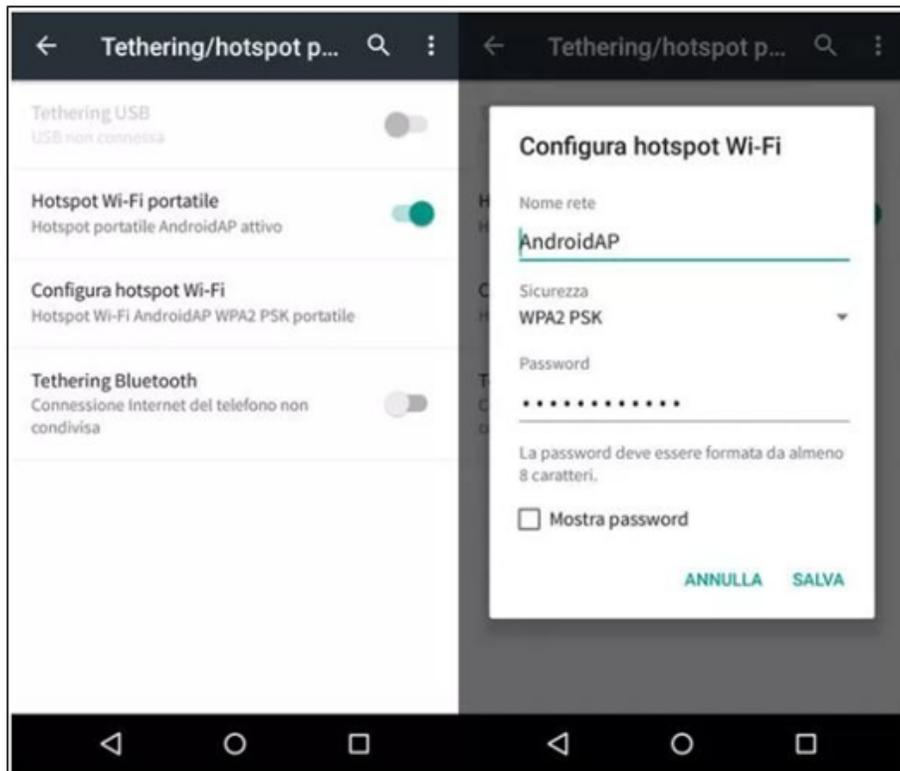


Figure 125 – Configuration of an Android smartphone as a hotspot router

- **Using an iPhone as a modem**

- In order to share the iPhone connection, check that the 3G/LTE network is active by going to Settings > Mobile Phone, and making sure that the “Voice and data” option is set to 5G, 4G or 3G. To enter the iOS settings menu, click the grey gear icon on the home screen of your phone.
- Go to the Settings menu > Personal Hotspot and turn on the Personal Hotspot option. The hotspot is now enabled. To change the password of the Wi-Fi network, select Wi-Fi password from the personal hotspot menu.



Figure 126 - Configuration of an iOS smartphone as a hotspot router

At this point, it is necessary to re-configure the Wi-Fi adapter using a PC or smartphone other than the one used as a modem.

During this procedure, when asked to select the Wi-Fi network, choose the one activated by the smartphone and then enter the password associated with it (which can be changed from the personal hotspot settings). If the word “Connected” appears next to “Remote Server A” at the end of configuration, then the problem is with the home router.

It is therefore advisable to check the brand and model of the home router that you are trying to connect to the Wi-Fi adapter; some router brands may have closed communication ports. In this case, contact the customer service of the router’s manufacturer and ask them to open port 80 (direct from the network to external users).

## 13.2. Ethernet adapter

### 13.2.1. Installation

All inverters compatible with the adapter must be installed. However, the procedure is quicker and easier as there is no need to open the front cover of the inverter.

Correct operation of the device requires a modem to be correctly connected to the network and operational in order to achieve stable data transmission from the inverter to the server.

In order to monitor the inverter, the RS485 communication address must be set to 01 directly from the display.

#### Installation tools:

- Cross screwdriver
- Ethernet adapter
- Shielded network (Cat. 5 or Cat. 6) crimped with RJ45 connectors

- 1) Switch off the inverter following the procedure described in this manual.
- 2) Remove the cover for accessing the Wi-Fi/Eth connector on the bottom of the inverter by unscrewing the two cross-head screws (a), or by unscrewing the cover (b), depending on the inverter model, as shown in the figure.



Figure 127 - Slot for the Ethernet adapter

- 3) Remove the ring nut and the waterproof cable gland from the adapter to allow the network cable to pass through. Then insert the network cable network into the appropriate slot inside the card and tighten the ring nut and cable gland to ensure a stable connection.

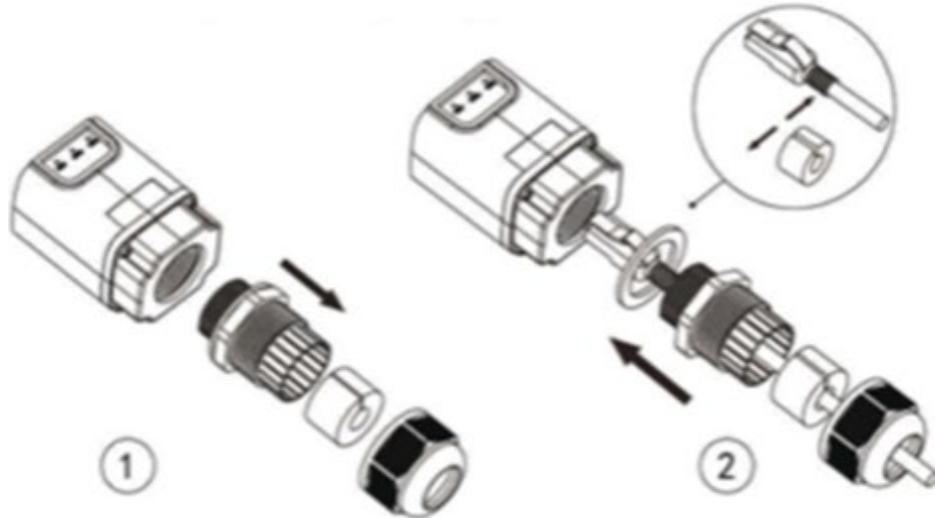


Figure 128 – Inserting the network cable inside the device

- 4) Insert the Ethernet adapter into the appropriate slot, taking care to follow the direction of the insertion and ensure correct contact between the two parts.

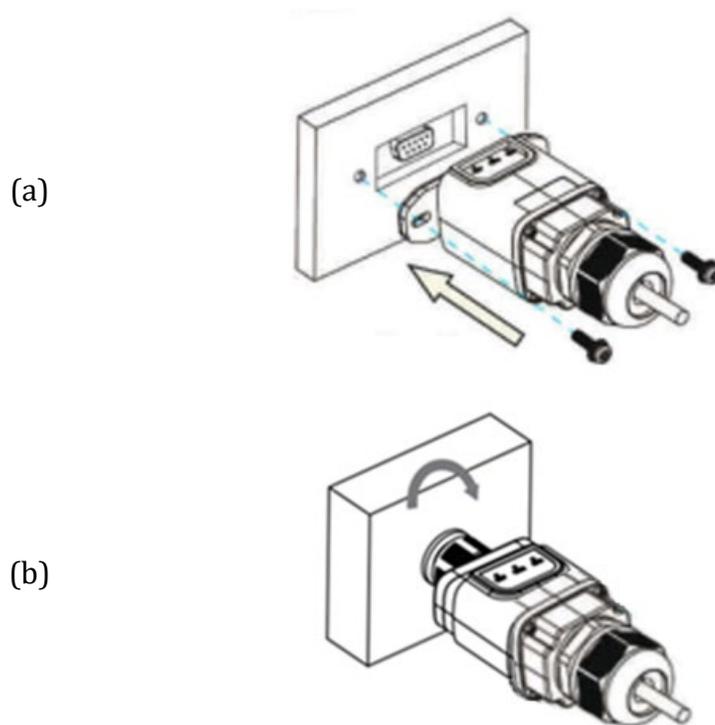


Figure 129 – Inserting and securing the Ethernet adapter

- 5) Connect the other end of the network cable to the ETH output (or equivalent) of the modem or a suitable data transmission device.

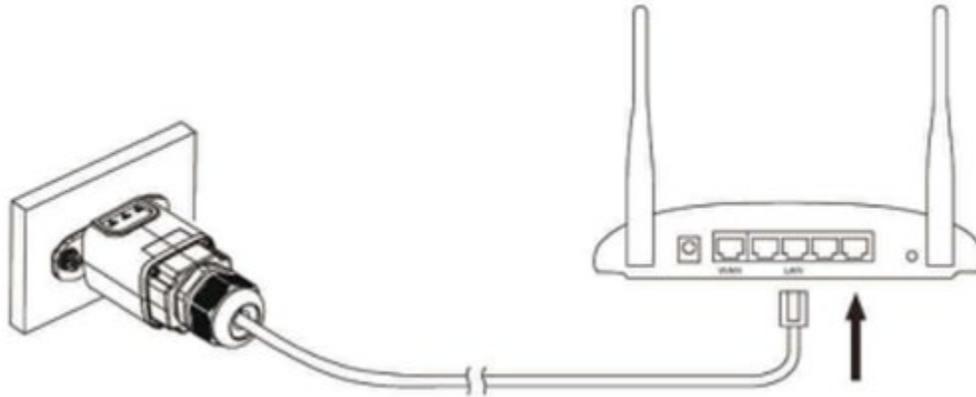


Figure 130 – Connecting the network cable to the modem

- 6) Switch on the inverter by following the procedure described in the manual.
- 7) Unlike Wi-Fi cards, the Ethernet device does not need to be configured and starts transmitting data shortly after the inverter has been switched on.

### 13.2.2. Check

Wait two minutes after installing the adapter, and check the status of the LEDs on the device.

#### Status of LEDs present on the adapter

- 1) Initial status:
  - NET (left LED ): off
  - COM (central LED): steady on
  - SER (right LED): flashing on



Figure 131 – Initial status of LEDs

- 2) Final status:  
NET (left LED): steady on  
COM (central LED): steady on  
SER (right LED): flashing on



Figure 132 - Final status of LEDs

### 13.2.3. Troubleshooting

#### Status of LEDs present on the adapter

- 1) Irregular communication with inverter
- NET (left LED): steady on
  - COM (central LED ): off
  - SER (right LED): flashing on



Figure 133 - Irregular communication status between inverter and adapter

- Check the Modbus address set on the inverter:  
Enter the main menu with the ESC key (first key on the left), go to System Info and press ENTER to enter the submenu. Scroll down to the Modbus address parameter and make sure it is set to 01 (and in any case, other than 00).  
If the value is not 01, go to “Settings” (basic settings for hybrid inverters) and enter the Modbus Address menu where the 01 value can be set.
- Check that the Ethernet adapter is correctly and securely connected to the inverter, making sure to tighten the two cross-head screws provided. Check that the network cable is correctly inserted into the device and modem, and that the RJ45 connector is correctly crimped.

2) Irregular communication with remote server

- NET (left LED ): off
- COM (central LED): on
- SER (right LED): flashing on



Figure 134 – Irregular communication status between adapter and remote server

- Check that the router has access to the network and that the connection is stable; use a PC to check that it is possible to access the Internet

Check that port 80 of the router is open and enabled to send data.

It is advisable to check the brand and model of the home router you are trying to connect to the Ethernet adapter. Some router brands may have closed communication ports. In this case, contact the customer service of the router's manufacturer and ask them to open port 80 (direct from the network to external users).

### **13.2.4. 4G adapter**

The ZCS 4G adapters are sold with a virtual SIM integrated into the device with data traffic fee included for 10 years, which is adequate for the proper transmission of data to monitor the inverter.

In order to monitor the inverter, the RS485 communication address must be set to 01 directly from the display.

### 13.2.5. Installation

All inverters compatible with the adapter must be installed. However, the procedure is quicker and easier as there is no need to open the front cover of the inverter.

**Installation tools:**

- Cross screwdriver
- 4G adapter

- 1) Switch off the inverter following the procedure described in this manual.
- 2) Remove the cover for accessing the Wi-Fi/GPRS connector on the bottom of the inverter by unscrewing the two cross-head screws (a), or by unscrewing the cover (b), depending on the inverter model, as shown in the figure.



Figure 135 - Slot for the 4G adapter

- 3) Insert the 4G adapter into the appropriate slot, taking care to follow the direction of the insertion and ensure correct contact between the two parts. Secure the 4G adapter by tightening the two screws inside the package.



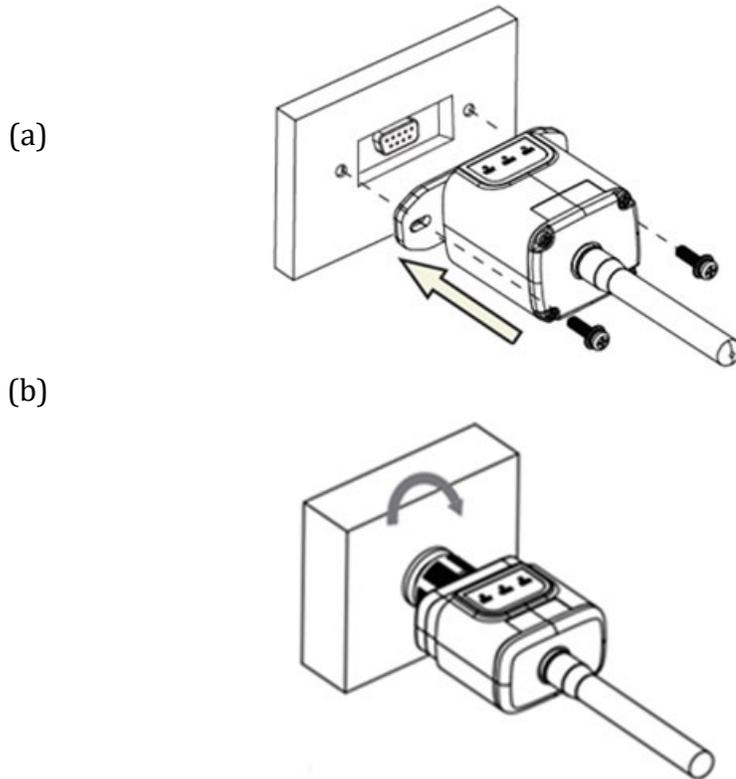


Figure 136 – Inserting and securing the 4G adapter

- 4) Switch on the inverter by following the procedure described in the manual.
- 5) Unlike Wi-Fi monitoring cards, the 4G device does not need to be configured and starts transmitting data shortly after the inverter has been switched on.

### 13.2.6. Check

After installing the adapter, within the next 3 minutes check the status of the LEDs on the device to ensure that the device is configured correctly.

#### Status of LEDs present on the adapter

- 1) Initial status:
  - NET (left LED ): off
  - COM (central LED): flashing on
  - SER (right LED): flashing on



Figure 137 - Initial status of LEDs

2) Registration:

- NET (left LED): flashes rapidly for about 50 seconds; the registration process takes about 30 seconds
- COM (central LED): flashes rapidly 3 times after 50 seconds

3) Final status (approx. 150 seconds after the inverter has started):

- NET (left LED): flashing on (off and on at equal intervals)
- COM (central LED): steady on
- SER (right LED): steady on



Figure 138 - Final status of LEDs

### Status of LEDs present on the adapter

1) Irregular communication with inverter

- NET (left LED): on
- COM (central LED ): off
- SER (right LED): on



Figure 139 - Irregular communication status between inverter and adapter

- Check the Modbus address set on the inverter:  
Enter the main menu with the ESC key (first key on the left), go to System Info and press ENTER to enter the submenu. Scroll down to the Modbus address parameter and make sure it is set to 01 (and in any case, other than 00).

If the value is not 01, go to “Settings” (basic settings for hybrid inverters) and enter the Modbus Address menu where the 01 value can be set.

- Check that the 4G adapter is correctly and securely connected to the inverter, making sure to tighten the two cross-head screws provided.

## 2) Irregular communication with remote server:

- NET (left LED): flashing on
- COM (central LED): on
- SER (right LED): flashing on



Figure 140 – Irregular communication status between adapter and remote server

- Check that the 4G signal is present in the installation location (the adapter uses the Vodafone



network for 4G transmission. If this network is not present or the signal is weak, the SIM will use a different network or will limit the data transmission speed). Ensure that the installation location is suitable for 4G signal transmission and that there are no obstacles that could affect data transmission.

- Check the status of the 4G adapter and that there are no external signs of wear or damage.



### 13.3. Datalogger

#### 13.3.1. Preliminary notes on how to configure the datalogger

ZCS Azzurro inverters can be monitored via a datalogger connected to a Wi-Fi network present at the place of installation or via an Ethernet cable connected to a modem.

ZCS monitoring				
Product code	Product photo	APP monitoring	Portal monitoring	Possibility to send commands and to update the inverter remotely in case of technical support
ZSM-WIFI				
ZSM-ETH				
ZSM-4G				
Datalogger 4-10 Inverters				
Datalogger up to 31 Inverters				

The inverters are connected in a daisy chain to the datalogger via a RS485 serial line.

- Datalogger up to 4 inverters (code ZSM-DATALOG-04): allows to monitor up to 4 inverters.  
It can be connected to the network via an Ethernet or Wi-Fi network.
- Datalogger up to 10 inverters (code ZSM-DATALOG-10): allows to monitor up to 10 inverters.  
It can be connected to the network via an Ethernet or Wi-Fi network.



Figure 141 – Diagram for connecting the ZSM-DATALOG-04 / ZSM-DATALOG-10 datalogger

- Datalogger up to 31 inverters (code ZSM-RMS001/M200): allows to monitor up to 31 inverters or a system with a maximum installed power of 200kW. It can be connected to the network via an Ethernet cable.
- Datalogger up to 31 inverters (code ZSM-RMS001/M1000): allows to monitor a maximum of 31 inverters or a system with a maximum installed power of 1000kW.

It can be connected to the network via an Ethernet cable.



Figure 142 – Diagram for the functioning of the ZSM-RMS001/ M200 / ZSM-RMS001/M1000 datalogger

All these devices carry out the same function, i.e. they transmit data from the inverters to a web server to allow remote monitoring of the system either via the “Azzurro System” app or the [“www.zcsazzurroportal.com”](http://www.zcsazzurroportal.com) website.

All the Azzurro ZCS inverters can be monitored using the datalogger; different models or families of inverters can also be monitored.

### 13.3.2. Electrical connections and configuration

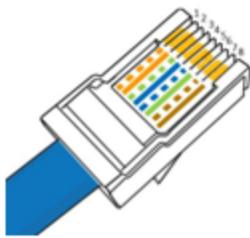
All the Azzurro ZCS inverters have at least one RS485 connection point.

The connections can be made via the green terminal block or via the RJ45 plug inside the inverter.

Use positive and negative conductors. There is no need to use a conductor for the GND. This applies to both the terminal block and the plug.

The serial line can be created using a Cat. 5 or Cat. 6 network cable, or a classic RS485 2x0.5mm<sup>2</sup> cable.

- 1) In the case of three-phase inverters, a suitably crimped network cable with a RJ45 connector may also be used:
  - a. Place the blue cable in position 4 of the RJ45 connector and the white-blue cable in position 5 of the RJ45 connector, as shown in the figure below.
  - b. Insert the connector into the 485-OUT terminal.
  - c. If there is more than one three-phase inverter, insert another connector in the 485-IN terminal to connect to the 485-OUT input of the next inverter.



RJ 45	Colore	Monofase	Trifase
4	Blu	TX +	485 A
5	Bianco-Blu	TX -	485 B

Figure 143 – Pin out for connecting the RJ45 connector

#### 2) Daisy chain

- a. Insert the blue cable into input A1 and the white-blue cable into input B1.
- b. If there is more than one three-phase inverter, insert a blue cable into input A2 and a white-blue cable into input B2 and connect them to the respective A1 and B1 inputs of the next inverter.

Some inverters have both an RS485 terminal block and RJ45 plugs. This is shown in detail in the figure below.

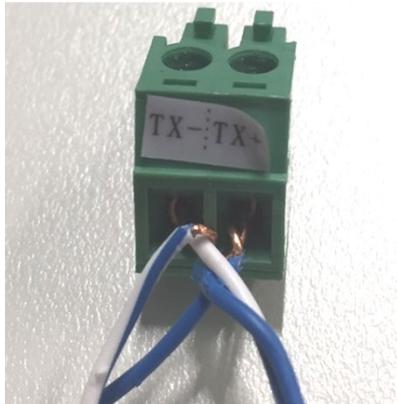


Figure 144 - Tightening the network cable to the RS485 terminal block

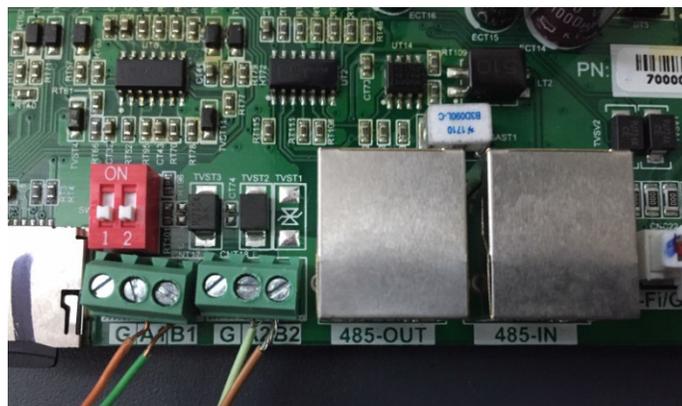
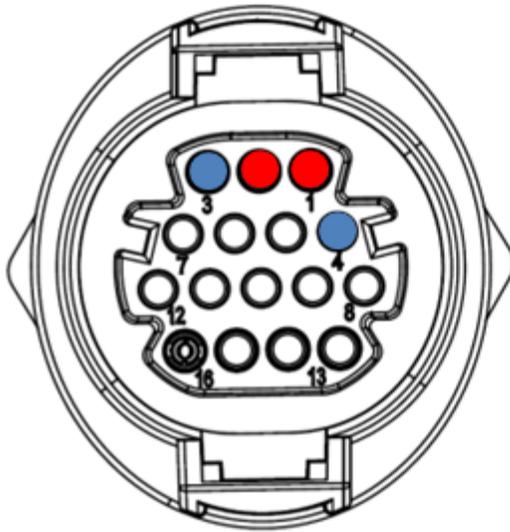


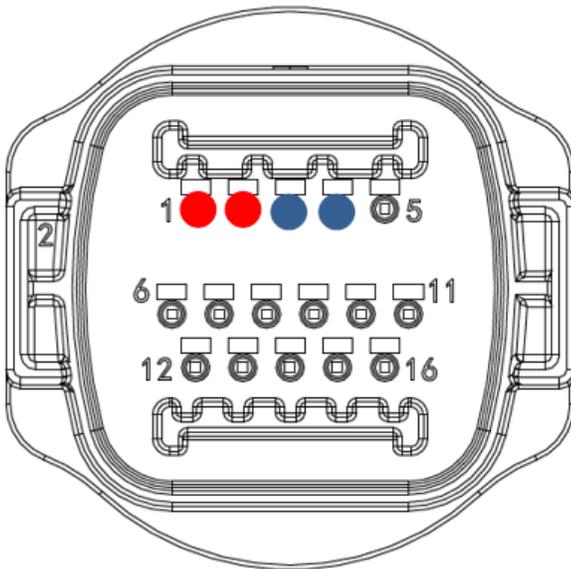
Figure 145 – Connecting the serial line via the RS485 terminal block and via the RJ45 plug

For 3PH HYD5000-HYD20000-ZSS three-phase hybrid inverters, use only one positive and one negative of those shown in the figure below.



- Pin 1 - 2 / RS485 +
- Pin 3 - 4 / RS485 -

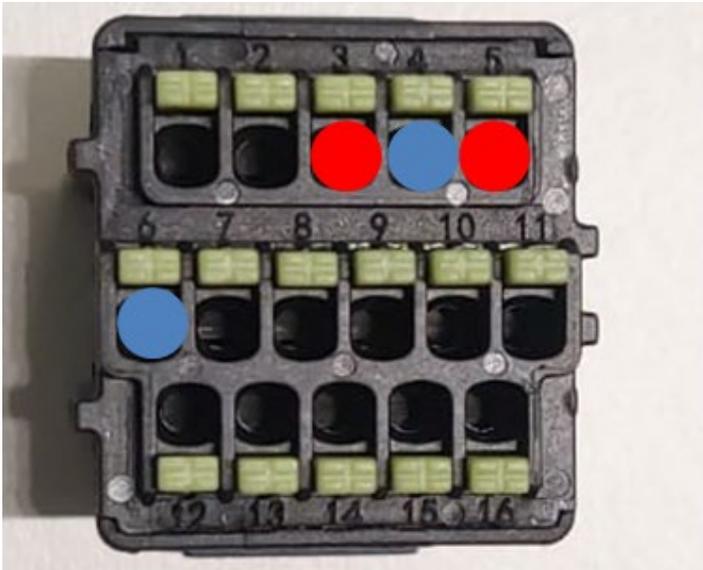
Figure 146 – Connecting the serial line via the communication connector for 3PH HYD5000-HYD20000-ZSS inverters  
For 3000-6000 TLM-V3 photovoltaic inverters and HYD 3PH 5000-20000 ZSS three-phase hybrid inverters, use only one positive and one negative of those shown in the figure below.



- Pin 1 - 2 / RS485+
- Pin 3 - 4 / RS485-

Figure 147 – Connecting the serial line via the communication connector for 1PH 3000- 6000 TLM-V3 inverters

For 1PH HYD3000-HYD6000-ZSS-HP single-phase hybrid inverters, use only one positive and one negative of those shown in the figure below



- Pin 3 - 5 / RS485 +
- Pin 4 - 6 / RS485 -

Figure 148 – Connecting the serial line via the communication connector for 3PH HYD5000-HYD20000-ZSS inverters

- a. Position the dip switches of the last inverter in the daisy chain connection as shown in the figure below to activate the 120 Ohm resistor and close the communication chain. If there are no switches, physically connect a 120 Ohm resistor to terminate the bus.

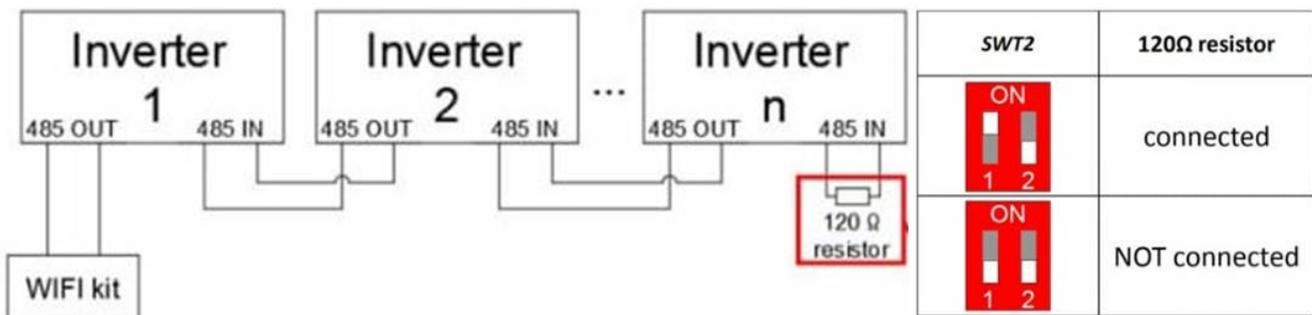


Figure 149 – Positioning the dip switches to connect the isolation resistor

- 3) Check that the RS485 icon is shown on the display of all the inverters, which indicates that the inverters are actually connected via the serial line. If this symbol does not appear, check that the connection is correct, as indicated in this guide.



Figure 150 – RS485 symbol on the inverter display

- 4) Set a sequential Modbus address on each inverter connected:
  - a. Enter the “Settings” menu.
  - b. Scroll to the submenu “Modbus Address.”
  - c. Change the digits and set an increasing address on each inverter, starting from 01 (first inverter) to the last inverter connected. The Modbus address will be shown on the display of the inverter alongside the RS485 symbol. There should be no inverters with the same Modbus address.

### 13.3.3. ZSM-DATALOG-04 AND ZSM-DATALOG-10 Devices

The initial status of the LEDs on the datalogger will be:

- POWER steady on
- 485 steady on
- LINK off
- STATUS steady on

### 13.3.4. WI-FI CONFIGURATION

To configure the datalogger via Wi-Fi, please refer to the chapter on monitoring systems, as the configuration is similar to that of any type of Wi-Fi adapter.

### 13.3.5. Ethernet configuration

- 1) Insert the RJ45 connector of the Ethernet cable in the ETHERNET input of the datalogger.



Figure 151 – Ethernet cable connected to the datalogger

- 2) Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to the ETH output (or equivalent) of the modem or a suitable data transmission device.
- 3) Activate the search for Wi-Fi networks on your phone or PC in order to display all the networks visible from your device.



Figure 152 - Wi-Fi network search on iOS (left) and Android (right) smartphone

Note: Disconnect from any Wi-Fi networks to which you are connected by removing automatic access.



Figure 153 - Disabling automatic reconnection to a network

- 4) Connect to a Wi-Fi network generated by the datalogger (i.e. AP\_\*\*\*\*\*, where \*\*\*\*\* indicates the serial number of the datalogger shown on the label of the device), which operates as an Access Point.
- 5) Note: To ensure that the datalogger is connected to the PC or smartphone during the configuration procedure, enable automatic reconnection of the AP\_\*\*\*\*\* network.

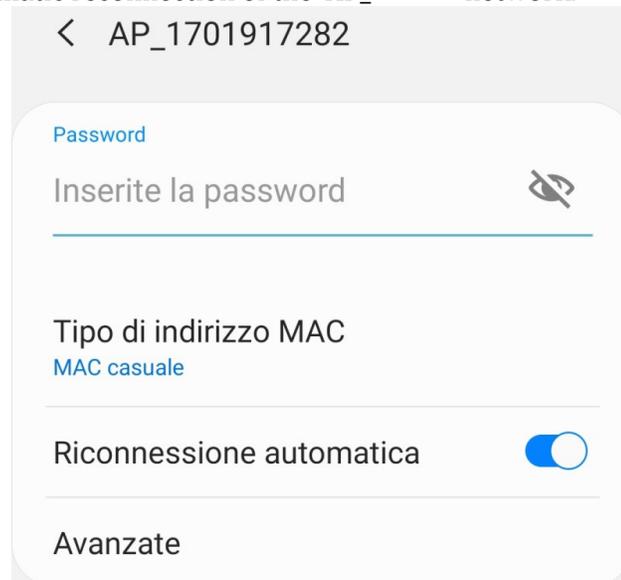


Figure 154 - Password entry prompt

Note: the Access Point is not able to provide internet access; confirm to maintain the Wi-Fi connection, even if internet is not available.





Figure 155 - Screen showing that the Internet cannot be accessed

- 6) Open a browser (Google Chrome, Safari, Firefox) and enter the IP address 10.10.100.254 in the address bar at the top of the screen.  
In the box that appears, enter “admin” as both Username and Password.

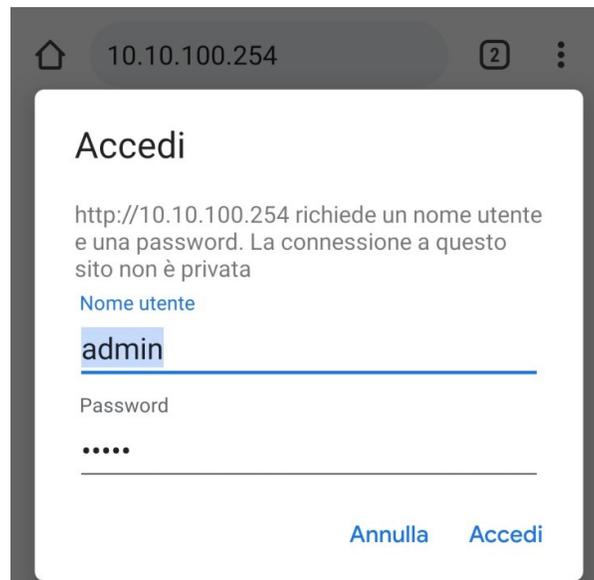
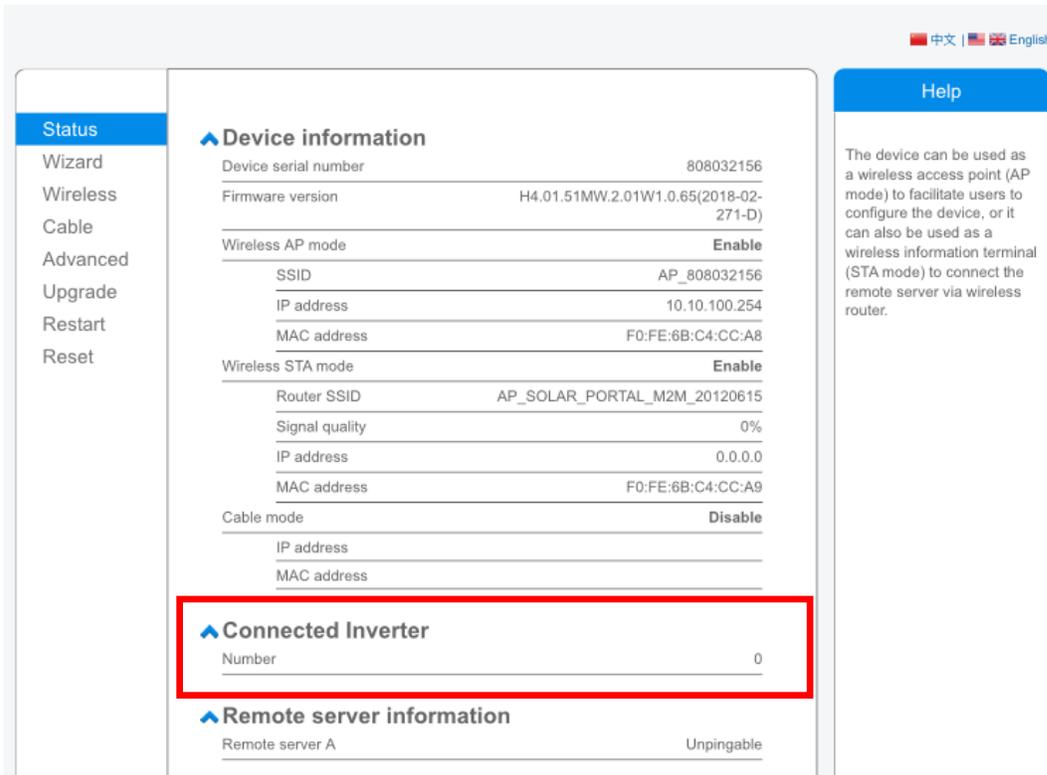


Figure 156 - Screen for accessing the web server to configure the datalogger

- 7) The status screen will open, showing the datalogger information such as serial number and firmware version.

Check that the fields relating to the Inverter Information are filled in with the information of all the inverters

connected.



The screenshot shows a web interface with a left-hand navigation menu and a main content area. The navigation menu includes: Status (selected), Wizard, Wireless, Cable, Advanced, Upgrade, Restart, and Reset. The main content area is titled 'Status' and contains three sections: 'Device information', 'Connected Inverter', and 'Remote server information'. The 'Device information' section lists: Device serial number (808032156), Firmware version (H4.01.51MW.2.01W1.0.65(2018-02-271-D)), Wireless AP mode (Enable), SSID (AP\_808032156), IP address (10.10.100.254), and MAC address (F0:FE:6B:C4:CC:A8). The 'Wireless STA mode' section lists: Router SSID (AP\_SOLAR\_PORTAL\_M2M\_20120615), Signal quality (0%), IP address (0.0.0.0), and MAC address (F0:FE:6B:C4:CC:A9). The 'Cable mode' section is set to 'Disable' and lists IP and MAC addresses. The 'Connected Inverter' section, highlighted with a red box, shows a 'Number' of 0. The 'Remote server information' section shows 'Remote server A' as 'Unpingable'. A 'Help' button is located in the top right corner, and language options for '中文' and 'English' are in the top right corner.

Figure 157 – Status Screen

- 8) Click on the Wizard setup button in the left-hand column.
- 9) Now click on the Start button to start the configuration wizard.

Dear user:

Thank you for choosing our device.  
Next, you can follow the setup wizard to complete the network setting step by step;  
or you can select the left menu for detailed settings.

★Note: Before setting, please make sure that your wireless or cable network is working.

Start



Figure 158 – Screen for starting (1) the Setup Wizard

10) Check the “Cable Connection” option and then click “Next.”

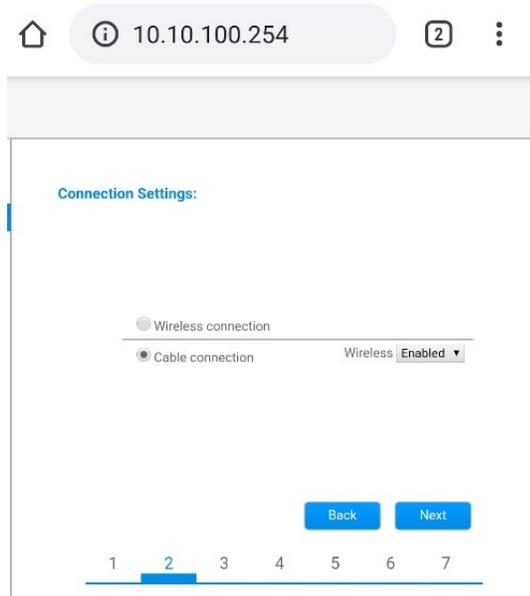


Figure 159 - Screen for selecting connection via network cable

11) Make sure that the “Enable” option is selected to automatically obtain the IP address from your router, then click Next.



Please fill in the following information:

Obtain an IP address automatically	Enable ▾
IP address	0.0.0.0
Subnet mask	0.0.0.0
Gateway address	0.0.0.0
DNS server address	

**Back** **Next**

1 2 3 4 **5** 6 7

Figure 160 – Screen for automatically obtaining the IP address (5)

12) Click on Next without making any changes.

**Enhance Security**

You can enhance your system security by choosing the following methods

Hide AP	<input type="checkbox"/>
Change the encryption mode for AP	<input type="checkbox"/>
Change the user name and password for Web server	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Back** **Next**

1 2 3 4 5 **6** 7

Figure 161 - Screen for setting the security options (6)

13) Complete the configuration procedure by clicking OK, as shown in the following screen.



Configuration completed!

Click OK, the settings will take effect and the system will restart immediately.

If you leave this interface without clicking OK, the settings will be ineffective.



Figure 162 – Final configuration screen (7)

14) If the configuration procedure is successful, the following screen will appear.

If this screen does not appear, try refreshing the browser page.

The screen will prompt you to manually close the page; close the page from the background of your phone or from the close button on your PC.

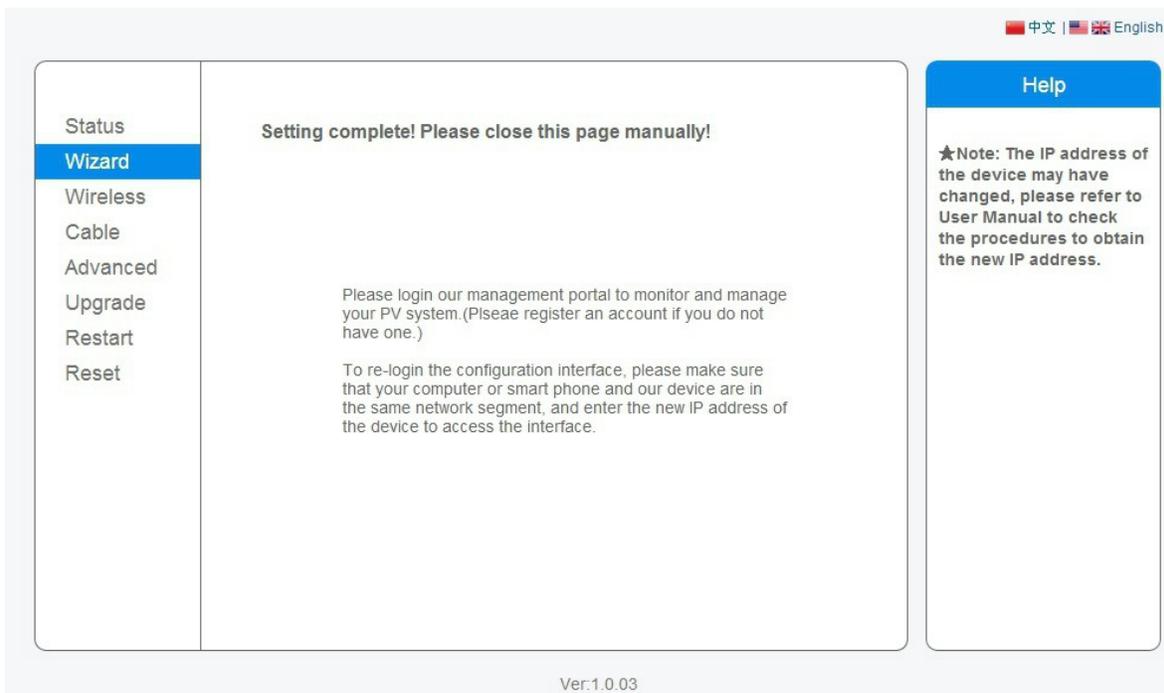


Figure 163 – Successful configuration screen

### 13.3.6. Checking that the datalogger has been configured correctly

Wait two minutes after completing the configuration of the device.  
First of all, check that the LINK LED on the device is on and steady.



Figure 164 – LED indicating the correct configuration of the datalogger

Enter the IP address 10.10.100.254 again, and the login credentials (“admin” for both username and password). Once logged in again, the Status screen will appear, where the following information can be checked:

- Check Wireless STA mode (if the datalogger has been configured via Wi-Fi)
  - Router SSID > Router name
  - Signal Quality > other than 0%
  - IP address > other than 0.0.0.0
- Check Cable mode (if the datalogger has been configured via Ethernet cable)
  - IP address > other than 0.0.0.0
- Check Remote server information
  - Remote server A > Pingable

Device information

Device serial number	508263482
Firmware version	H4.01.51MW.2.01W1.0.74(2019-03-143-D)
Wireless AP mode	Enable
SSID	AP_508263482
IP address	10.10.100.254
MAC address	BC:54:F9:F6:B9:74
Wireless STA mode	Enable
Router SSID	iPhone di Giacomo
Signal quality	100%
IP address	172.20.10.10
MAC address	BC:54:F9:F6:B9:75
Cable mode	Disable
IP address	
MAC address	

Connected Inverter

Type	ZCS
Number	1
Inverter serial number	ZA1ES111G8R273 ▾
Firmware version (main)	V550
Firmware version (slave)	---
Inverter model	ZA1ES111
Rated power	1 00 W
Current power	0 W
Yield today	0 kWh
Total yield	0 kWh
Alerts	F12F14
Last updated	0 min ago

Remote server information

Remote server A	Pingable
-----------------	----------

Figure 165 – Main screen of status and checking of correct configuration

Cable mode	Enable
IP address	192.168.0.177
MAC address	BC:54:F9:F6:B9:77

Figure 166 - Main screen of status and checking of correct configuration

If the Remote Server A item in the Status page is still “Unpingable,” the configuration was not successful, i.e. the incorrect router password was entered or the device was disconnected during connection.

It is necessary to reset the device:

- Select the Reset button in the left-hand column
- Press the OK button to confirm
- Close the web page and enter the Status page again. At this point, the configuration procedure can be repeated again.

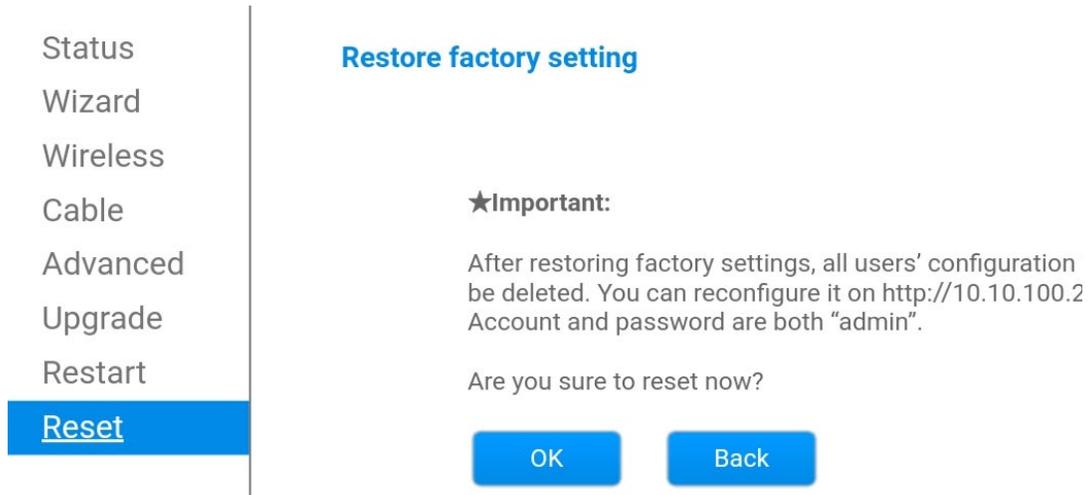


Figure 167 – Reset screen

### 13.4. ZSM-RMS001/M200 and ZSM-RMS001/M1000 Devices

#### 13.4.1. Mechanical description and Datalogger interface

**Mechanical Dimensions:** 127mm x 134 x 52 mm

**Protection rating:** IP20

The usable ports are indicated below.

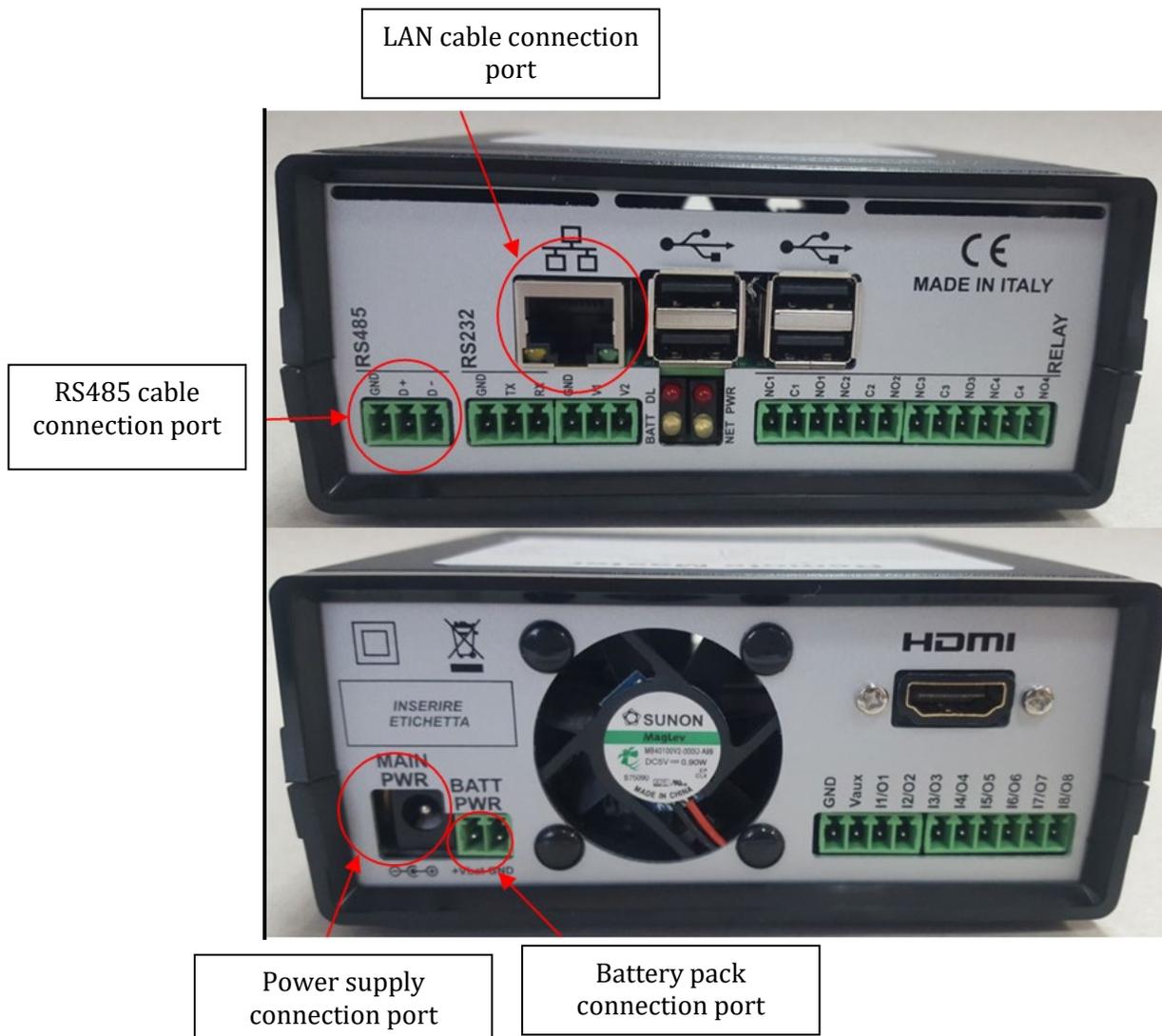


Figure 168: Back of Datalogger

### 13.4.2. Connecting the Datalogger to the inverters

A serial communication via RS485 cable is provided for connecting to the inverters.

The GND cable does not need to be connected to the inverters. Follow the connections as shown in the table below.

Datalogger SIDE	BUS Signal	SENSOR SIDE (ZSM-IRR-TEMP-LM2)	Inverter SIDE
Terminal <b>D+</b>	+	Terminal RS485+/B	Terminal <b>+Tx</b>
Terminal <b>D-</b>	-	Terminal RS485-/A	Terminal <b>-Tx</b>

Table 3: Connecting the Datalogger to the inverters

### 13.4.3. Internet connection via Ethernet cable

In order to display the data measured and processed by the Datalogger in the portal, it is necessary to connect to the internet via LAN cable and open the following router ports:

- VPN ports: 22 and 1194
- HTTP ports: 80
- DB ports: 3050
- FTP ports: 20 and 21

The local network of the device is configured for DHCP, and there is no need to activate any communication port on the router. If you want to set a fixed network address, this must be provided at the time of ordering together with the gateway address.

### 13.4.4. Connecting the power supply and battery pack to the Datalogger

Once the RS485 Half Duplex cable has been connected, the Datalogger must be powered by connecting the power supply unit (supplied with the datalogger) to the MAIN PWR input (12V DC - 1A).

In order to prevent possible voltage drops and/or power failures, it is recommended to also connect the battery pack, which is supplied with the datalogger. The battery pack should be connected to the +V<sub>bat</sub> and GND inputs

of the BATT PWR connector, positive and negative respectively (i.e. red to the +V<sub>bat</sub> input and black to the GND input).

The battery pack (ZSM-UPS-001) can be purchased separately.

### 13.4.5. Connecting the LM2-485 PRO cell irradiation and temperature sensor to the datalogger

For proper installation, both the sensor signal and power cables must be connected.



In particular, the sensor of the signal cables must be connected in a daisy chain configuration to the remaining devices on the RS485 bus, as shown in the table below.

Datalogger SIDE	BUS Signal	SENSOR SIDE (ZSM-IRR-TEMP-LM2)	Inverter SIDE
Terminal <b>D+</b>	+	Terminal RS485+/B	Terminal <b>+Tx</b>
Terminal <b>D-</b>	-	Terminal RS485-/A	Terminal <b>-Tx</b>

To supply power to the sensor, the datalogger can be directly connected to the mains power, as shown in the table below, or connected to an external +12Vdc power supply.

Datalogger SIDE	SENSOR SIDE
Terminal <b>V1</b> (12Vdc output voltage)	Terminal <b>RED +12V</b>
Terminal <b>GND</b> (GND/RTN)	Terminal <b>BLACK 0V</b>
Terminal <b>V2</b> (12Vdc driveable voltage)	

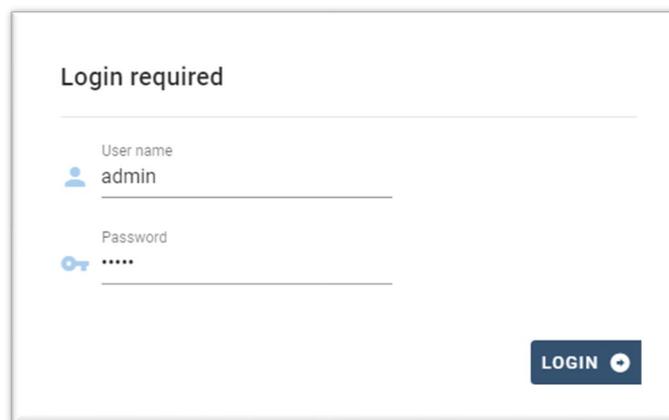
Table 4: Electrical connection of the sensor to the datalogger (power supply)

A stable communication in terms of signal and power supply, up to 200m, is guaranteed by using the RS485 cable, type Te.Co. 15166 (2x2x0,22+1x0,22)st/pu.

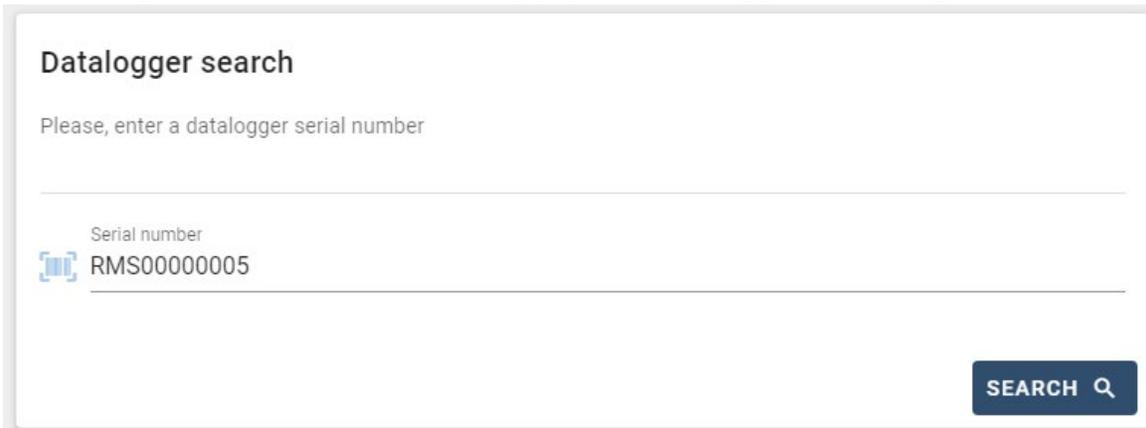
For longer distances, a connection to the signal side of the datalogger is recommended, and a connection to the +12V power supply via an external power supply unit.

### 13.4.6. Configuring the Datalogger

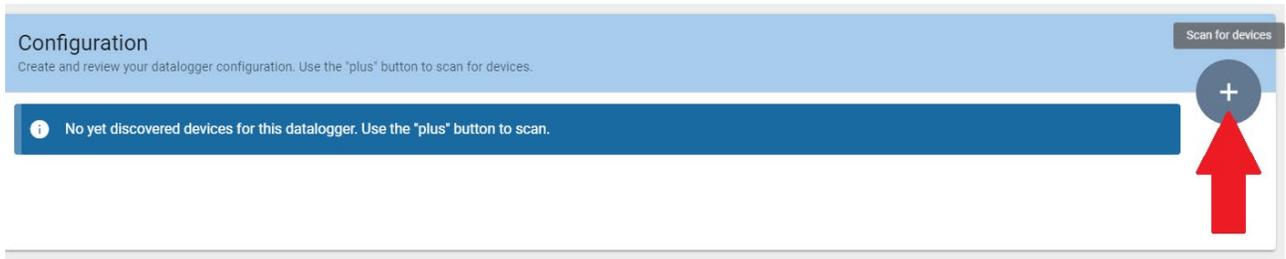
Connect to the website dlconfig.it and login by entering the temporary credentials: Username = admin and Password = admin.



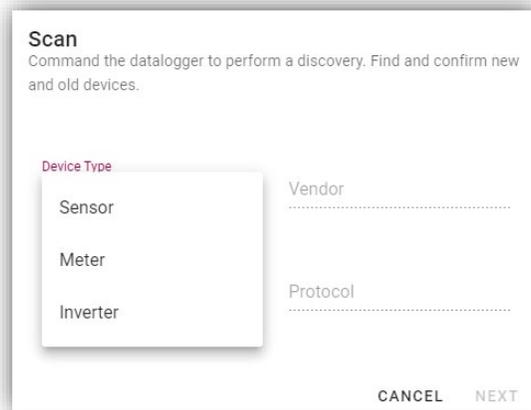
In the screen that opens, enter the serial number (S/N) of the datalogger to be configured and click “SEARCH.”



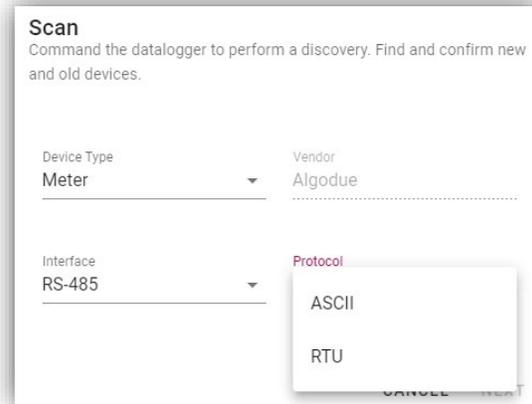
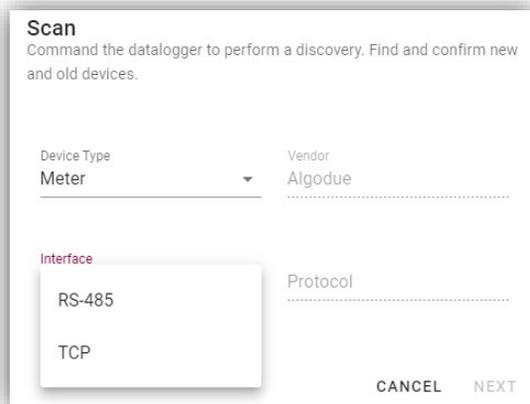
In the configuration page, you can search for any devices connected to the datalogger (inverter, meter or sensors) by clicking the + button, as shown in the figure.



A window will open where you can search for each type of device connected to the Datalogger, after indicating the range of addresses associated with the relative devices.



If a meter is one of the devices connected to the Datalogger, select the type of Meter/Datalogger communication interface and the relative communication protocol.



Once this operation has been completed, update the new configuration by clicking “Confirm,” which will allow you to register the devices associated with the datalogger.

**Confirm changes**

State

---

Confirming new 1

---

Total now 1

CONFIRM

From this moment, the datalogger is correctly configured (all devices must be in the “saved” status) and therefore a new installation can be created on the ZCS Azzurro portal for associating the datalogger and the devices connected to it.

**Configuration**  
Create and review your datalogger configuration. Use the "plus" button to scan for devices.

Scan for devices

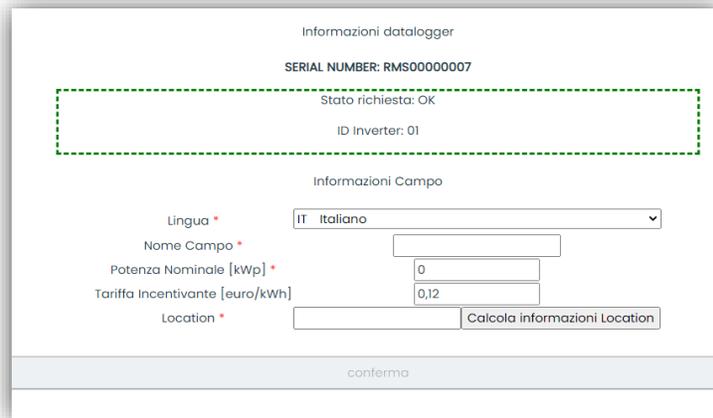

Device Type	Direction	Vendor	Interface	Protocol	Serial number	Slave Id	Status	
Inverter		ZCS	RS-485	RTU	ZM1ES030JC4258	1	Saved	⋮

### 13.4.7. Configuring the Datalogger on the ZCS Azzurro portal

Access the ZCS Azzurro portal (<https://www.zcsazzurroportal.com>). For new users, click “Sign up now” to register on the portal by entering your email, username and password. After logging into the portal, click “Configuration Panel,” and then select the option “Create field with Datalogger.” The “Create New Field” operation will be possible only if the user’s privileges allow acquiring new fields (at the time of registration the limit will be equal to 1, an upgrade is required to increase the limit).



Enter the serial number (S/N) of the datalogger and click “Check RMS.” If the datalogger has been configured correctly, a screen will open where you can enter the required information relating to the field to be installed.



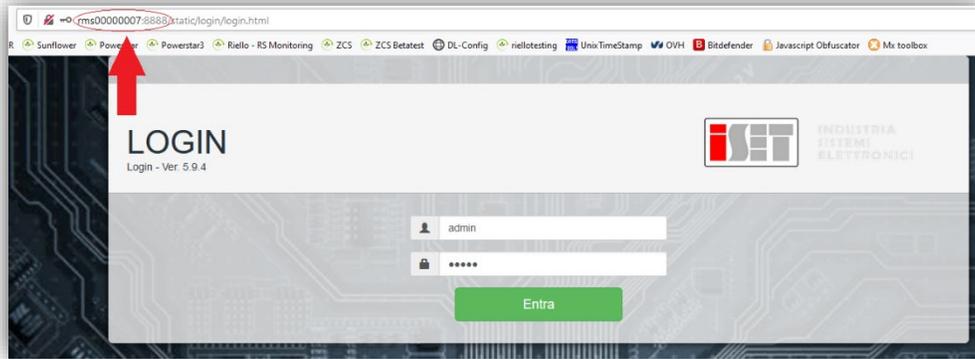
Once the “location” of the field has been entered, click “Calculate Location Information” to allow the system to obtain the latitude, longitude and timezone of the installation. Click “Confirm” to complete the configuration of the field. You only need to wait a few minutes to view the data flow on the ZCS Azzurro portal.

**CAUTION: The location data is essential for the correct operation of the datalogger in the ZCS system. It is important to define it very carefully.**

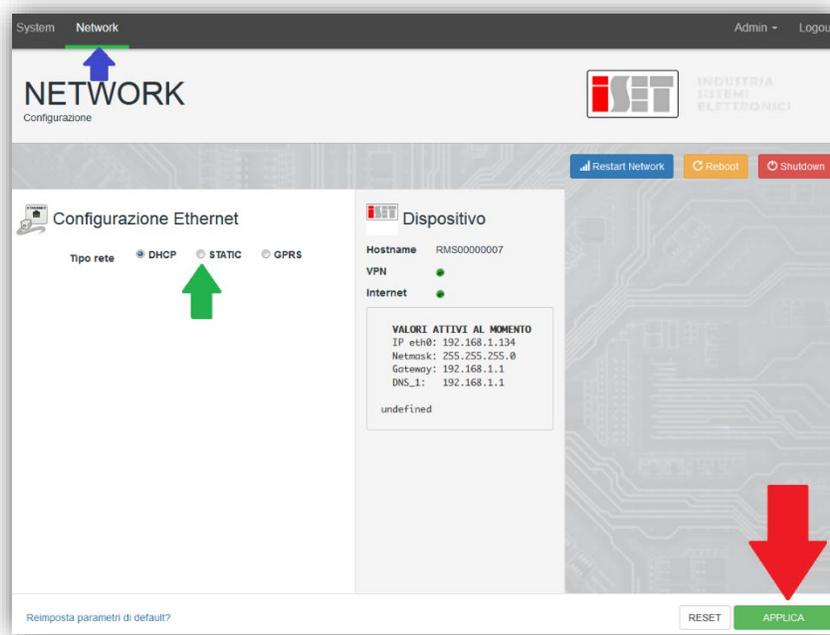
### 13.4.8. Network configuration

At the time of purchase, the Datalogger is configured in DHCP, i.e. dynamic configuration.

However, if you want to set up a static configuration for your Datalogger, you can access the internet page via the link RMSxxxxxxxx:8888, as shown in the figure (e.g. RMS00000007).



By entering the credentials: username = admin and password = admin, you can change the configuration from dynamic to static by selecting the network window (see [blue arrow](#)) and then the “STATIC” option (see [green arrow](#)).



To complete the operation, click “Apply” (see [red arrow](#)).

### 13.4.9. Local monitoring

The datalogger makes it possible to obtain an additional monitoring system (**local monitoring**), which can be used locally on a web page (therefore, also without an internet connection) and accessed from any device present in the same local network as the datalogger.

### 13.4.10. Requirements for installation of local monitoring

In order to install the local monitoring system on the datalogger, the customer must ensure that:

- The datalogger is connected to the local network and to the internet (the internet connection is only required during the installation and configuration of the local monitoring system).
- A static address (to be provided by the customer) with gateway and subnet mask is available for viewing the page locally.

### 13.4.11. Features of local monitoring

After installation and configuration, local monitoring makes it possible to monitor the fundamental parameters of the photovoltaic system, even without an internet connection, from any device connected to the same local network.

In particular, it is possible to monitor the power and energy of the inverters and the storage systems over the last 7 days. It is also possible to view alarms, and other information such as temperature, peak daily power, CO<sub>2</sub> gains and savings.

Below is an example of a local monitoring page.



Figure 169: Example of local monitoring page

## 14. Warranty terms and conditions

To view the Warranty Terms and Conditions offered by ZCS Azzurro, please refer to the documentation inside the product box and on the website [www.zcsazzurro.com](http://www.zcsazzurro.com).



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THE INVERTER THAT LOOKS AT THE FUTURE

**[zcsazzurro.com](http://zcsazzurro.com)**



Zucchetti Centro Sistemi S.p.A.  
Green Innovation Division  
Palazzo dell'Innovazione - Via Lungarno, 167  
52028 Terranuova Bracciolini - Arezzo, Italy  
[zcscompany.com](http://zcscompany.com)

